

IBPS Clerk Pre 2025 Memory Based Paper 5-Oct-2025-1st shift

Directions (1-5): The table given below shows the number of kiwi and plums sold in three different months (April, May, June).

Months	Kiwi	Plum
April	120	118
May	112	177
June	354	95

Q1. Find the average number of kiwi sold in May and June.

- (a) 233
- (b) 221
- (c) 222
- (d) 111
- (e) 287

Q2. Find the ratio of kiwi sold in May to plum sold in June.

- (a) 1:3
- (b) 1:1
- (c) 2:1
- (d) 2:3
- (e) 2:7

Q3. If the difference between the number of kiwi and plum sold in April is $14\frac{1}{7}\%$ of the total number of fruits sold in April, find the number of kiwi sold in April.

- (a) 97
- (b) 79
- (c) 72
- (d) 71
- (e) 77

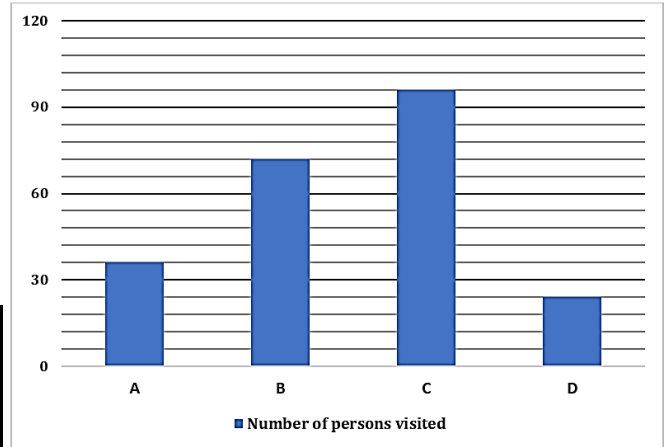
Q4. If the kiwi sold in June is 150% more than the kiwi sold in April, then find the ratio of kiwi and plum sold in June.

- (a) 233
- (b) 221
- (c) 235
- (d) 222
- (e) 287

Q5. Find the kiwi sold in June is what percentage of plum sold in April and May together.

- (a) 120
- (b) 100
- (c) 90
- (d) 95
- (e) 80

Directions (6-10): The bar graph shows the number of persons visited in four cities (i.e. A, B, C & D).



Q6. Find the ratio of persons visited in city B to the sum of persons visited in cities A, C & D.

- (a) 1:2
- (b) 1:3
- (c) 2:3
- (d) 6:11
- (e) 8:11

Q7. Find the ratio of persons visited in city C to the sum of persons visited in cities A, B & D.

- (a) 23:31
- (b) 31:23
- (c) 31:21
- (d) 21:31
- (e) 31:21

Q8. Find the ratio of persons visited in city B to the sum of persons visited in cities A, C & D.

- (a) 2:3
- (b) 3:2
- (c) 3:1
- (d) 1:3
- (e) 1:2

Q9. In city E, the number of people visited is sum of person visited A and D. Find the number of persons visited E.

- (a) 60
- (b) 70
- (c) 50
- (d) 55
- (e) 80

Q10. Person visited D is what percentage of person visited in B.

- (a) 66.66
- (b) 33.33
- (c) 31
- (d) 61
- (e) 25

Directions (11-22): What will come in the place of question (?) mark in the following question.

Q11. 48% of 250 + 45% of 600 = ?

- (a) 390
- (b) 350
- (c) 300
- (d) 325
- (e) 375

Q12. ? $\times$ (12+1)

- (a) 5.5
- (b) 6.5
- (c) 4.5
- (d) 5
- (e) 7.5

Q13. $\sqrt{?} + 15 \times 18 = 3600 \div 12$

- (a) 900
- (b) 950
- (c) 850
- (d) 800
- (e) 750

Q14. $4.8 \times 5 + 8$

- (a) 40
- (b) 20
- (c) 30
- (d) 50
- (e) 60

Q15. $\frac{45}{7} \times \frac{350}{9} = 10 \times ?$

- (a) 5
- (b) 8
- (c) 10
- (d) 15
- (e) 11

Q16. $2691 \div 13 + 9 + 10^2 + 3^3 = ?^3$

- (a) 4
- (b) 11
- (c) 6
- (d) 15
- (e) 7

Q17. $2\sqrt{75} \times 2\sqrt{300} = ?$

- (a) $100\sqrt{3}$
- (b) 120
- (c) $75\sqrt{3}$
- (d) 500
- (e) 600

Q18. $(10)^2 + (24)^2 = 276 + ?^2$

- (a) 34
- (b) 6
- (c) 28
- (d) 12
- (e) 20

Q2

$$\frac{20\% \text{ of } 300 + 180}{?} = 30$$

- (a) 1
- (b) 4
- (c) 6
- (d) 8
- (e) 10

$$5600 \div 14 - ? = \frac{42}{6} \times 50$$

- (a) 1
- (b) 2
- (c) 3
- (d) 4
- (e) 5

- (c) 5
- (d) 7
- (e) 3

Q23. A man invested 3400 in simple interest at 12% p.a. for (x+1) years. If the interest received by him is $\frac{3}{5}$ th the amount invested, then find x.

- (a) 2
- (b) 4
- (c) 3
- (d) 5
- (e) 1

Q24. The upstream speed of a boat is 12 km/hr more than the speed of a stream. If the boat can cover 45 km downstream in 2.5 hours, then how much distance is covered by the boat upstream in 5 hours?

- (a) 70 km
- (b) 30 km
- (c) 25 km
- (d) 50 km
- (e) 44 km

Q25. The ratio of the present ages of A to B is 16:9, respectively. If the age of A eight years hence is twice the age of B two years hence, then find the present age of A (in years).

- (a) 14
- (b) 12
- (c) 18
- (d) 16
- (e) 20

Q26. The ratio of the investments of A and B is 3:5. If 70 liter of water is added to the mixture, the resultant mixture is in the ratio of 3:5.

- (a) 72
- (b) 68
- (c) 62
- (d) 58
- (e) 52

Q27. There are three positive integers A, B and C, and A is 8 more than B, B is 6 more than C, and the sum of A and B is 16, and the sum of B and C is 12. Find the ratio of A, B and C respectively.

- (a) 2:4:5
- (b) 6:4:7
- (c) 9:3:5
- (d) 5:4:9
- (e) 9:4:5

Q28. A, B, and C together can complete a work in 12 days. B and C together can complete the same work in 20 days. Find the time taken by A alone to complete the whole work (in days).

- (a) 30
- (b) 20
- (c) 25
- (d) 10
- (e) 15

Q29. A 300-meter-long train can cross a 190-meter-long platform in 14 seconds. If the speed of the train increased by 20%, then find the time (in seconds) taken by the train to cross a man with a speed of 10.8 km/hr in the opposite direction.

- (a) 12.5
- (b) 8.33
- (c) 6.67
- (d) 3.33
- (e) 16.67

Q30. Rs P was invested in compound interest at 20% p.a. for two years is Rs 10000. Find P.

Q31. The ratio of the investments of A and B is 3:5. If 70 liter of water is added to the mixture, the resultant mixture is in the ratio of 3:5. Find X.

- (a) 9000
- (b) 6000
- (c) 4000
- (d) 3000

Q32. Pipes A and B can fill a tank in 10 hours and 15 hours, respectively. Pipe C can empty the filled tank in 20 hours. If all three pipes are opened together, then in

- (d) 33/7
- (e) 60/7

Q33. A truck can cover 80 km in 5 hours. The speeds of the truck and a car are in the ratio of 2:5, respectively. Find the total distance covered by the car in 4 hours.

- (a) 160 km
- (b) 120 km
- (c) 130 km
- (d) 140 km
- (e) 150 km

Q34. The ratio of the weight of A to B is 1:2, and the weight of A to C is 2:3, respectively. If the average weight of A, B, and C is 18 kg, then find the weight of B (in kg).

- (a) 12
- (b) 18
- (c) 30
- (d) 24
- (e) 8

Q35. The perimeter of a rectangle is 92 cm, and the ratio of length to breadth of the rectangle is 14:9, respectively. If the side of a square is 2 cm more than the breadth of the rectangle, then find the perimeter of the square (in cm)

- (a) 74
- (b) 80
- (c) 50
- (d) 64
- (e) None of the

Directions (34-38)
answer the given questions.

Solo travel is often seen as a daunting task, yet the reality is that it can be a rewarding experience. For many, the idea of traveling alone is intimidating. However, once you start, you'll find that it's not as scary as it seems. Waking up with no one around can be a bit lonely, but it also gives you the chance to explore new cultures at your own pace. But it also comes with its own set of challenges. You're hesitant to face the unknown. One of the first things you'll notice is the fear of loneliness. It's a common concern, but it's not as big as you think. You're simply the discomfort of doing things alone. Surprisingly, you'll find that you're not alone in a public place. The thought of sitting in a restaurant without company is a common fear. But when you're alone, you're not. You're not watching, and you're not being watched. People self-communicate. You think, and this is where you find them from solo travel. However, those who embrace the benefits of solo travel find that it builds their resilience. It teaches you how to _____ for yourself, how to plan with precision, and how to handle unexpected situations with calm. With every solo trip, travelers gain more confidence in their decisions, and a stronger sense of independence.

Staying **safe** while traveling alone is, understandably, a top concern. This is where preparation becomes key. Carrying travel insurance, knowing emergency contacts, researching local customs, and keeping a close **watch** on surroundings are all essential parts of traveling alone responsibly. It's not about being paranoid, but about being prepared and aware. A solo traveler must learn to make smart choices that keep them safe while still allowing for exploration and adventure.

Moreover, solo travel allows deep personal reflection. Without distractions, many travelers find a sense of peace and clarity. They meet new people not because they have to, but because they genuinely want to. They engage in conversations, take risks, and often come back home changed in subtle but meaningful ways.

In the end, solo travel isn't for everyone, and that's okay. But for those who are willing to move past hesitation and face the journey alone, it becomes a transformative experience. It is not just about seeing new places—it is about seeing oneself with new eyes, built on the foundation of courage, planning, and conviction.

Q36. Which of the following best explains why many people hesitate to travel alone?

- (I) Solo travel is often seen as a daunting task, yet the reality is that it can be a rewarding experience.
- (II) Waking up with no one around can be a bit lonely, but it also gives you the chance to explore new cultures at your own pace.
- (III) But it also comes with its own set of challenges. You're hesitant to face the unknown.
- (IV) One of the first things you'll notice is the fear of loneliness. It's a common concern, but it's not as big as you think.
- (V) You're simply the discomfort of doing things alone.
- (VI) Surprisingly, you'll find that you're not alone in a public place.
- (VII) The thought of sitting in a restaurant without company is a common fear.
- (VIII) But when you're alone, you're not. You're not watching, and you're not being watched.
- (IX) People self-communicate.
- (X) You think, and this is where you find them from solo travel.
- (XI) However, those who embrace the benefits of solo travel find that it builds their resilience.
- (XII) It teaches you how to _____ for yourself, how to plan with precision, and how to handle unexpected situations with calm.
- (XIII) With every solo trip, travelers gain more confidence in their decisions, and a stronger sense of independence.
- (XIV) Staying **safe** while traveling alone is, understandably, a top concern.
- (XV) This is where preparation becomes key.
- (XVI) Carrying travel insurance, knowing emergency contacts, researching local customs, and keeping a close **watch** on surroundings are all essential parts of traveling alone responsibly.
- (XVII) It's not about being paranoid, but about being prepared and aware.
- (XVIII) A solo traveler must learn to make smart choices that keep them safe while still allowing for exploration and adventure.

Q39. Identify the statement that is incorrect according to the passage:

- (I) Solo travel always leads to social anxiety, even after repeated attempts.
- (II) Personal growth is one of the outcomes of overcoming solo travel fears.
- (III) Confidence and independence can be developed through solo travel.
- (a) Only (I)
- (b) Only (II)
- (c) Only (III)
- (d) Both (I) and (II)
- (e) Both (II) and (III)

Q40. Choose the synonym of the word “safe” based on its usage in the passage:

- (a) Secure
- (b) Adventurous
- (c) Isolated
- (d) Cautious
- (e) Restricted

Q41. Choose the antonym of the word “watch” as used in the passage:

- (a) Ignore
- (b) Observe
- (c) Monitor
- (d) Notice
- (e) Guard

Q42. Choose the word based on its usage in the passage:

- (a) Doubt
- (b) Hesitation
- (c) Certainty
- (d) Indifference
- (e) Anxiety

Q43. Choose the word that is closest in meaning to the word “watch” as used in the passage:

- (a) provide assistance
- (b) make decisions
- (c) watch out
- (d) prepare for
- (e) depend on

Q44. Why is it important for travelers in the passage to be cautious?

- (a) To reduce the risk of accidents while traveling.
- (b) To gain access to early accommodation in unfamiliar destinations.
- (c) To prepare for any emergency situation and ensure safety while traveling.
- (d) To track the progress of their travel and avoid any delays.
- (e) To avoid any potential health issues while traveling in foreign countries.

Directions (45-49): The following five sentences, labeled (A) to (E), are jumbled. Rearrange them to form a coherent and meaningful paragraph. Then answer the follow-up questions.

- A. This early opening time is rare, especially for a bookstore in a quiet town.
- B. A cozy bookstore near the riverbank surprises many by opening its doors at 5 AM.
- C. He believes inspiration often strikes in silence, and he wants the store to reflect that.
- D. The owner, a former writer himself, understands the unusual rhythm of the creative mind.
- E. As a result, the place has become a quiet haven for early-rising poets and novelists.

Q45. Which of the following is the FIRST sentence after rearrangement?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Q46. Which of the following is the SECOND sentence after rearrangement?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D

Q47. Which of the following is the THIRD sentence after rearrangement?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Q48. Which of the following is the FOURTH sentence after rearrangement?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D

Q49. Which of the following is the FIFTH sentence after rearrangement?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C

Directions (50-53): For the following question, a sentence is provided with few highlighted words that may be incorrectly positioned. Choose the correct sequence to rearrange these words, ensuring the sentence is both grammatically and contextually correct.

Q50. She spent the **favourite (A)** afternoon reading her **entire (B)** novel while **sipping (C)** hot coffee on the balcony.

- (a) ACB
- (b) BAC
- (c) CAB
- (d) CBA
- (e) No rearrangement required

Q51. The teacher gave a simple example of the topic **ensuring**

- (a) ACB
- (b) BAC
- (c) BCA
- (d) CBA
- (e) No rearrangement required

Q52. The **cre** sense of confusion was numerous questions.

- (a) ACB
- (b) BAC
- (c) CAB
- (d) CBA
- (e) No rearrangement required

Q53. The travel agency offered an attractive discount on international travel packages to encourage **(B)** more people to **encourage (C)** it.

- (a) ACB
- (b) BAC
- (c) CAB
- (d) CBA
- (e) No rearrangement required

Directions (54-58): In the following sentence, a word is missing and replaced by a blank. Choose the best word from the given options that can fit into the sentence without altering the intended meaning.

Q54. Water _____ in drought-hit areas has pushed governments to invest in desalination and recycling solutions.

- (a) calamity
- (b) charity
- (c) atrocity
- (d) scarcity
- (e) bolster

Q55. She accepted the new role with great _____, eager to contribute fresh ideas and take on new challenges.

- (a) negligence
- (b) apathy
- (c) racism
- (d) enthusiasm
- (e) exciting

Q56. Many people _____ success comes quickly, but it often requires years of persistence, learning, and failure.

- (a) admired
- (b) assume

Q57. The teacher's explanation was _____, making it difficult for students to understand the concept.

- (a) clarity
- (b) confusion
- (c) simplicity
- (d) complexity
- (e) ambiguity

Q58. The event was _____, with many people attending.

- (a) confusion
- (b) clarity
- (c) simplicity
- (d) complexity
- (e) ambiguity

Q59. The judge ruled that the footage obtained from the drone **was not being admissible** in court due to privacy violations.

- (a) was not been admissible
- (b) was not admissible
- (c) were not being admissible
- (d) has not being admissible
- (e) No improvement required

Q60. The judge ruled that the footage obtained from the drone **was not being admissible** in court due to privacy violations.

- (a) was not been admissible
- (b) was not admissible
- (c) were not being admissible
- (d) has not being admissible
- (e) No improvement required

Directions (61-63): Read the sentence to find out whether there is any grammatical or idiomatic error in it. The error, if any, will be in one part of the sentence. The corresponding letter of that part is the answer. If the given sentence is correct as it is, then choose option 'No error' as the answer response. (Ignore errors of punctuation, if any).

Q61. The startup founder (A)/ was confident that his idea (B)/ was more superior (C)/ than any other on the market. (D)

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) No error

Q62. Neither was aware of

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) No error

Q63. The cry manipulating

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) No error

Q64. In the question below, four sentences are given in which only one is correct. Choose the correct statement as the answer choice. If all the statements contain errors, then choose option "All are incorrect" as the answer choice.

- (a) The tourists were exciting to see the Northern Lights for the first time.
- (b) The journalist wrote an article on how misinformation affect public opinion.
- (c) The government's new guidelines aims to promote road safety.
- (d) The rescue team was able to save everyone trapped in the collapsed tunnel.
- (e) All are incorrect

Q65. In the question below, four sentences are given in which only one is correct. Choose the correct statement as the answer choice. If all the statements contain errors, then choose option "All are incorrect" as the answer choice.

- (a) Despite of the warnings, several people entered the restricted zone.
- (b) The new museum exhibit displays fossils that date back millions of years.
- (c) Every student in the class were given a participation certificate.
- (d) The volunteers distribute food packages to the flood victims yesterday.

Q66. Who is sitting to the left of E?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) None

Q67. How many persons are sitting between A and C when

- (a) A and B are sitting opposite to each other
- (b) B and C are sitting opposite to each other
- (c) C and D are sitting opposite to each other
- (d) D and E are sitting opposite to each other
- (e) None

Q68. Which of the following statements is/are true?
I. F and H are immediate neighbours
II. E sits opposite to G
III. C faces outside

- (a) Only I
- (b) Only I and II
- (c) Only II and III
- (d) Only II
- (e) Only III

Q69. Four of the following five are alike in a certain way and thus form a group.

Find the one who does not belong to the group.

- (a) B
- (b) C
- (c) H
- (d) D
- (e) A

Q70. What is the position of G with respect to H?

- (a) Third to the left
- (b) Second to the left
- (c) Immediate left
- (d) Third to the right
- (e) Immediate right

Q71. In the following arrangement of letters, how many letters have the same position as in the word 'forward' and backward?

- (a) None
- (b) Two
- (c) One
- (d) Three
- (e) More than three

Q72. In the question below, some statements are given followed by two conclusions numbered I and II. You have to take the given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance with commonly known facts. Read all the conclusions and then decide which of the given conclusions *logically follows* from the given statements, disregarding commonly known facts. Give answer-

Statements:

Only a few stars are comet

Some comet is not moon

Some moon is satellite

Conclusions:

I. Some satellite is not comet

II. All stars being moon is a possibility

- (a) If neither conclusion I nor II follows
- (b) If only conclusion II follows
- (c) If either conclusion I or II follows
- (d) If only conclusion I follows
- (e) If both conclusions I and II follow

Q73. In the question below, some statements are given followed by two conclusions numbered I and II. You have to take the given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance with commonly known facts. Read all the conclusions and then decide which of the given conclusions *logically follows* from the given statements, disregarding commonly known facts. Give answer-

Statements:

Only a few cup is bottle

All bottle is fork

No fork is plate

Conclusions:

I. Some cup is plate

II. Some bottle is plate

Directions (74-76): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below.

Six persons – J, K, L, M, N, and P – have different heights, but not necessarily in the same order.

K is taller than P but shorter than N. As many persons are taller than N as shorter than L. J is shorter than M. N is taller than J but not the tallest. P is shorter than L. K is shorter than J but taller than L.

Directions (75-77): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below.

Six persons – J, K, L, M, N, and P – have different heights, but not necessarily in the same order.

K is taller than P but shorter than N. As many persons are taller than N as shorter than L. J is shorter than M. N is taller than J but not the tallest. P is shorter than L. K is shorter than J but taller than L.

Directions (78-80): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below.

Six persons – J, K, L, M, N, and P – have different heights, but not necessarily in the same order.

K is taller than P but shorter than N. As many persons are taller than N as shorter than L. J is shorter than M. N is taller than J but not the tallest. P is shorter than L. K is shorter than J but taller than L.

Directions (81-83): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below.

Six persons – J, K, L, M, N, and P – have different heights, but not necessarily in the same order.

K is taller than P but shorter than N. As many persons are taller than N as shorter than L. J is shorter than M. N is taller than J but not the tallest. P is shorter than L. K is shorter than J but taller than L.

Directions (84-86): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below.

Six persons – J, K, L, M, N, and P – have different heights, but not necessarily in the same order.

K is taller than P but shorter than N. As many persons are taller than N as shorter than L. J is shorter than M. N is taller than J but not the tallest. P is shorter than L. K is shorter than J but taller than L.

Directions (87-89): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below.

Six persons – J, K, L, M, N, and P – have different heights, but not necessarily in the same order.

K is taller than P but shorter than N. As many persons are taller than N as shorter than L. J is shorter than M. N is taller than J but not the tallest. P is shorter than L. K is shorter than J but taller than L.

Q75. Who among the following is two persons taller than J?

- (a) No one
- (b) N
- (c) M
- (d) L
- (e) Can't be determined

Q76. How many persons are shorter than L?

- (a) One
- (b) Two
- (c) Three
- (d) Four
- (e) None

Q77. Who among the following is taller than J?

- (a) P
- (b) K
- (c) Can't be determined
- (d) J
- (e) L

Q78. Find the missing number in the series.

- (a) GKI
- (b) PTS
- (c) NRP
- (d) TXV
- (e) LPN

Directions (75-80): Study the following series and answer the questions given below:

D 3 P M 9 A 2 5 C K 6 * 7 ^ \$ L

Q79. Which element from the series is immediately preceded by a symbol?

- (a) G
- (b) \$
- (c) K
- (d) 1
- (e) L

Q80. If all the odd digits are removed from the series, which element will be fourteenth from the left end?

- (a) T
- (b) *
- (c) 6
- (d) C
- (e) K

Q81. How many symbols are between fifth letter from the left end and fourth digit from the right end?

- (a) None
- (b) One
- (c) Two
- (d) Three
- (e) Four

Q82. How many such letters are in the series which are immediately preceded by an even digit and immediately followed by a symbol?

- (a) One

Directions (81-85):

Study the following information and answer the questions given below:
Eight persons A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H live on different floors of an eight-floor building where floors are numbered as 1 to 8 from bottom to top respectively. D lives on floor 1. C lives on floor 2. E lives on floor 3. F lives on floor 4. G lives on floor 5. H lives on floor 6. A lives on floor 7.

- (b) 2
- (c) 7
- (d) 3
- (e) 6

Q85. Who among the following lives on floor 6?

- (a) B
- (b) D
- (c) F
- (d) H
- (e) C

Q86. How many persons live below H?

- (a) Four
- (b) Two
- (c) Five
- (d) Seven
- (e) Six

Q87. Four of the following five are similar in a certain manner and belong to a group, which among the following is not related to the group?

- (a) FD
- (b) HC
- (c) BA
- (d) EG
- (e) DG

Q88. Which of the following is correct?

- I. Two persons live above H
- II. A lives on 2nd floor
- III. One person lives below G
- (a) Only II
- (b) Only I and III
- (c) Only III
- (d) Only I
- (e) Only I and III

Directions (Q89-Q90): Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions.

In a certain code language:

'data strong file' is written as 'ra mi lo i'
'internet access' is written as 'no pa ra tu'
'digital backup' is written as 'xu tu lo a'
'digital internet' is written as 'mi pa xu'

Q89. What is the code for 'pa'?

- (a) ra
- (b) mi
- (c) lo
- (d) no
- (e) pa

Q90. Which of the following word is coded as 'sa'?

- (a) File
- (b) Digital
- (c) Backup
- (d) Code
- (e) Internet

Q91. What may be the code for 'digital access'?

- (a) sa pa
- (b) xu pa
- (c) mi xu
- (d) ra sa
- (e) no pa

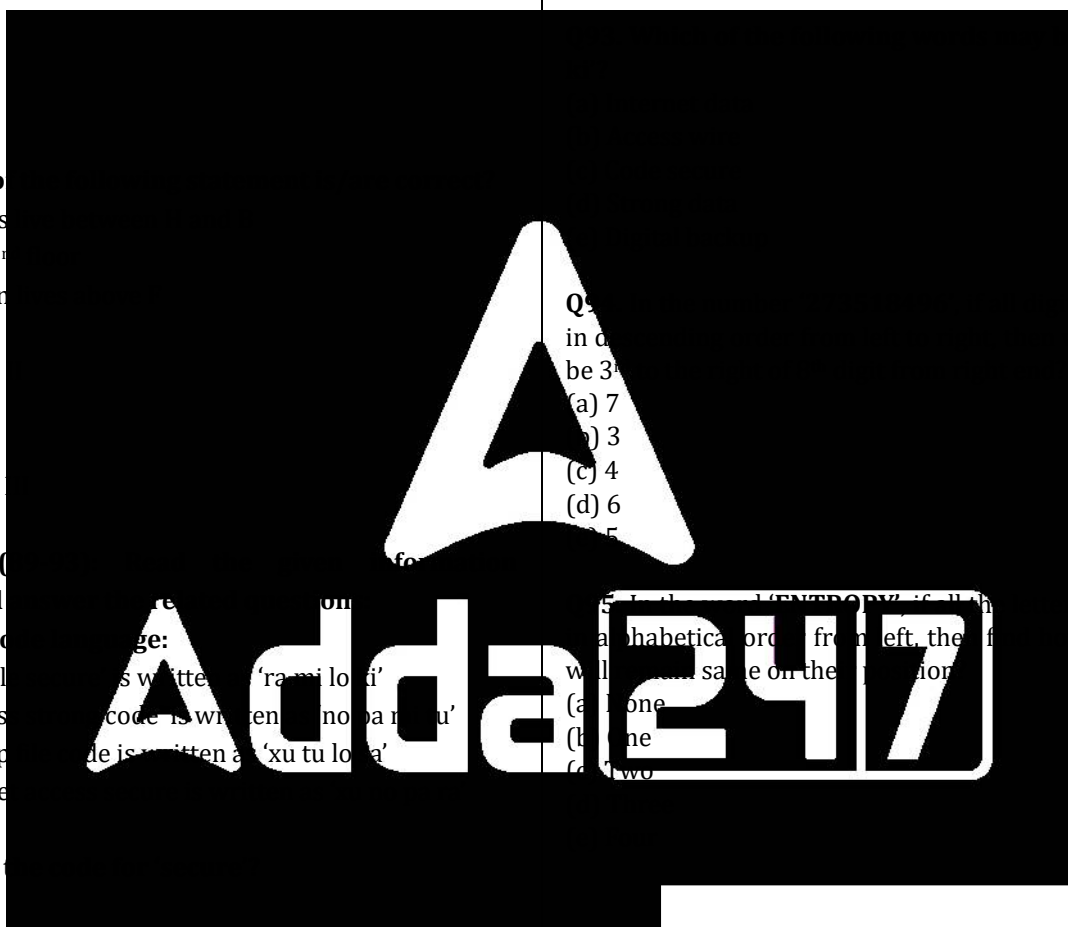
Q92. What will be the code for 'strong signal'?

- (a) no mi
- (b) he cm
- (c) mi cm
- (d) tu sa
- (e) mi lo

is coded as 'no

are arranged
which digit will

are arranged
how many letters



Directions (96-100): Read the given information carefully and answer the related questions:

Eight persons P, Q, R, S, T, U, V and W work on different designations in a company, but not in same order as given. The designations are manager, assistant manager, supervisor, team lead, coordinator, officer, executive, clerk (given in decreasing order of seniority from manager to clerk respectively).

P is senior to team lead. Two designations are in between P and Q. R is immediately junior to Q. Number of persons senior to R is same as the number of persons junior to T. V is four persons senior to W who is not clerk. S is senior to R.

Q96. How many

- (a) Three
- (b) One
- (c) Two
- (d) Four
- (e) Five

Q97. Who is the manager?

- (a) W
- (b) S

- (c) P
- (d) V
- (e) T

Q98. What is the designation of S?

- (a) Assistant manager
- (b) Officer
- (c) Team lead
- (d) Supervisor
- (e) Coordinator

Q99. Which of the following combination is correct?

- (a) Assistant Manager - V

Solutions

S1. Ans.(a)

Sol.

$$\text{Required answer} = \frac{112+354}{2} = 233$$

S2. Ans.(d)

Sol.

Required answer =

S3. Ans.(b)

Sol.

$$\text{Required answer} = 95 - 14\frac{1}{7}\% \text{ of } 112 = 95 - 16 = 79$$

S4. Ans.(c)

Sol.

$$\text{Required answer} = 112 \times 10 - 177 \times 5 = 1120 - 885 = 235$$

S5. Ans.(a)

Sol.

$$\text{Required answer} = \frac{354}{118+177} \times 100 = 120\%$$

S6. Ans.(a)

Sol.

$$\text{Required answer} = \frac{36+96+24}{3} = 52$$

S7. Ans.(d)

Sol. Required

$$6:28 = 3:14$$

$$48 - 24 = 24$$

$$\text{Sol. Required answer} = 36 + 24 = 60$$

S10. Ans.(b)

Sol.

$$\text{Required answer} = \frac{24}{72} \times 100 = 33.33\%$$

S11. Ans.(a)

Sol.

$$\frac{48}{100} \times 250 + \frac{45}{100} \times 600 = ?$$

$$120 + 270 = ?$$

$$390 = ?$$

S12. Ans.(e)

Sol.

$$? \times \left(12 + \frac{10}{100} \times 60\right) = 135$$

$$? \times 18 = 135$$

$$? = 7.5$$

S13. Ans.(a)

Sol.

$$\sqrt{?} = 300 - 270$$

$$\sqrt{?} = 30$$

$$? = 900$$

S14. Ans.(c)

Sol.

$$? = 24 + 6$$

$$? = 30$$

S15. Ans.(e)

Sol.

$$\frac{45}{7} \times \frac{350}{9} = 10 \times ?^2$$

$$5 \times 50 = 10 \times ?^2$$

$$? = 5$$

S16. Ans.(e)

Sol.

$$\frac{2691}{13} + 9 + 100 + 27 = ?^3$$

$$343 = ?^3$$

$$7 = ?$$

S17. Ans.(e)

Sol.

$$4 \times 5\sqrt{3} \times 10\sqrt{3} = ?$$

$$? = 600$$

S18. Ans.(e)

Sol.

$$100 + 576 = 276 + ?^2$$

$$? = 20$$

S19. Ans.(e)

Sol.

$$\frac{25}{100} \times (? + 360) = 150$$

$$? + 360 = 600$$

$$? = 240$$

S20. Ans.(d)

Sol.

$$\frac{\frac{20}{100} \times 300 + 180}{?} = 30$$

$$\frac{240}{?} = 30$$

$$? = 8$$

S21. Ans.(d)

Sol.

$$\frac{5600}{14} - ? = \frac{42}{6} \times 50$$

$$? = 400 - 350$$

$$? = 50$$

$$2^4 \times 2^? = 2^5 \times 2^6$$

$$2^? = 2^{5+6-4}$$

$$? = 7$$

S23.

Sol.

ATQ,

$$3400 \times \frac{3}{5} = 3400 \times \frac{12}{100} \times (x + 1)$$

$$\frac{3}{5} = \frac{12}{100} \times (x + 1)$$

$$5 = x + 1$$

$$x = 4$$

S24. Ans.(a)

Sol. Let the speed of boat in still water = x km/hr and speed of stream = y km/hr

$$X = 12 + 2Y \dots (I)$$

And

$$\frac{45}{X + Y} = 2.5$$

$$18 = X + Y$$

$$18 = 12 + 2Y + Y \quad (\text{From I})$$

$$6 = 3Y$$

$$2 = Y$$

$$X = 12 + 2(2)$$

$$X = 16$$

$$\text{Required distance} = 5 \times (16 - 2) = 70 \text{ km}$$

S25. Ans.(c)

Sol. Let the present ages of A and B be $16a$ and $9a$ respectively

ATQ,

$$\frac{16a + 8}{9a + 2} = \frac{2}{1}$$

$$16a + 8 = 18a + 4$$

$$4 = 2a$$

$$a = 2$$

The present age of B = $9a = 18$ years

S26. Ans.(c)

Sol.

$$\text{Quantity of milk} = 208 \times \frac{3}{8} = 78 \text{ liters}$$

$$\text{Quantity of water} = 208 - 78 = 130 \text{ liters}$$

ATQ,

$$\frac{78 + X}{130 + 70} = \frac{7}{10}$$

$$78 + X = 140$$

$$X = 62$$

S27. Ans.(e)

Sol.

Let C be c

$$A = c + 8$$

$$B = c - 2$$

ATQ,

$$c + 8 + c - 2 = 26$$

$$2c = 26 - 6$$

$$2c = 20$$

$$c = 10$$

$$\text{So, } A = c + 8 = 18$$

$$B = c - 2 = 8$$

$$C = 10$$

$$\text{Required ratio} = 18 : 8 : 10$$

$$= 9 : 4 : 5$$

S28. Ans.(a)

Sol. Let the total work be 60 units

Efficiency of A = 5 units/day

Efficiency of B = 3 units/day

$$\text{Efficiency of A} = 5 - 3 = 2 \text{ units/day}$$

$$\text{Required time} = 60/2 = 30 \text{ days}$$

S29. Ans.(c)

Sol.

$$\text{Speed of train} = \frac{300 + 190}{14}$$

$$= 35 \text{ m/sec}$$

$$\text{Speed of the man} = 10.8 \times \frac{5}{18} = 3 \text{ m/sec}$$

$$\text{New speed of train} = 35 \times \frac{120}{100} = 42 \text{ m/sec}$$

$$\text{Required time} = \frac{300}{42 + 3} = 6.67 \text{ seconds}$$

S30. Ans.(c)

Sol.

$$\text{Cumulative compound interest} = \left(20 + 20 + \frac{20 \times 20}{100} \right) \% = 44\%$$

ATQ,

$$P \times \frac{144}{100} = 8064$$

$$P = 5600$$

S31. Ans.(d)

Sol. The profit-sharing ratio of A, B and C = 4000×12

$$: 6000 \times 12 : X \times 12$$

$$= 4000 : 6000 : X$$

$$\frac{6000}{4000 + 6000 + X} = \frac{2400}{7200}$$

$$\frac{6000}{10000 + X} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$18000 = 10000 + X$$

$$8000 = X$$

S32. Ans.(b)

Sol.

Let the work be 60 units

Efficiency of A = 5 units/day

Efficiency of B = 3 units/day

Efficiency of C = 2 units/day

Efficiency of D = 1 unit/day

$$\text{Required time} = \frac{60}{5 + 3 + 2 + 1} = \frac{60}{11} \text{ hours}$$

S33. Ans.(a)

Sol.

$$\text{The speed of the truck} = \frac{80}{5} = 16 \text{ km/hr}$$

$$\text{The speed of the car} = 16 \times \frac{5}{2} = 40 \text{ km/hr}$$

$$\text{Required distance} = 40 \times 4 = 160 \text{ km}$$

S34. Ans.(d)

Sol.

Let the weight of A and B be X and 2X kg

The weight of C = $X \times \frac{3}{2} = 1.5X$ kg

ATQ,

$$X + 2X + 1.5X = 18 \times 3$$

$$4.5X = 54$$

$$X = 12$$

The weight of B = $2X = 24$ kg

S35. Ans.(b)

Sol. Let the length and breadth of the rectangle be 14a and 9a respectively.

$$2(14a+9a)=92$$

$$23a = 46$$

$$a = 2$$

Breadth of the

Side of the square

Required perim

S36. Ans.(c)

Sol. The passage

due to fears of

discomfort with

others' watchful

other options a

Relevant part

"People often f

discomfort of

fear is eating a

in a restaurant

makes many p

others might t

discourage the

Option Analysis

(a) They are u

manage expen

– The passage

reasons for he

(b) They are u

travelers durin

– The passage

is incorrect.

(c) They fear social judgment and discomfort from performing solo activities in public.

– This matches the idea of people feeling self-conscious about eating alone and worrying about others' opinions. This is correct.

(d) They do not trust travel blogs or movies that romanticize solo travel experiences.

– The passage mentions romanticization but not distrust as a reason for hesitation. This is incorrect.

(e) They believe that solo travel requires expert-level navigation and survival skills.

– The passage focuses on hesitation due to discomfort and fear, not expert-level skills. This is incorrect.

S37. Ans.(d)

Sol. The passage highlights how solo travel promotes personal reflection, peace, and clarity. Option (d) reflects this. The rest contradict the core message or are **unsupported** by the text.

Relevant part of the passage:

"Moreover, solo travel allows deep personal reflection. Without distractions, many travelers find a sense of peace and clarity. They meet new people not because they have to, but because they genuinely want to. They engage in conversations, take risks, and often come back home changed in subtle but meaningful ways."

Option Analysis

(a) It leaves people emotionally drained due to constant

travel leaves

peace, clarity, and

ndent on their

on routines.

ingful social

because they

ul interactions,

rowth through

deep personal

ne back home

is correct.

one should be

will be willing to try.

el insurance,

ndings, and

tion avoiding

crowded tourist spots. Hence, (e) is correct.

Relevant part of the passage:

"Staying safe while traveling alone is, understandably, a top concern. This is where preparation becomes key. **Carrying travel insurance, knowing emergency contacts, researching local customs, and keeping a close watch on surroundings** are all essential parts of traveling alone responsibly."

Option Analysis

(a) Buying travel insurance.

– Mentioned as "carrying travel insurance." This is included.

(b) Keeping emergency contacts handy.

– Mentioned as "knowing emergency contacts." This is included.

- (c) Avoiding crowded tourist spots.
– The passage does not mention avoiding crowded places as a safety measure. This is not included.
- (d) Being aware of local customs.
– Mentioned as “researching local customs.” This is included.
- (e) Watching surroundings attentively.
– Mentioned as “keeping a close watch on surroundings.” This is included.

S39. Ans.(a)

Sol. Statement (I) is incorrect — the passage states that social anxiety is a fear **before** starting, but **resilience grows** with experience. Statements (II) and (III) are true and supported by the passage.

Relevant part of the passage

1. “People of many cultures have a natural tendency to feel the discomfort of traveling alone, but some people sometimes embrace the challenge and go on solo trips altogether.”
2. “However, it is important to note that the benefits of solo travel are not limited to those who are already resilient. It takes time to build resilience, and it is often through solo travel that people learn to plan with confidence in unfamiliar situations with limited resources. As a result, they gain more confidence and a stronger sense of independence.”
3. “Moreover, solo travel can be a transformative experience... they often come back with a more subtle but meaningful understanding of themselves and the world.”

Statement Analysis

- (I) Solo travel is a sign of social anxiety. In the passage, it is mentioned that some people feel discomfort, but it is not stated that this is a sign of social anxiety. This is incorrect.
- This is incorrect. The passage says initial hesitation is common, but it also says that confidence will grow personally. It does not say social anxiety always remains.
- (II) Personal growth is a common outcome of solo travel. This is correct.
- This is correct. The passage explicitly mentions “travelers gain more confidence... and a stronger sense of independence.”
- (III) Confidence is built through solo travel. This is correct.
- This is correct. The passage explicitly mentions “travelers gain more confidence... and a stronger sense of independence.”

S40. Ans.(a)

Sol. In the passage, “safe” refers to being **free from danger or harm**, especially while traveling alone. The closest synonym to this meaning is “**secure**”. The other options do not match the contextual meaning — for example, “adventurous” is nearly the opposite in tone, while “isolated,” “cautious,” and “restricted” convey different ideas.

Meaning:

(a) Secure

English meaning: Protected from danger or risk; free from harm

Hindi meaning: सुरक्षित

Example: She felt secure walking through the well-lit streets at night.

This matches the meaning of “safe” in the passage. This is correct.

(b) Adventurous

English meaning: Willing to take risks or try new experiences

Hindi meaning: साहसिक / रोमांचक

Example: He was adventurous and loved exploring new places.

This does not match the meaning of “safe” in the passage. This is incorrect.

(c) Isolated

English meaning: Separated from others; alone

Hindi meaning: अलग / बंदा

Example: He felt isolated in the middle of the vast desert.

This does not match the meaning of “safe” in the passage. This is incorrect.

(d) Cautious

English meaning: Careful; watchful

Hindi meaning: सावधान

Example: He was cautious about the busy street.

This does not match the meaning of “safe” in the passage. This is incorrect.

(e) Restricted

English meaning: Limited or controlled

Hindi meaning: सीमित / नियंत्रित

Example: Access to the restricted area was denied.

This does not match the meaning of “safe” in the passage. This is incorrect.

Sol. In the passage, “watch” means to **observe carefully or stay alert**. The opposite of that is “**ignore**”, which means to **pay no attention**. The other options are all synonyms or related to being alert.

Meaning:

(a) Ignore

English meaning: To pay no attention to something; to overlook deliberately or unintentionally

Hindi meaning: अनदेखा करना

Example: He ignored the warning signs and entered the restricted area.

This is the opposite of “watch,” as it means not paying attention. This is correct.

(b) Observe

English meaning: To notice or watch carefully

Hindi meaning: निरीक्षण करना / ध्यान देना

Example: She observed the details of the painting closely.

This is similar to "watch," not opposite. This is incorrect.

(c) Monitor

English meaning: To watch, check, or keep track of carefully over a period of time

Hindi meaning: निगरानी रखना

Example: The nurse monitored the patient's condition overnight.

This is similar in meaning to "watch." This is incorrect.

(d) Notice

English meaning: To observe or become aware of

Hindi meaning: ध्यान देना / देखना

Example: He noticed the engine.

This is also close in meaning to "watch."

(e) Guard

English meaning: To protect or defend

Hindi meaning: रक्षित करना

Example: Security guards guard the building.

This is not the same as "watch."

This is not the same as "watch."

protect. This is incorrect.

S42. Ans.(c)

Sol.

In the passage,

strong confidence

word "**certain**"

options — such as

opposites or

confidence.

Meaning:

(a) Doubt

English meaning:

conviction

Hindi meaning:

Example: He had serious doubts about the plan's success.

This is the opposite of conviction. This is incorrect.

(b) Hesitation

English meaning: The act of pausing or being uncertain

Hindi meaning: झिझक

Example: Her hesitation before answering revealed her uncertainty.

This is also opposite in sense. This is incorrect.

(c) Certainty

English meaning: A firm belief that something is true; confidence

Hindi meaning: निश्चितता / दृढ़ विश्वास

Example: She spoke with certainty about her decision to move abroad.

This matches the meaning of conviction in the passage. This is correct.

(d) Indifference

English meaning: Lack of interest, concern, or sympathy

Hindi meaning: उदासीनता

Example: His indifference to the situation surprised everyone.

This does not match the meaning of conviction. This is incorrect.

(e) Anxiety

English meaning: A feeling of worry or unease about

Example: She spoke with certainty about her decision to move abroad.

This matches the meaning of conviction in the passage. This is correct.

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Example: His indifference to the situation surprised everyone.

This does not match the meaning of conviction. This is incorrect.

(e) Anxiety

English meaning: A feeling of worry or unease about

Example: She spoke with certainty about her decision to move abroad.

This matches the meaning of conviction in the passage. This is correct.

(b) To gain access to luxury accommodations in unfamiliar destinations.

– This is not mentioned at all. This is incorrect.

(c) To prepare for unplanned situations and ensure safety while traveling alone.

– This matches the line about preparation and responsible travel. This is correct.

(d) To track the location of other travelers during group excursions.

– The passage focuses on solo travel, not group excursions. This is incorrect.

(e) To avoid having to interact with local authorities in a foreign country.

– This is not stated in the passage. This is incorrect.

S45. Ans.(b)

Sol. The correct answer is (b).

Explanation of the Sequence

1. (B) opens

subject —
intrigue.

2. "A cozy bookstore near the riverbank surprises many by opening its doors at 5 AM."

3. (A) follows naturally, commenting on how unusual this early timing is.

4. "This early opening time is rare, especially for a bookstore in a quiet town."

5. (D) provides insight into the person behind this peculiarity — the owner, a former writer.

6. "The owner, a former writer himself, understands the unusual rhythm of the creative mind."

7. (C) explains the owner's reasoning and philosophy behind the early opening.

8. "He believes inspiration often strikes in silence, and he wants the store to reflect that."

9. (E) concludes the paragraph by describing the impact — how the bookstore has become a haven for early-rising writers.

10. "As a result, the place has become a quiet haven for early-rising poets and novelists."

5. (D) provides insight into the person behind this peculiarity — the owner, a former writer.

6. "The owner, a former writer himself, understands the unusual rhythm of the creative mind."

7. (C) explains the owner's reasoning and philosophy behind the early opening.

8. "He believes inspiration often strikes in silence, and he wants the store to reflect that."

9. (E) concludes the paragraph by describing the impact — how the bookstore has become a haven for early-rising writers.

10. "As a result, the place has become a quiet haven for early-rising poets and novelists."

S46. Ans.(a)

Sol. The correct sequence is: B - A - D - C - E

Explanation of the Sequence

1. (B) opens the paragraph by introducing the central subject — a cozy bookstore that opens at 5 AM, creating intrigue.

2. "A cozy bookstore near the riverbank surprises many by opening its doors at 5 AM."

3. (A) follows naturally, commenting on how unusual this early timing is.

4. "This early opening time is rare, especially for a bookstore in a quiet town."

S48. Ans.(c)

Sol. The correct sequence is: B - A - D - C - E

Explanation of the Sequence

1. (B) opens the paragraph by introducing the central subject — a cozy bookstore that opens at 5 AM, creating intrigue.

2. "A cozy bookstore near the riverbank surprises many by opening its doors at 5 AM."

3. (A) follows naturally, commenting on how unusual this early timing is.

4. "This early opening time is rare, especially for a bookstore in a quiet town."

5. **(D)** provides insight into the person behind this peculiarity — the owner, a former writer.
6. *"The owner, a former writer himself, understands the unusual rhythm of the creative mind."*
7. **(C)** explains the owner's reasoning and philosophy behind the early opening.
8. *"He believes inspiration often strikes in silence, and he wants the store to reflect that."*
9. **(E)** concludes the paragraph by describing the impact — how the bookstore has become a haven for early-rising writers.
10. *"As a result, the place has become a quiet haven for early-rising poets and novelists."*

Position of (C) remains the same → "while **sipping** hot coffee"

Correct sentence:

She spent the **entire (B)** afternoon reading her **favourite (A)** novel while **sipping (C)** hot coffee on the balcony.

S51. Ans.(c)

Sol. Correct order: B → C → A

Step 1: Understand the intended meaning

The correct sentence should convey:

"The teacher explained the concept **using simple examples, ensuring that every student understood the topic thoroughly.**"

S49. Ans.(e)

Sol. The correct order is BACDE.

Explanation:

1. **(B)** opens the paragraph by introducing the subject — the bookstore — and its unique feature, its early opening.
2. *"A cozy bookstore opened its doors early in the morning."*
3. **(A)** follows, providing context about the early timing of the opening.
4. *"This early opening is a result of the owner's belief that inspiration often strikes in silence, and he wants the store to reflect that."*
5. **(D)** provides insight into the person behind this peculiarity — the owner, a former writer.
6. *"The owner, a former writer himself, understands the unusual rhythm of the creative mind."*
7. **(C)** explains the owner's reasoning and philosophy behind the early opening.
8. *"He believes inspiration often strikes in silence, and he wants the store to reflect that."*
9. **(E)** concludes the paragraph by describing the impact — how the bookstore has become a haven for early-rising writers.
10. *"As a result, the place has become a quiet haven for early-rising poets and novelists."*

the concept" → "The teacher explained the concept **using simple examples, ensuring that every student understood the topic thoroughly.**"

Correct sentence:

She spent the **entire (B)** afternoon reading her **favourite (A)** novel while **sipping (C)** hot coffee on the balcony.

Position of (C) remains the same → "while **sipping** hot coffee"

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Correct sentence:

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Position of (C) remains the same → "while **sipping** hot coffee"

Correct sentence:

S50. Ans.(b)

Sol. Correct order: B A C.

Step 1: Identify incorrect positions

"favourite afternoon" sounds unnatural; it should be "**entire afternoon**" to show duration.

"reading her entire novel" is correct because '**entire**' modifies 'novel.'

"sipping hot coffee" is also correct.

Step 2: Replace correctly

Position of (A) → should be **B (entire)** → "She spent the **entire afternoon**"

Position of (B) → should be **A (favourite)** → "reading her **favourite novel**"

leading (C) to numerous questions and speculations.

S53. Ans.(a)

Sol. Correct order: ACB

Step 1: Identify incorrect positions

- "to explore more people" is incorrect — people don't get explored; they **explore cultures**.

- The correct structure should be:

- "The travel agency **offered** attractive discounts on international tour packages to **encourage more people to explore different cultures.**"

Step 2: Rearrange correctly

- **A (offered)** should come first after the subject.

- **C (to encourage)** should follow to indicate purpose.
 - **B (to explore)** should come last to complete the idea.
- Correct sentence: The travel agency **offered (A)** attractive discounts on international tour packages to **encourage (C)** more people to **explore (B)** different cultures.

S54. Ans.(d)

Sol. The correct answer is **(d) scarcity**.

Explanation:

Correct Sentence:

Water **scarcity** in drought-hit areas has pushed governments to invest in desalination and recycling solutions.

Meanings of the Options:

1. **Calamity**

○ **English:**

distress; a

○ **Example:**

affected the

○ **Why incorrect:**

water, not

2. **Charity**

○ **English:**

form of mo

○ **Example:**

children's

○ **Why incorrect:**

water shor

3. **Atrocity**

○ **English:**

against civi

○ **Why incorrect:**

not acts of

4. **Scarcity**

○ **English:**

○ **Example:**

widesprea

○ **Why correct:**

water.

5. **Bolster**

○ **English:**

To support or strengthen something.

○ **Example:**

bolster the economy.

○ **Why incorrect:**

Grammatically and contextually, it doesn't fit the structure.

Correct Answer: (d) scarcity

Meaning: Shortage or lack of something (कमी या अभाव)

S55. Ans.(d)

Sol. The correct answer is **(d) enthusiasm**.

Correct Sentence:

She accepted the new role with great **enthusiasm**, eager to contribute fresh ideas and take on new challenges.

Meanings of the Options:

1. **Negligence** (लापरवाही / असावधानी)

○ **English:** Failure to take proper care in doing something.

○ **Example:** The accident happened due to the driver's *negligence*.

○ **Why incorrect:** The sentence talks about eagerness and positivity, not carelessness.

2. **Apathy** (उदासीनता / निरपेक्षता)

○ **English:** Lack of interest, enthusiasm, or concern.

○ **Example:** His *apathy* toward his work worried his manager.

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ve.

Correct Sentence:

Many people **assume** success comes quickly, but it often requires years of persistence, learning, and failure.

Meanings of the Options:

1. **Admired** (प्रशंसा किया / सराहा)

○ **English:** To regard someone or something with respect or approval.

○ **Example:** She *admired* her teacher for her patience.

○ **Why incorrect:** The sentence is about belief or assumption, not appreciation.

2. **Assume** (मान लेना / कल्पना करना)

○ **English:** To suppose something to be true without proof.

- 20

Correct sentence:

Neither the influencer nor her followers **were** aware of the fake sponsorship deal.

Grammar Rule:

When “**neither... nor**” joins two subjects, the **verb agrees with the subject nearest to it.**

Examples:

- Neither the teacher nor the **students were** prepared for the test.
- Neither the players nor the **coach was** satisfied with the result.

Hence,

Error → “was”

Correction →

S63. Ans.(b)

Sol. The correct

Explanation:

The error is in

after the verb

The correct pr

Correct usage

- **Accused** of

someone is cha

Correct sente

The crypto in

using fake new

Grammar Rule

After “**accuse,**

You can remem

“Someone is ac

Examples:

- He was **ac**
- The comp

Hence,

Error → “accu

Correction →

S64. Ans.(d)

Sol. The correct answer is **(d)** — “*The rescue team was able to save everyone trapped in the collapsed tunnel.*”

Explanation of Each Option:

(a) “**The tourists were exciting to see the Northern Lights for the first time.**”

Error: Incorrect adjective form.

- “Exciting” describes something **that causes** excitement (an active meaning).

- Here, “tourists” are **feeling** excitement, so the correct word is “**excited.**”

- Correct: *The tourists were excited to see the Northern Lights for the first time.*

(b) “**The journalist wrote an article on how**

(c) “**The journalist wrote an article on how**

(d) “**The journalist wrote an article on how**

(e) “**The journalist wrote an article on how**

(f) “**The journalist wrote an article on how**

(g) “**The journalist wrote an article on how**

(h) “**The journalist wrote an article on how**

(i) “**The journalist wrote an article on how**

(j) “**The journalist wrote an article on how**

(k) “**The journalist wrote an article on how**

(l) “**The journalist wrote an article on how**

(m) “**The journalist wrote an article on how**

(n) “**The journalist wrote an article on how**

(o) “**The journalist wrote an article on how**

(p) “**The journalist wrote an article on how**

(q) “**The journalist wrote an article on how**

(r) “**The journalist wrote an article on how**

(s) “**The journalist wrote an article on how**

(t) “**The journalist wrote an article on how**

(u) “**The journalist wrote an article on how**

(v) “**The journalist wrote an article on how**

(w) “**The journalist wrote an article on how**

(x) “**The journalist wrote an article on how**

(y) “**The journalist wrote an article on how**

(z) “**The journalist wrote an article on how**

(aa) “**The journalist wrote an article on how**

(ab) “**The journalist wrote an article on how**

(ac) “**The journalist wrote an article on how**

(ad) “**The journalist wrote an article on how**

(ae) “**The journalist wrote an article on how**

(af) “**The journalist wrote an article on how**

(ag) “**The journalist wrote an article on how**

(ah) “**The journalist wrote an article on how**

(ai) “**The journalist wrote an article on how**

(aj) “**The journalist wrote an article on how**

(ak) “**The journalist wrote an article on how**

(al) “**The journalist wrote an article on how**

(am) “**The journalist wrote an article on how**

(an) “**The journalist wrote an article on how**

(ao) “**The journalist wrote an article on how**

(ap) “**The journalist wrote an article on how**

(aq) “**The journalist wrote an article on how**

(ar) “**The journalist wrote an article on how**

(as) “**The journalist wrote an article on how**

- No tense or structural error.
- Hence, this sentence is **grammatically and contextually perfect.**

(c) "Every student in the class were given a participation certificate."

Error: Subject-verb agreement.

- "Every student" is **singular**, so it should be followed by **was**, not "were."
- Corrected: *Every student in the class was given a participation certificate.*

(d) "The volunteers distribute food packages to the flood victims yesterday."

Error: Tense inconsistency.

- "Yesterday" refers to the **past**, so the verb should also be in the **past**

- "Distribute"

- Corrected:

the flood victims

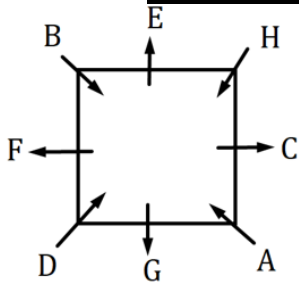
(e) "All are in"

Incorrect — si

Final Answer

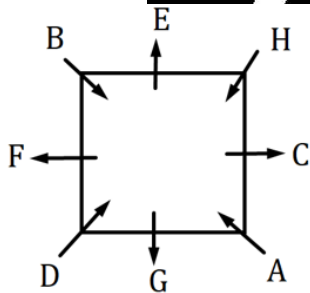
S66. Ans.(d)

Sol.



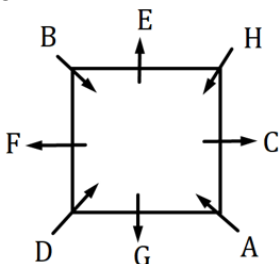
S67. Ans.(b)

Sol.



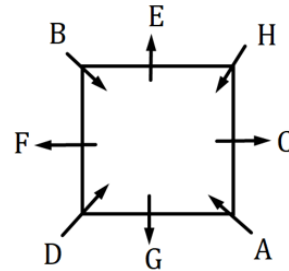
S68. Ans.(c)

Sol.



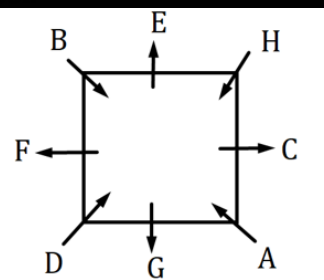
S69. Ans.(b)

Sol.



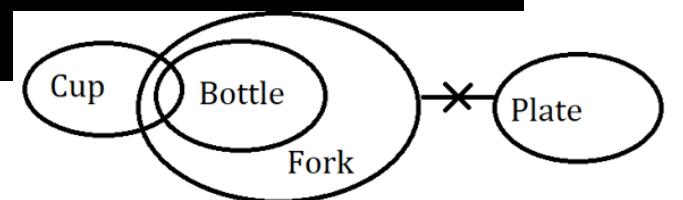
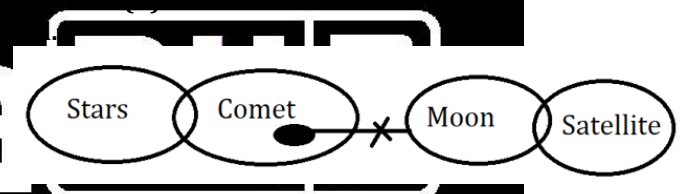
Except C, rest of the persons sit at the corners and face inside.

S70. Ans.(a)



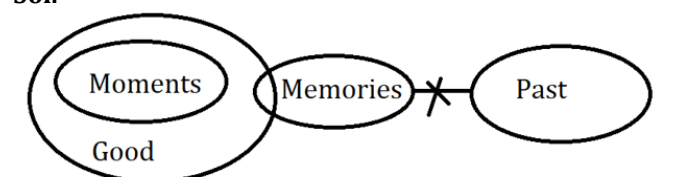
S71.

Sol. 1



S74. Ans.(b)

Sol.



S75. Ans.(c)

Sol.

$$M > N > J > K > L > P$$

S76. Ans.(a)

Sol.

$$M > N > J > K > L > P$$

S77. Ans.(d)

Sol.

$$M > N > J > K > L > P$$

S78. Ans.(b)

Sol. Logic here

$$G \xrightarrow{+4} K \xrightarrow{-2} I$$

S79. Ans.(b)

Sol. 11th from

5th to the right

S80. Ans.(a)

Sol. If all the o

will be 14th fro

S81. Ans.(d)

Sol. D 3 P M

1 L ¥ B 8

Three symbols

S82. Ans.(a)

Sol. One: 4 G

S83. Ans.(b)

Sol. Three: X

S84. Ans.(d)

Sol.

Floors	Persons
8	F
7	H
6	D
5	C
4	B
3	E
2	A
1	G

S85. Ans.(b)

Sol.

Floors	Persons
8	F
7	H
6	D
5	C
4	B
3	E
2	A
1	G

S87. Ans.

Sol.

S88. Ans.(b)

Sol.

Floors	Persons
8	F
7	H
6	D
5	C
4	B
3	E
2	A
1	G

S89. Ans.(a)

Sol.

Words	Codes
Strong	mi
File	lo
Code	tu
Digital	xu
Backup	sa
Internet/ access	no/ pa
Secure	ra
Data	ki

S93. Ans.(a)

Sol.

Words	Codes
Strong	mi
File	lo
Code	tu
Digital	xu
Backup	sa
Internet/ access	no/ pa
Secure	ra
Data	ki

S90. Ans.(c)

Sol.

Words
Strong
File
Code
Digital
Backup
Internet/ acco
Secure
Data

S91. Ans.(b)

Sol.

Words
Strong
File
Code
Digital
Backup
Internet/ acco
Secure
Data

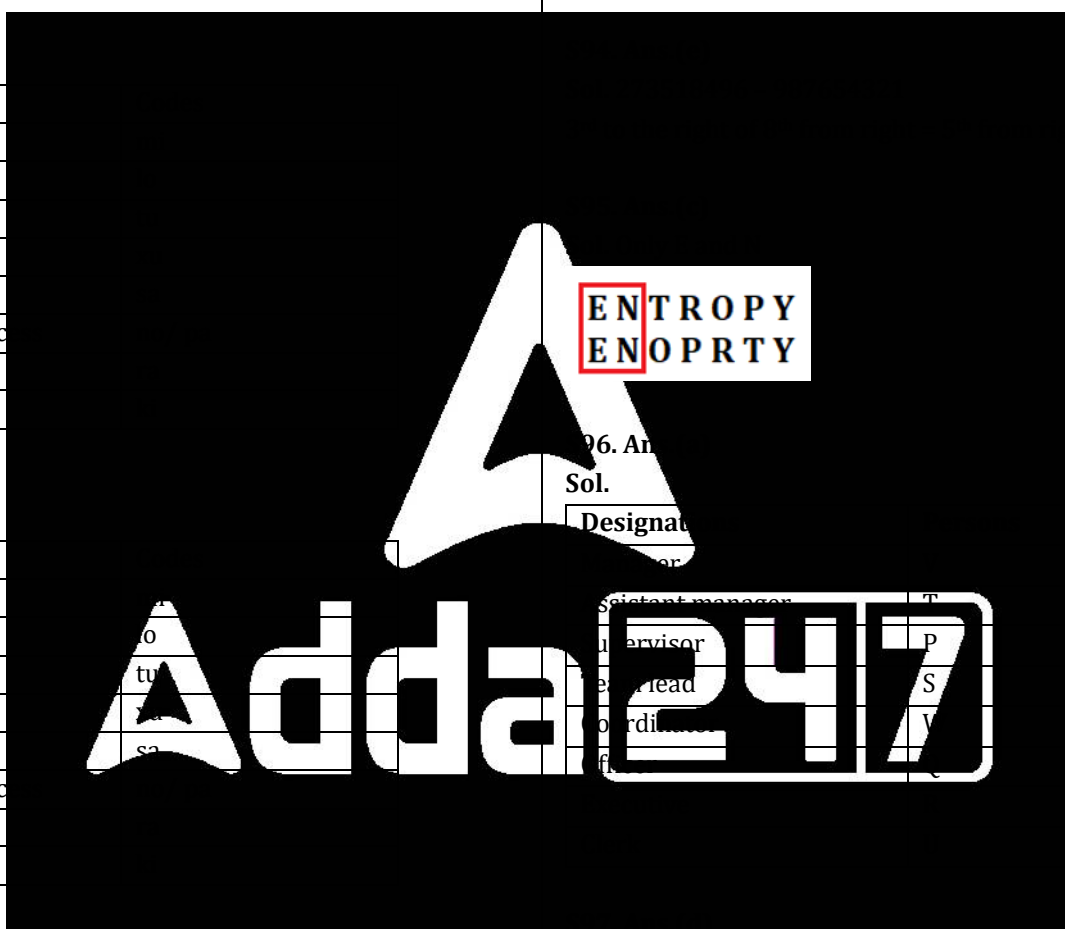
S92. Ans.(c)

Sol.

Words	Codes
Strong	mi
File	lo
Code	tu
Digital	xu
Backup	sa
Internet/ access	no/ pa
Secure	ra
Data	ki

Sol.

Designations	Persons
Manager	V
Assistant manager	T
Supervisor	P
Team lead	S
Coordinator	W
Officer	Q
Executive	R
Clerk	U



nt = 5

S96. Ans.

Sol.

Designation
Assistant manager
Supervisor
Team lead
Coordinator
Officer
Executive
Clerk

S98. Ans.(c)

Sol.

Designations	Persons
Manager	V
Assistant manager	T
Supervisor	P
Team lead	S
Coordinator	W
Officer	Q
Executive	R
Clerk	U

S100. Ans.(a)

Sol.

Designations	Persons
Manager	V
Assistant manager	T
Supervisor	P
Team lead	S
Coordinator	W
Officer	Q
Executive	R
Clerk	U

S99. Ans.(b)

Sol.

Designation
Manager
Assistant ma
Supervisor
Team lead
Coordinator
Officer
Executive
Clerk

