

ts justify the author’s view, “This will make India self-reliant in launching heavier satellites”?

(I)The successful launch of the country’s heaviest Geosynchronous Satellite Launch Vehicle, the GSLV Mark-III is one of the greatest milestones in the history of ISRO.

(II)ISRO is set to launch yet another developmental flight within a year.

(III) India now belongs to the elite club of countries that have mastered cryogenic technology.

Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below them.

The Indian Space Research Organisation has crossed a significant milestone with the successful developmental flight of the country’s heaviest Geosynchronous Satellite Launch Vehicle, the GSLV Mark-III. This is the first time a satellite weighing over 3.1 tonnes has been launched from India to reach the geostationary orbit about 36,000 km from Earth. The Mk-III can launch satellites weighing up to four tonnes, which almost doubles India’s current launch capacity. With communication satellites becoming heavier (up to six tonnes), the capability for larger payloads is vital. This can be done by switching over to electric propulsion for orbit rising and to keep the satellite in the right position and orientation in the orbit through its lifetime (that is, station keeping). The switch-over would reduce the weight of the vehicle as it can do away with nearly two tonnes of propellants and carry heavier satellites. Towards this end, ISRO has started testing electric propulsion in a small way; the South Asia Satellite (GSAT-9) that was launched last month used electric propulsion for station keeping. On Monday, an indigenously developed lithium-ion battery was used for the first time to power the satellite. Another key achievement is the use of an indigenously developed cryogenic stage, which uses liquid oxygen and liquid hydrogen; the 2010 GSLV launch using an indigenous cryogenic stage ended in failure. It can now be said without hesitation that India belongs to the elite club of countries that have mastered cryogenic technology. In the December 2014 experimental flight of the GSLV Mk-III, a passive cryogenic stage was used. Though the cryogenic stage was not meant to be ignited, the launch provided invaluable data on aerodynamic behaviour of the vehicle.

The Mark-III will be operational with the success of one more developmental flight, which is set to take place within a year. This will make self-reliant in launching heavier satellites, bringing down costs substantially. Till now, heavier communication satellites have been launched on pe’s Ariane rockets; in fact, ISRO will soon be using Ariane rockets to launch two of its heavier satellites. But as has been the case with lighter satellites, it is likely that other countries will soon turn to ISRO for the launch of heavier satellites at a lower cost. With fewer propulsion stages and, therefore, control systems, the Mk-III is far more reliable than the GSLV and the PSLV. Combined with its ability to carry eight to 10 tonnes into a low Earth orbit, the Mk-III can be considered for human-rating certification (to transport humans) once some design changes are made. Compared with the two-member crew capacity of the GSLV, the Mk-III can carry three astronauts and have more space to carry out experiments. The next developmental flight, therefore, will be crucial.

A. Only (I) is correct

B. Both (I) and (II) are correct

C. Both (II) and (III) are correct

D. Both (I) and (III) are correct

E. All are correct

Answer: E

Sol: Going through the passage, it can be deduced that all statements are correct, The sentences mentioned in the passage are- “It can now be said without hesitation that India belongs to the elite club of countries that have mastered cryogenic technology.” and, “The Mark-III will be operational with the success of one more developmental flight, which is set to take place within a year. This will make India self-reliant in launching heavier satellites, bringing down costs substantially.” Hence all three statements justify the author’s view regarding the development of ISRO.

Q.2 Which of the following features make the newly launched vehicle GSLV Mark-III distinctive?

- (I)It is the first time that India has launched a satellite weighing over 3.1 tonnes.
- (II)The launching capacity of satellites up to four tones almost doubles the current launch capacity of India.
- (III) It is the first time that an indigenously developed lithium-ion battery was used to power the satellite.

Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below them.

The Indian Space Research Organisation has crossed a significant milestone with the successful developmental flight of the country’s heaviest Geosynchronous Satellite Launch Vehicle, the GSLV Mark-III. This is the first time a satellite weighing over 3.1 tonnes has been launched from India to reach the geostationary orbit about 36,000 km from Earth. The Mk-III can launch satellites weighing up to four tonnes, which almost doubles India’s current launch capacity. With communication satellites becoming heavier (up to six tonnes), the capability for larger payloads is vital. This can be done by switching over to electric propulsion for orbit rising and to keep the satellite in the right position and orientation in the orbit through its lifetime (that is, station keeping). The switch-over would reduce the weight of the vehicle as it can do away with nearly two tonnes of propellants and carry heavier satellites. Towards this end, ISRO has started testing electric propulsion in a small way; the South Asia Satellite (GSAT-9) that was launched last month used electric propulsion for station keeping. On Monday, an indigenously developed lithium-ion battery was used for the first time to power the satellite. Another key achievement is the use of an indigenously developed cryogenic stage, which uses liquid oxygen and liquid hydrogen; the 2010 GSLV launch using an indigenous cryogenic stage ended in failure. It can now be said without hesitation that India belongs to the elite club of countries that have mastered cryogenic technology. In the December 2014 experimental flight of the GSLV Mk-III, a passive cryogenic stage was used. Though the cryogenic stage was not meant to be ignited, the launch provided invaluable data on aerodynamic behaviour of the vehicle.

The Mark-III will be operational with the success of one more developmental flight, which is set to take place within a year. This will make India self-reliant in launching heavier satellites, bringing down costs substantially. Till now, heavier communication satellites have been launched on Europe’s Ariane rockets; in fact, ISRO will soon be using Ariane rockets to launch two of its heavier satellites. But as has been the case with lighter satellites, it is likely that other countries will soon turn to ISRO for the launch of heavier satellites at a lower cost. With fewer propulsion stages and, therefore, control systems, the Mk-III is far more reliable than the GSLV and the PSLV. Combined with its ability to carry eight to 10 tonnes into a low Earth orbit, the Mk-III can be considered for human-rating certification (to transp ns) once some design changes are made. Compared with the

Ariane rockets; in fact, ISRO will soon be using Ariane rockets to launch two of its heavier satellites. But as has been is likely that other countries will soon turn to ISRO for the launch of heavier satellites at a lower cost. With fewer propulsion stages and, therefore, control systems, the Mk-III is far more reliable than the GSLV and the PSLV. Combined with its ability to carry eight to 10 tonnes into a low Earth orbit, the Mk-III can be considered for human-rating certification (to transport humans) once some design changes are made. Compared with the two-member crew capacity of the GSLV, the Mk-III can carry three astronauts and have more space to carry out experiments. The next developmental flight, therefore, will be crucial.

- A. The South Asia Satellite (GSAT-9) used electric propulsion for station keeping.
- B. In the December 2014 experimental flight of the GSLV Mk-III, a passive cryogenic stage was used.
- C. ISRO will soon be using Ariane rockets to launch two of its heavier satellites.
- D. The switch-over to electric propulsion would reduce nearly two tonnes of propellants and carry heavier satellites.
- E. All are true.

Answer: E

Sol: All the given statements are true in context of the passage

- Q.5** How according to the passage Mk-III is more reliable than the GSLV and the PSLV?
- (I) The Mk-III can carry three astronauts as compared to GSLV which has two-member crew capacity.
 - (II)The Mk-III has fewer propulsion stages and control systems than GSLV and PSLV.
 - (III)The Mk-III has more space to carry out experiments than GSLV and PSLV.
 - (IV)The Mk-III costs lesser than GSLV and PSLV in terms of total production cost.
- Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below them.

The Indian Space Research Organisation has crossed a significant milestone with the successful developmental flight of the country’s heaviest Geosynchronous Satellite Launch Vehicle, the GSLV Mark-III. This is the first time a satellite weighing over 3.1 tonnes has been launched from India to reach the geostationary orbit about 36,000 km from Earth. The Mk-III can launch satellites weighing up to four tonnes, which almost doubles India’s current launch capacity. With communication satellites becoming heavier (up to six tonnes), the capability for larger payloads is vital. This can be done by switching over to electric propulsion for orbit rising and to keep the satellite in the right position and orientation in the orbit through its lifetime (that is, station keeping). The switch-over would reduce the weight of the vehicle as it can do away with nearly two tonnes of propellants and carry heavier satellites. Towards this end, ISRO has started testing electric propulsion in a small way; the South Asia Satellite (GSAT-9) that was launched last month used electric propulsion for station keeping. On Monday, an indigenously developed lithium-ion battery was used for the first time to power the satellite. Another key achievement is the use of an indigenously developed cryogenic stage, which uses liquid oxygen and liquid hydrogen; the 2010 GSLV launch using an indigenous cryogenic stage ended in failure. It can now be said without hesitation that India belongs to the elite club of countries that have mastered cryogenic technology. In the December 2014 experimental flight of the GSLV Mk-III, a passive cryogenic stage was used. Though the cryogenic stage was not meant to be ignited, the launch provided invaluable data on aerodynamic behaviour of the vehicle.

The Mark-III will be operational with the success of one more developmental flight, which is set to take place within a year. This will make India self-reliant in launching heavier satellites, bringing down costs substantially. Till now, heavier communication satellites have been launched on Europe’s Ariane rockets; in fact, ISRO will soon be using Ariane rockets to launch two of its heavier satellites. But as has been the case with lighter satellites, it is likely that other countries will soon turn to ISRO for the launch of heavier satellites at a lower cost. With fewer propulsion stages and, therefore, control systems, the Mk-III is far more reliable than the GSLV and the PSLV. Combined with its ability to carry eight to 10 tonnes into a low Earth orbit, the Mk-III can be considered for human-rating certification (to transport humans) once some design changes are made. Compared with the two-member crew capacity of the GSLV, the Mk-III can carry three astronauts and have more space to carry out experiments. The next developmental flight, therefore, will be crucial.

- A. Both (I) and (II)
- B. Both (II) and (III)
- C. Only (I), (II) and (IV)
- D. Only (I), (II) and (III)
- E. All (I), (II), (III) and (IV)

Answer: D

Sol: Refer to the last paragraph, “With fewer propulsion stages and, therefore, control systems, the Mk-IIIthe Mk-III can carry three astronauts and have more space to carry out experiments.” It can be deduced that only statements (I), (II) and (III) are correct in context of the passage

- Q.6** Which of the following words is most similar in meaning to the word/group of words printed in bold as used in passage?
- Propulsion

Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below them.

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- A. Plethora
- B. Impulse
- C. Satiety
- D. Clogging
- E. Revulsion

Answer: B

Sol: *Propulsion* means ‘the action of driving or pushing forwards.’ Hence ‘impulse’ is the word most similar in meaning to it.
Satiety means ‘the feeling or state of being sated.’
Revulsion means ‘a sense of disgust and loathing.’

Q.7 Which of the following words is most opposite in meaning to the word/group of words printed in bold as used in passage?

Elite

Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below them.

The Indian Space Research Organisation has crossed a significant milestone with the successful developmental flight of the country's heaviest Geosynchronous Satellite Launch Vehicle, the GSLV Mark-III. This is the first time a satellite weighing over 3.1 tonnes has been launched from India to reach the geostationary orbit about 36,000 km from Earth. The Mk-III can launch satellites weighing up to four tonnes, which almost doubles India's current launch capacity. With communication satellites becoming heavier (up to six tonnes), the capability for larger payloads is vital. This can be done by switching over to electric propulsion for orbit rising and to keep the satellite in the right position and orientation in the orbit through its lifetime (that is, station keeping). The switch-over would reduce the weight of the vehicle as it can do away with nearly two tonnes of propellants and carry heavier satellites. Towards this end, ISRO has started testing electric propulsion in a small way; the South Asia Satellite (GSAT-9) that was launched last month used electric propulsion for station keeping. On Monday, an indigenously developed lithium-ion battery was used for the first time to power the satellite. Another key achievement is the use of an indigenously developed cryogenic stage, which uses liquid oxygen and liquid hydrogen; the 2010 GSLV launch using an indigenous cryogenic stage ended in failure. It can now be said without hesitation that India belongs to the elite club of countries that have mastered cryogenic technology. In the December 2014 experimental flight of the GSLV Mk-III, a passive cryogenic stage was used. Though the cryogenic stage was not meant to be ignited, the launch provided invaluable data on aerodynamic behaviour of the vehicle.

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- A. Patriciate
- B. Gentry
- C. Dregs
- D. Skim
- E. Unusual

Answer: C

Sol: *Elite* means ‘a select group that is superior in terms of ability or qualities to the rest of a group or society.’
Dregs mean ‘the most worthless part or parts of something. Hence both are opposite in meanings.’
Patriciate means ‘a noble order or class.’
Gentry means ‘people of good social position, specifically the class of people next below the nobility in position and birth.’

Q.8 Which of the following words is most similar in meaning to the word/group of words printed in bold as used in passage.

Crew

Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below them.

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- A. Interior
- B. Crowd
- C. Oodles
- D. Bevy
- E. Laity

Answer: D

Sol: Crew means ‘a group of people who work on and operate a ship, aircraft etc.’
Bevy means ‘a large group of people or things of a particular kind.’ Hence both are similar in meanings.
Oodles mean ‘a very great number or amount of something.’
Laity means ‘ordinary people, as distinct from professionals or experts.’

Q.9 From first looks, the long-awaited package to support the real estate sector, cleared by the Cabinet on Wednesday, appears well-____9_____. The ₹25,000 crore Alternative Investment Fund (AIF) _____10_____by Finance Minister Nirmala Sitharaman has expanded in both size and scope from the earlier one announced in September. And the variables are clear such as the unit sizes that will be supported. The AIF will provide funds to bail _____11_____stalled real estate projects with unit size of less than ₹2 crore a unit in metros and ₹1 crore in other places. The Centre will contribute ₹10,000 crore, with the State Bank of India and Life Insurance Corporation of India providing the balance. The fund, to be _____12_____by SBICAP Ventures, will offer support to _____13_____projects with a positive net worth and registered with the Real Estate Regulatory Authority. What makes the scheme good is that it will also apply to projects that have been declared as non-performing assets by banks and to those _____14_____up before the insolvency court. Apart from real estate promoters, this will also aid lenders, mainly finance companies and banks, whose funds are _____15_____up in these projects. According to Ms. Sitharaman, over 1,600 projects involving some 4.58 lakh housing units are _____16_____for want of funds. There are also unsold units across the country with one market estimate putting their value at over ₹4 lakh crore. Most of the stalled projects are solvent but stuck for liquidity and with support from the AIF, can be completed, unlocking value not just for buyers but also precious cash for the project promoters and their lenders.

Given below is a paragraph that has blank spaces. Corresponding to each blank, few options are given, out of which only one is appropriate. Choose the option that fits most suitably in the given blank making sentence grammatically and contextually correct.

- A. assign
- B. resigned
- C. designed
- D. divided
- E. None of these

Answer: C

Sol: Only “designed” fit in the blank contextually and grammatically.
Hence, the answer would be option (c).

Q.10 From first looks, the long-awaited package to support the real estate sector, cleared by the Cabinet on Wednesday, appears well-____9_____. The ₹25,000 crore Alternative Investment Fund (AIF) _____10_____by Finance Minister Nirmala Sitharaman has expanded in both size and scope from the earlier one announced in September. And the variables are clear such as the unit sizes that will be supported. The AIF will provide funds to bail _____11_____stalled real estate projects with unit size of less than ₹2 crore a unit in metros and ₹1 crore in other places. The Centre will contribute ₹10,000 crore, with the State Bank of India and Life Insurance Corporation of India providing the balance. The fund, to be _____12_____by SBICAP Ventures, will offer support to _____13_____projects with a positive net worth and registered with the Real Estate Regulatory Authority. What makes the scheme good is that it will al o projects that have been declared as non-performing assets by banks and to those _____14_____up before the insolvency court. A real estate promoters, this will also aid lenders, mainly finance

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Given below is a paragraph that has blank spaces. Corresponding to each blank, few options are given, out of which only one is appropriate. Choose the option that fits most suitably in the given blank making sentence grammatically and contextually correct.

- A. Propound
- B. Prognosticate
- C. Contagion
- D. Announced
- E. None of these

Answer: D

Sol: Only “Announced” fits in the blank contextually and grammatically.
Propound means ‘put forward (an idea or theory) for consideration by others.’
Prognosticate means ‘foretell or prophesy (a future event).’
Contagion means ‘the communication of disease from one person or organism to another by close contact.’
Hence, the answer would be option (d).

Q.11 From first looks, the long-awaited package to support the real estate sector, cleared by the Cabinet on Wednesday, appears well-_____9_____. The ₹25,000 crore Alternative Investment Fund (AIF) _____10_____by Finance Minister Nirmala Sitharaman has expanded in both size and scope from the earlier one announced in September. And the variables are clear such as the unit sizes that will be supported. The AIF will provide funds to bail _____11_____stalled real estate projects with unit size of less than ₹2 crore a unit in metros and ₹1 crore in other places. The Centre will contribute ₹10,000 crore, with the State Bank of India and Life Insurance Corporation of India providing the balance. The fund, to be _____12_____by SBICAP Ventures, will offer support to _____13_____projects with a positive net worth and registered with the Real Estate Regulatory Authority. What makes the scheme good is that it will also apply to projects that have been declared as non-performing assets by banks and to those _____14_____up before the insolvency court. Apart from real estate promoters, this will also aid lenders, mainly finance companies and banks, whose funds are _____15_____up in these projects. According to Ms. Sitharaman, over 1,600 projects involving some 4.58 lakh housing units are _____16_____for want of funds. There are also unsold units across the country with one market estimate putting their value at over ₹4 lakh crore. Most of the stalled projects are solvent but stuck for liquidity and with support from the AIF, can be completed, unlocking value not just for buyers but also precious cash for the project promoters and their lenders.

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- A. for
- B. untoward
- C. out
- D. off
- E. None of these

Answer: C

Sol: Only “out” fit in the blank contextually and grammatically.
Bail out means an act of giving financial assistance to a failing business or economy to save it from collapse.
Hence, the answer would be option (c).

Q.12 From first looks, the long-awaited package to support the real estate sector, cleared by the Cabinet on Wednesday, appears well-_____9_____. The ₹25,000 crore Alternative Investment Fund (AIF) _____10_____by Finance Minister Nirmala Sitharaman has expanded in both size and scope from the earlier one announced in September. And the variables are clear such as the unit sizes that will be supported. The AIF will provide funds to bail _____11_____stalled real estate projects with unit size of less than ₹2 crore a unit in metros and ₹1 crore in other places. The Centre will contribute ₹10,000 crore, with the State Bank of India and Life Insurance Corporation of India providing the balance. The fund, to be _____12_____by SBICAP Ventures, will offer support to _____13_____projects with a positive net worth and registered with the Real Estate Regulatory Authority. What makes the scheme good is that it will also apply to projects that have been declared as non-performing assets by banks and to those _____14_____up before the insolvency court. Apart from real estate promoters, this will also aid lenders, mainly finance companies and banks, whose funds are _____15_____up in these projects. According to Ms. Sitharaman, over 1,600 projects involving some 4.58 lakh housing units are _____16_____for want of funds. There are also unsold units across the country with one market estimate putting their value at over ₹4 lakh crore. Most of the stalled projects are solvent but stuck for liquidity and with support from the AIF, can be completed, unlocking value not just for buyers but also precious cash for the project promoters and their lenders.

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- A. managed
- B. located
- C. found
- D. associate
- E. None of these

Answer: A

Sol: Only “managed” fit in the blank contextually and grammatically.
Hence, the answer would be option (a).

Q.13 From first looks, the long-awaited package to support the real estate sector, cleared by the Cabinet on Wednesday, appears well- ____9_____. The ₹25,000 crore Alternative Investment Fund (AIF) ____10____ by Finance Minister Nirmala Sitharaman has expanded in both size and scope from the earlier one announced in September. And the variables are clear such as the unit sizes that will be supported. The AIF will provide funds to bail ____11____ stalled real estate projects with unit size of less than ₹2 crore a unit in metros and ₹1 crore in other places. The Centre will contribute ₹10,000 crore, with the State Bank of India and Life Insurance Corporation of India providing the balance. The fund, to be ____12____ by SBICAP Ventures, will offer support to ____13____ projects with a positive net worth and registered with the Real Estate Regulatory Authority. What makes the scheme good is that it will also apply to projects that have been declared as non-performing assets by banks and to those ____14____ up before the insolvency court. Apart from real estate promoters, this will also aid lenders, mainly finance companies and banks, whose funds are ____15____ up in these projects. According to Ms. Sitharaman, over 1,600 projects involving some 4.58 lakh housing units are ____16____ for want of funds. There are also unsold units across the country with one market estimate putting their value at over ₹4 lakh crore. Most of the stalled projects are solvent but stuck for liquidity and with support from the AIF, can be completed, unlocking value not just for buyers but also precious cash for the project promoters and their lenders.

Given below is a paragraph that has blank spaces. Corresponding to each blank, few options are given, out of which only one is appropriate. Choose the option that fits most suitably in the given blank making sentence grammatically and contextually correct.

- A. Mala fide
- B. Viable
- C. Diminutive
- D. Exemplary
- (c) None of these

Answer: B

Sol: Only “ *viable*” fits in the blank contextually and grammatically.
Viable means ‘capable of working successfully; feasible.’
Mala fide means ‘in bad faith; with intent to deceive.’
Diminutive means ‘extremely or unusually small.’
Exemplary means ‘Serving as a desirable model; very good.’
Hence, the answer would be option (b).

Q.14 From first looks, the long-awaited package to support the real estate sector, cleared by the Cabinet on Wednesday, appears well- ____9_____. The ₹25,000 crore Alternative Investment Fund (AIF) ____10____ by Finance Minister Nirmala Sitharaman has expanded in both size and scope from the earlier one announced in September. And the variables are clear such as the unit sizes that will be supported. The AIF will provide funds to bail ____11____ stalled real estate projects with unit size of less than ₹2 crore a unit in metros and ₹1 crore in other places. The Centre will contribute ₹10,000 crore, with the State Bank of India and Life Insurance Corporation of India providing the balance. The fund, to be ____12____ by SBICAP Ventures, will offer support to ____13____ projects with a positive net worth and registered with the Real Estate Regulatory Authority. What makes the scheme good is that it will also apply to projects that have been declared as non-performing assets by banks and to those ____14____ up before the insolvency court. Apart from real estate promoters, this will also aid lenders, mainly finance companies and banks, whose funds are ____15____ up in these projects. According to Ms. Sitharaman, over 1,600 projects involving some 4.58 lakh housing units are ____16____ for want of funds. There are also unsold units across the country with one market estimate putting their value at over ₹4 lakh crore. Most of the stalled projects are solvent but stuck for liquidity and with support from the AIF, can be completed, unlocking value not just for buyers but also precious cash for the project promoters and their lenders.

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- A. Recalibrate
- B. Dispel
- C. Orchestrate
- D. Lined
- E. None of these

Answer: D

Sol: Only “lined” fit in the blank contextually and grammatically.
Lined up means to arrange for an event or activity to happen, or arrange for somebody to be available to do something
Hence, the answer would be option (d).

Q.15 From first looks, the long-awaited package to support the real estate sector, cleared by the Cabinet on Wednesday, appears well-____9_____. The ₹25,000 crore Alternative Investment Fund (AIF) _____10_____by Finance Minister Nirmala Sitharaman has expanded in both size and scope from the earlier one announced in September. And the variables are clear such as the unit sizes that will be supported. The AIF will provide funds to bail _____11_____stalled real estate projects with unit size of less than ₹2 crore a unit in metros and ₹1 crore in other places. The Centre will contribute ₹10,000 crore, with the State Bank of India and Life Insurance Corporation of India providing the balance. The fund, to be _____12_____by SBICAP Ventures, will offer support to _____13_____projects with a positive net worth and registered with the Real Estate Regulatory Authority. What makes the scheme good is that it will also apply to projects that have been declared as non-performing assets by banks and to those _____14_____up before the insolvency court. Apart from real estate promoters, this will also aid lenders, mainly finance companies and banks, whose funds are _____15_____up in these projects. According to Ms. Sitharaman, over 1,600 projects involving some 4.58 lakh housing units are _____16_____for want of funds. There are also unsold units across the country with one market estimate putting their value at over ₹4 lakh crore. Most of the stalled projects are solvent but stuck for liquidity and with support from the AIF, can be completed, unlocking value not just for buyers but also precious cash for the project promoters and their lenders.

Given below is a paragraph that has blank spaces. Corresponding to each blank, few options are given, out of which only one is appropriate. Choose the option that fits most suitably in the given blank making sentence grammatically and contextually correct.

- A. Locked
- B. Fuel
- C. Dichotomy
- D. Mired
- E. None of these

Answer: A

Sol: Only “locked” fit in the blank contextually and grammatically.
Lock up means to put money into an investment that you cannot easily turn into cash.
Hence, the answer would be option (a).

Q.16 From first looks, the long-awaited package to support the real estate sector, cleared by the Cabinet on Wednesday, appears well-____9_____. The ₹25,000 crore Alternative Investment Fund (AIF) _____10_____by Finance Minister Nirmala Sitharaman has expanded in both size and scope from the earlier one announced in September. And the variables are clear such as the unit sizes that will be supported. The AIF will provide funds to bail _____11_____stalled real estate projects with unit size of less than ₹2 crore a unit in metros and ₹1 crore in other places. The Centre will contribute ₹10,000 crore, with the State Bank of India and Life Insurance Corporation of India providing the balance. The fund, to be _____12_____by SBICAP Ventures, will offer support to _____13_____projects with a positive net worth and registered with the Real Estate Regulatory Authority. What makes the scheme good is that it will also apply to projects that have been declared as non-performing assets by banks and to those _____14_____up before the insolvency court. Apart from real estate promoters, this will also aid lenders, mainly finance companies and banks, whose funds are _____15_____up in these projects. According to Ms. Sitharaman, over 1,600 projects involving some 4.58 lakh housing units are _____16_____for want of funds. There are also unsold units across the country with one market estimate putting their value at over ₹4 lakh crore. Most of the stalled projects are solvent but stuck for liquidity and with support from the AIF, can be completed, unlocking value not just for buyers but also precious cash for the project promoters and their lenders.

Given below is a paragraph that has blank spaces. Corresponding to each blank, few options are given, out of which only one is appropriate. Choose the option that fits most suitably in the given blank making sentence grammatically and contextually correct.

- A. Falter
- B. Stalled
- C. Emanate
- D. Upsurge
- E. None of these

Answer: B

Sol: Only “stalled” fit in the blank contextually and grammatically.
Stalled means to stop suddenly because of a lack of power or speed; to make a vehicle or engine do this.
Hence, the answer would be option (b).

Q.17 Which of the following would be the FOURTH sentence after rearrangement?
Given below are six sentences given in jumbled form. Arrange the followin es to form a coherent paragraph and answer the following questions.

- (A)For India’s top 500 companies by market capitalization, this new rule of separate roles is expected to kick in from 1 April 2020.
- (B) India Inc is up in arms over a regulatory imprimatur seeking separation of powers at the board-level as a means to ensuring enhanced corporate governance practices.
- (C) The opposition of this provision has emanated primarily from business groups that are dominated by families.
- (D) The rule mandates a clear split of roles between a company’s chairperson and its chief executive or managing director, with the additional provisos of both individuals being unrelated and the chairperson being a non-executive director.
- (E) They do have a point. As custodians of both family and social wealth, these businesses feel that keeping succession within the family is the best way to not only provide continuity of corporate vision, but also balance a business strategy with the family’s philosophy.
- (F) These groups argue that while such a dual-authority approach might be feasible in the West, it is inherently unsuited to the peculiarities of business structures and shareholder dynamics in India.

- A. E
- B. D
- C. C
- D. A
- E. F

Answer: C

Sol: After carefully reading the sentences, we can deduce that the sentence (B) should stand at the first position in the sequence as it is indicating the theme of the paragraph which is regarding a proposal which mentions a separation of power at the board level. Sentence (D) further describes the provisions mentioned in the proposal (which is mentioned in sentence (B)). Thus, sentence (D) should clearly follow sentence (B). Sentence (A) provides the information regarding the operation date of the new provision. Thus sentence (A) should consecutively follow sentence (D). Sentence (C) has captured the reaction on this new provision of business groups that are dominated by families. Sentence (C) and (F) forms a consecutive pair as sentence (F) provides the rationale behind the dissent (mentioned in sentence (C)) among these business groups. Sentence (E) should be the last statement in the sequence. Taking a hint from the phrase “They do have a point”. Here, the pronoun “they” has been used for the business groups mentioned in sentence (F). Moreover, sentence (E) provides an appropriate conclusion to the given paragraph. Thus, sentence (E) should follow sentence (F). Therefore, the final sequence after the rearrangement formed is BDACEF. Hence option (c) is the most suitable answer choice.

Q.18 Which of the following would be the FIRST sentence after rearrangement?
Given below are six sentences given in jumbled form. Arrange the following sentences to form a coherent paragraph and answer the following questions.

- (A)For India’s top 500 companies by market capitalization, this new rule of separate roles is expected to kick in from 1 April 2020.
- (B) India Inc is up in arms over a regulatory imprimatur seeking separation of powers at the board-level as a means to ensuring enhanced corporate governance practices.
- (C) The opposition of this provision has emanated primarily from business groups that are dominated by families.
- (D) The rule mandates a clear split of roles between a company’s chairperson and its chief executive or managing director, with the additional provisos of both individuals being unrelated and the chairperson being a non-executive director.
- (E) They do have a point. As custodians of both family and social wealth, these businesses feel that keeping succession within the family is the best way to not only provide continuity of corporate vision, but also balance a business strategy with the family’s philosophy.
- (F) These groups argue that while such a dual-authority approach might be feasible in the West, it is inherently unsuited to the peculiarities of business structures and shareholder dynamics in India.

- A. C
- B. A
- C. D
- D. B
- E. E

Answer: D

Sol: After carefully reading the sentences, we can deduce that the sentence (B) should stand at the first position in the sequence as it is indicating the theme of the paragraph which is regarding a proposal which mentions a separation of power at the board level. Sentence (D) further describes the provisions mentioned in the proposal (which is mentioned in sentence (B)). Thus, sentence (D) should clearly follow sentence (B). Sentence (A) provides the information regarding the operation date of the new provision. Thus sentence (A) should consecutively follow sentence (D). Sentence (C) has captured the reaction on this new provision of business groups that are dominated by families. Sentence (C) and (F) forms a consecutive pair as sentence (F) provides the rationale behind the dissent (mentioned in sentence (C)) among these business groups. Sentence (E) should be the last statement in the sequence. Taking a hint from the phrase “They do have a point”. Here, the pronoun “they” has been used for the business groups mentioned in sentence (F). Moreover, sentence (E) provides an appropriate conclusion to the given paragraph. Thus, sentence (E) should follow sentence (F). Therefore, the final sequence after the rearrangement formed is BDACEF. Hence option (d) is the most suitable answer choice.

Q.19 Which of the following would be the THIRD sentence after rearrangement?
Given below are six sentences given in jumbled form. Arrange the following sentences to form a coherent paragraph and answer the following questions.

(A)For India’s top 500 companies by market capitalization, this new rule of separate roles is expected to kick in fro

(B) India Inc is up in arms over a regulatory imprimatur seeking separation of powers at the board-level as a means to ensuring enhanced corporate governance practices.

(C) The opposition of this provision has emanated primarily from business groups that are dominated by families.

(D) The rule mandates a clear split of roles between a company’s chairperson and its chief executive or managing director, with the additional provisos of both individuals being unrelated and the chairperson being a non-executive director.

(E) They do have a point. As custodians of both family and social wealth, these businesses feel that keeping succession within the family is the best way to not only provide continuity of corporate vision, but also balance a business strategy with the family’s philosophy.

(F) These groups argue that while such a dual-authority approach might be feasible in the West, it is inherently unsuited to the peculiarities of business structures and shareholder dynamics in India.

- A. F
- B. C
- C. E
- D. A
- E. D

Answer: D

Sol: After carefully reading the sentences, we can deduce that the sentence (B) should stand at the first position in the sequence as it is indicating the theme of the paragraph which is regarding a proposal which mentions a separation of power at the board level. Sentence (D) further describes the provisions mentioned in the proposal (which is mentioned in sentence (B)). Thus, sentence (D) should clearly follow sentence (B). Sentence (A) provides the information regarding the operation date of the new provision. Thus sentence (A) should consecutively follow sentence (D). Sentence (C) has captured the reaction on this new provision of business groups that are dominated by families. Sentence (C) and (F) forms a consecutive pair as sentence (F) provides the rationale behind the dissent (mentioned in sentence (C)) among these business groups. Sentence (E) should be the last statement in the sequence. Taking a hint from the phrase “They do have a point”. Here, the pronoun “they” has been used for the business groups mentioned in sentence (F). Moreover, sentence (E) provides an appropriate conclusion to the given paragraph. Thus, sentence (E) should follow sentence (F). Therefore, the final sequence after the rearrangement formed is BDACEF. Hence option (d) is the most suitable answer choice.

Q.20 Which of the following would be the FIFTH sentence after rearrangement?
Given below are six sentences given in jumbled form. Arrange the following sentences to form a coherent paragraph and answer the following questions.

(A)For India’s top 500 companies by market capitalization, this new rule of separate roles is expected to kick in from 1 April 2020.

(B) India Inc is up in arms over a regulatory imprimatur seeking separation of powers at the board-level as a means to ensuring enhanced corporate governance practices.

(C) The opposition of this provision has emanated primarily from business groups that are dominated by families.

(D) The rule mandates a clear split of roles between a company’s chairperson and its chief executive or managing director, with the additional provisos of both individuals being unrelated and the chairperson being a non-executive director.

(E) They do have a point. As custodians of both family and social wealth, these businesses feel that keeping succession within the family is the best way to not only provide continuity of corporate vision, but also balance a business strategy with the family’s philosophy.

(F) These groups argue that while such a dual-authority approach might be feasible in the West, it is inherently unsuited to the peculiarities of business structures and shareholder dynamics in India.

- A. E
- B. A
- C. B
- D. D
- E. F

Answer: A

Sol: After carefully reading the sentences, we can deduce that the sentence (B) should stand at the first position in the sequence as it is indicating the theme of the paragraph which is regarding a proposal which mentions a separation of power at the board level. Sentence (D) further describes the provisions mentioned in the proposal (which is mentioned in sentence (B)). Thus, sentence (D) should clearly follow sentence (B). Sentence (A) provides the information regarding the operation date of the new provision. Thus sentence (A) should consecutively follow sentence (D). Sentence (C) has captured the reaction on this new provision of business groups that are dominated by families. Sentence (C) and (F) forms a consecutive pair as sentence (F) provides the rationale behind the dissent (mentioned in sentence (C)) among these business groups. Sentence (E) should be the last statement in the sequence. Taking a hint from the phrase “They do have a point”. Here, the pronoun “they” has been used for the business groups mentioned in sentence (F). Moreover, sentence (E) provides an appropriate conclusion to the given paragraph. Thus, sentence (E) should follow sentence (F). Therefore, the final sequence after the rearrangement formed is BDACEF. Hence option (a) is the most suitable answer choice.

Q.21 The Belt and Road Initiative is, above all, a reprimanding to slowing domestic economic growth earlier this decade, attenuating by a slump in Chinese exports to developed countries following the 2007-08 economic meltdown.

COLUMN (I)

(A) reprimanding

(B) economic

- (C) attenuating
- (D) meltdown
- COLUMN (II)
- (E) response
- (F) economics
- (G) accentuated
- (H) meandering

In each of the following questions given below, a sentence is given with some bold words which may contain errors. Below each of the sentence, two columns are given in which column ‘I’ contains the list of bold words, and in column ‘II’ the suggested corrections are listed. You have to choose the best alternative among the given options.

- A. Both (A) - (E) and (C) – (G)
- B. (B) – (F)
- C. (A) – (E)
- D. (C) – (G)
- E. None of the above

Answer: A

Sol: The sentence is describing how in response to the slow domestic growth across the world in recent decades the Belt and Road Initiative (BRI) is pushed by China. Therefore, the words ‘reprimanding’ and ‘attenuating’ are incorrect in the context of the paragraph. Hence, they should be replaced by ‘response’ and ‘accentuated’. Attenuating- is the gerund or present participle form of Attenuate which means reduce the force, effect, or value of. Accentuated- is the past participle form of accentuate which means make more noticeable or prominent. Hence, option (a) is the most suitable answer choice.

Q.22 The stock market, centered at the New York Stock Exchange on Wall Street in New York City, was the scene of reckless speculative, where everyone from millionaire tycoons to cooks and janitors poured their savings into stocks.

- COLUMN (I)
- (A) centered
- (B) speculative
- (C) janitors
- (D) savings
- COLUMN (II)
- (E) altered
- (F) speculation
- (G) progenitors
- (H) economics

In each of the following questions given below, a sentence is given with some bold words which may contain errors. Below each of the sentence, two columns are given in which column ‘I’ contains the list of bold words, and in column ‘II’ the suggested corrections are listed. You have to choose the best alternative among the given options.

- A. Both (A) - (E) and (C) – (G)
- B. (B) – (F)
- C. (A) – (E)
- D. (C) – (G)
- E. None of the above

Answer: B

Sol: The sentence is describing the Wall Street in U.S where careless investment of money in the stock market caused the Great Depression. Therefore, the word ‘speculative’ is incorrect in the context of the paragraph. Hence, it should be replaced by ‘speculation.’ Speculation- while used as a noun means investment in stocks, property, etc. in the hope of gain but with the risk of loss. Speculative- is an adjective which means involving a high risk of loss. To make the given sentence grammatically correct the word ‘Speculation’ should be used instead of ‘speculative.’ All the other highlighted words are grammatically and contextually correct. Hence, option (b) is the correct answer choice.

Q.23 Pointing out that the proposal for making the Finance Commission a permanent body could evolve when the government would articulate its discretion currently available in designed and implementing the specific purpose transferable.

- COLUMN (I)
- (A) proposal
- (B) articulate
- (C) designed
- (D) transferable
- COLUMN (II)

- (E) proposed
- (F) abdicate
- (G) designing
- (H) transfers

In each of the following questions given below, a sentence is given with some bold words which may contain errors. Below each of the sentence, two columns are given in which column 'I' contains the list of bold words, and in column 'II' the suggested corrections are listed. You have to choose the best alternative among the given options.

- A. (A) - (E)
- B. (B) – (F)
- C. (A) – (E)
- D. (B) – (F), (C) - (G) and (D) – (H)
- E. None of the above

Answer: D

Sol: The sentence has conveyed the idea or a way in which the Finance Commission a permanent body could evolve. The idea that lies behind is that the ruling government should quit the freedom to decide in case of design and implementation of the specific purpose transfers. To frame a grammatically correct sentence, replace “articulate” with “abdicate” as “articulate” means having or showing the ability to speak fluently and coherently, which is totally out of context. “designed” should be replaced by “designing” as ‘designing and implementing’ would convey the grammatically and contextually correct sense. Moreover, “transferable” should be replaced by “transfers” as transferable is an adjective which means able to be transferred or made over to the possession of another person. while ‘transfers’ is a noun which means an act of moving something or someone to another place, organization, team, etc. Hence, option (d) is the most suitable answer choice.

Q.24 The former RBI Governor also pointed out that the eclectic evidence showed that, while the transfers mandated by the Finance Commission from the Centre to the States had been to the benefit of the poorer States, the d iscretionary spending allowed by the Centre had, in fact, only been to the benefit of the richer States.

- COLUMN (I)
- (A) eclectic
 - (B) mandated
 - (C) benefit
 - (D) discretionary
- COLUMN (II)
- (E) empirical
 - (F) rejuvenated
 - (G) befit
 - (H) derogatory

In each of the following questions given below, a sentence is given with some bold words which may contain errors. Below each of the sentence, two columns are given in which column 'I' contains the list of bold words, and in column 'II' the suggested corrections are listed. You have to choose the best alternative among the given options.

- A. (A) - (E)
- B. (B) – (F)
- C. (A) – (H)
- D. (B) – (F), (C) - (G) and (D) – (H)
- E. None of the above

Answer: A

Sol: The given passage has shown the dissatisfaction between the state and the center regarding the new GST council as it was designed as a federal body between the States and the Centre and the transfers mandated by the state are biased towards center and vice-versa. To frame a grammatically correct and contextually meaningful paragraph, replace “eclectic” which means deriving ideas, style, or taste from a broad and diverse range of sources with “empirical” which means based on, concerned with, or verifiable by observation or experience rather than theory or pure logic. All the other highlighted words are correct. Hence, option (a) is the most suitable answer choice

Q.25 Promoter pledging refers to the practice of promoters giving their shares as colloquial to financial institutions — banks, non-banking finance companies (NBFCs), mutual funds — to raise funds to meet short-term capital requirements or, at times, even for capital expansion when other avenues are difficult to tap.

- COLUMN (I)
- (A) pledging
 - (B) colloquial
 - (C) capital
 - (D) avenues
- COLUMN (II)
- (E) pleading
 - (F) collateral

- (G) citadel
- (H) revenues

In each of the following questions given below, a sentence is given with some bold words which may contain errors. Below each of the sentence, two columns are given in which column 'I' contains the list of bold words, and in column 'II' the suggested corrections are listed. You have to choose the best alternative among the given options.

- A. (A) - (E)
- B. (B) – (F)
- C. (A) – (E)
- D. (B) – (F), (C) - (G) and (D) – (H)
- E. None of the above

Answer: B

Sol: The word “colloquial” which means (of language) used in ordinary or familiar conversation; not formal or literary is incorrect and must be replaced by “collateral” to form a contextually meaningful sentence. All the other highlighted words are correct, hence, option (b) is the most suitable answer choice.

Q.26 This was one of the attempts to bridge the _____ between the two cultures.

In each of the questions given below, a sentence with one blank is given, indicating that something has been omitted. Choose the word that best fits the blank appropriately

- A. chasm
- B. wishes
- C. foible
- D. whim
- E. eccentric

Answer: A

Sol: *Chasm* means ‘a deep crack or opening in the ground or a very big difference between two people or groups,’ for example because they have different attitudes. Chasm is the only word that perfectly fits in the blank. *Whim* is a noun which means a sudden desire or change of mind, especially one that is unusual or unexplained. *Impulse* is also a synonym for whim. *Eccentric* is both a noun and an adjective meaning unconventionally strange . *Foible* means a minor weakness or eccentricity in someone's character. Hence, the correct choice is option (a)

Q.27 The _____ between the school and the local authority has gone on for two years.

In each of the questions given below, a sentence with one blank is given, indicating that something has been omitted. Choose the word that best fits the blank appropriately

- A. summon
- B. wrangle
- C. effort
- D. technical
- E. None of these

Answer: B

Sol: From the given words, only (b) fits in the sentences and form grammatically and contextually correct sentences. Hence, the correct choice is option (b).

Q.28 _____ by the new scents, she began opening bottles to smell them.

In each of the questions given below, a sentence with one blank is given, indicating that something has been omitted. Choose the word that best fits the blank appropriately

- A. intrigued
- B. flawed
- C. perfect
- D. infallible
- E. spoilt

Answer: A

Sol: To make grammatically and contextually correct sentences use of '*intrigued*' is the best option choice. *Infallible* is something or someone who is incapable of failure.
Flawed means a flaw; damaged or spoiled.
Intrigued means to make somebody very interested and want to know more about something.
Hence option (a) fits the blank best.

Q.29 The opposition have dismissed promises of tax cuts as a pre-election _____.

In each of the questions given below, a sentence with one blank is given, indicating that something has been omitted. Choose the word that best fits the blank appropriately

- A. repugnant
- B. innocuous
- C. gambit
- D. virulent
- E. None of these

Answer: C

Sol: To make grammatically and contextually correct sentence, use of '*gambit*' is the best option choice.
Gambit means a thing that somebody does, or something that somebody says at the beginning of a situation or conversation, that is intended to give them some advantage.
Repugnant means extremely distasteful or unacceptable. Innocuous simply means harmless and can't be used in either sentence. *Virulent* (meaning bitterly hostile) and annoying can only be used in the first sentence. *Execrable* on the other hand means extremely unpleasant.

Q.30 The prominent features of his character seem to have been cunning, ambition and avarice, combined with want of courage and _____ from effort.

In each of the questions given below, a sentence with one blank is given, indicating that something has been omitted. Choose the word that best fits the blank appropriately

- A. delight
- B. elation
- C. aversion
- D. function
- E. cognizance

Answer: C

Sol: The blank can be filled with the word '*aversion*' making the sentence meaningful. *Aversion* means a strong dislike or disinclination. Other words are irrelevant and do not fit in the context of the sentence here. Hence option (c) is the correct choice.
Delight means take great pleasure in.
Elation means great happiness and exhilaration.
Cognizance means knowledge or awareness

Q.31 His behaviour with all his employees is so pleasing that everyone come forward for helping him.

Which of the phrase/ word from the options (A), (B), (C) and (D) given below each sentence should replace the phrase printed in bold to make the sentence grammatically correct? If the sentence is correct as it is, mark (E) i.e., "No replacement required" as the answer.

- A. came towards him for help
- B. comes towards him for help
- C. comes forward to help him
- D. comes forward for help him
- E. No correction required

Answer: C

Sol: The phrase 'come forward for helping him is grammatically incorrect. The correct form of the phrase in the sentence is '*comes forward to help him*'

Q.32 Good life, according to many people, is to making more and more money.
Which of the phrase/ word from the options (A), (B), (C) and (D) given below each sentence should replace the phrase printed in bold to make the sentence grammatically correct? If the sentence is correct as it is, mark (E) i.e., “No replacement required” as the answer.

- A. is making
- B. is made
- C. are made
- D. are making
- E. No correction required

Answer: A

Sol: The phrase ‘is making’ is the correct form to be used here.

Q.33 With the introduction of the new system, the number of candidates who resort to unfair means is decreasing year after year.
Which of the phrase/ word from the options (A), (B), (C) and (D) given below each sentence should replace the phrase printed in bold to make the sentence grammatically correct? If the sentence is correct as it is, mark (E) i.e., “No replacement required” as the answer.

- A. resorting to
- B. to resort to
- C. resorted to
- D. to resorting
- E. No correction required

Answer: E

Sol: The phrase ‘resort to’ is the correct form to be used here.

Q.34 Religious bigots look away on anyone who does not conform to their beliefs.
Which of the phrase/ word from the options (A), (B), (C) and (D) given below each sentence should replace the phrase printed in bold to make the sentence grammatically correct? If the sentence is correct as it is, mark (E) i.e., “No replacement required” as the answer.

- A. bigots look away on
- B. bigots look down on
- C. bigots look behind on
- D. bigots look in front of
- E. No correction required

Answer: B

Sol: The phrase ‘bigots look down on’ is the correct form to be used here.

Q.35 The renewable energy sector, which has witnessed the vast payment(A) of private funding in power in the last six years, now faces (B) the real threat(C) of transforming into non-performing assets (NPAs) due to lax bulk(D) for power supplied.
In each of the following questions a grammatically correct and meaningful sentence is given with four words given in bold. Which of the following words should replace each other to form a meaningful and grammatically correct sentence?

- A. A-D
- B. C-D and A-B
- C. C-D
- D. A-D and B-C
- E. No Correction Required

Answer: A

Sol: The words positioned at (A) and (D) are incorrectly placed.
‘The renewable energy sector, which has witnessed the vast bulk of private f
transforming into non-performing assets (NPAs) due to lax payment for po
power in the last six years, now faces the real threat of
d’ is a meaningful sentence.

So, interchanging the words present at (A) with (D) would yield a grammatically correct and contextually meaningful s
correct answer

Q.36 Low-income populations are possess(A) to causes of air pollution because they do not overexposed(B) the defend(C) strength to financial(D) themselves against it.

In each of the following questions a grammatically correct and meaningful sentence is given with four words given in bold. Which of the following words should replace each other to form a meaningful and grammatically correct sentence?

- A. A-D
- B. D-C and A-B
- C. C-B
- D. A-D and B-C
- E. No Correction Required

Answer: B

Sol: The words positioned at (D) and (C) and at (A) and (B) are incorrectly placed.
‘Low-income populations are overexposed to causes of air pollution because they do not possess the financial strength to defend themselves against it’ is a meaningful sentence.
So, interchanging the words present at (A) with (B) and (C) with (D) would yield a grammatically correct and contextually meaningful sentence. Hence, option (b) is the correct answer

Q.37 The Supreme Court asked the government why it was appointments(A) back reiteration(B) for holding(C) to various High Courts even after recommendations(D) by the Collegium.

In each of the following questions a grammatically correct and meaningful sentence is given with four words given in bold. Which of the following words should replace each other to form a meaningful and grammatically correct sentence?

- A. A-D and B-C
- B. B-C
- C. A-D
- D. A-C and B-D
- E. No Correction Required

Answer: D

Sol: The words positioned at (A) and (C) and at (B) and (D) are incorrectly placed.
‘The Supreme Court asked the government why it was holding back recommendations for appointments to various High Courts even after reiteration by the Collegium’ is a meaningful sentence.
So, interchanging the words present at (A) with (C) and (B) with (D) would yield a grammatically correct and contextually meaningful sentence. Hence, option (d) is the correct answer.

Q.38 Yet another implication of the RCEP negotiating/ (B) mandate on tariff elimination for India/(C) was that China would had had/ (D) to be given similar levels of market access.

Read the sentence to find out whether there is any error in it. The error, if any, will be in one part of the sentence. If the given sentence is correct as given, mark the answer as "No error". Ignore the errors of punctuation, if any.

- A. Yet another implication of the RCEP negotiating
- B. mandate on tariff elimination for India
- C. was that China would had had
- D. to be given similar levels of market access
- E. No Error

Answer: C

Sol: There is a grammatical error in (c) part of the sentence. Use of past or past participle form after a modal verb is incorrect. Hence, ‘would had had’ has to be replace with ‘would have had’

Q.39 The strategy of these countries is/ (B) to ensure that India reduce sugar subsidies, /(C) which would threaten the/ (D) viability of sugar producers in the country.

Read the sentence to find out whether there is any error in it. The error, if any, will be in one part of the sentence. If the given sentence is correct as given, mark the answer as "No error". Ignore the errors of punctuation, if any.

- A. The strategy of these countries is
- B. to ensure that India reduces sugar subsidies,
- C. which would threaten the
- D. viability of sugar producers in the country.
- E. No Error

Answer: B

Sol: There is a grammatical error in (b) part of the sentence. ‘Reduce’ has to be replaced with ‘reduces’ to make the sentence grammatically correct.

Q.40 The present structure of tariff protection is so designed/ (B) that together with the relatively and generally lower tariffs /(C) on most manufactured imports, moderately high / (D) tariffs are imposed on agricultural imports.

Read the sentence to find out whether there is any error in it. The error, if any, will be in one part of the sentence. If the given sentence is correct as given, mark the answer as "No error". Ignore the errors of punctuation, if any.

- A. The present structure of tariff protection is so designed
- B. that together with the relatively and generally lower tariffs
- C. on most manufactured imports, moderately high
- D. tariffs are imposed on agricultural imports.
- E. No Error

Answer: B

Sol: In (b) use of comparative degree after ‘relatively’ is incorrect.
Hence, answer would be option (b).
