

SBI Clerk Pre 2024-25 Memory Based Paper Based on 22nd February 1st Shift

Directions (1-5): In the sentence below, four words have been highlighted which may be misspelt or inappropriate in their usage. Mark the erroneous word as the answer and if all the words are correct in their spellings and usage, choose 'All are correct' as the answer.

Q1. She **asked** her brother to **acompany** her to the **market** so she wouldn't have to carry all the **heavy** bags alone.

- (a) asked
- (b) heavy
- (c) market
- (d) accompan
- (e) All are co

Q2. Everyone **attended** the **meeting** and **expect**ed a **feeling** of **accomplishment** when they **reached** the **Italian restaurant** they **visited** last **year**.

- (a) attended
- (b) expect
- (c) meeting
- (d) feeling
- (e) All are co

Q3. We **decided** to **open** a **dinner** **restuarant** **recently** in the **city**.

- (a) dinner
- (b) opened
- (c) restuarant
- (d) recently
- (e) All are co

Q4. She **received** a **beautiful** **form** from her **friend**.

- (a) friend
- (b) beautiful
- (c) received
- (d) form
- (e) All are correct

Q5. She felt a deep **sense** of **contantment** as she sat by the **fireplace**, **sipping** tea and reading her favorite book.

- (a) contantment
- (b) fireplace
- (c) sipping
- (d) sense
- (e) All are correct



Directions (6-8): In the question, one word is given in bold and correspondence to that, three sentences are given each containing that word. Choose the option depicting the sentence(s) that have/ has the correct usage of the word.

Q6. BATCH

(I) The bakery prepared a fresh **batch** of cookies every morning to satisfy its customers.

(II) She earned a **batch** for completing the advanced level of the training program.

(III) The professor graded the first **batch** of exam papers before taking a break.

(a) Only (I)

(b) Both (I) and (III)

(c) Only (III)

(d) All (I), (II) and (III)

(e) Only (II)

Q7. SLIP

(I) She tried to slip the paper.

(II) He wrote a slip of paper.

(III) She could not slip the loudspeaker.

(a) Only (III)

(b) Only (II)

(c) Both (I) and (II)

(d) Both (I) and (III)

(e) All (I), (II) and (III)

Q8. RATE

(I) The interest rate on his loan had been rising steadily for many years.

(II) Doctors at the hospital said that the hospital was one of the best in the country.

(III) The birth rate in many developed countries has been declining over the years.

(a) Only (I)

(b) Both (I) and (III)

(c) Only (III)

(d) All (I), (II) and (III)

(e) Only (II)



Directions (9-12): The following question contains a sentence which has been divided into four parts which might not be in their correct order of narrative. The sentence is then followed by five options, one of which gives the sequence of the rearranged parts to make the sentence meaningful. Choose the option which gives the correct sequence of the parts. If the sentence is already arranged in the correct sequence, then mark option " No rearrangement required " as the answer.

Q9. (A) began, 12 jurors were

(B) before the trial

(C) a pool of candidates

(D) randomly selected from

-
- (a) BDCA
 - (b) BADC
 - (c) ADCB
 - (d) ABDC
 - (e) No rearrangement required

Q10. (A) useless stuff, and imaginary

- (B) things, so we can't
- (C) the world is full of nonsense,
- (D) believe everything

- (a) ABDC
- (b) ADCB
- (c) CABD
- (d) DBCA
- (e) No rearr

Q11. (A) and

- (B) have a g
- (C) rushed i
- (D) crowds o

- (a) BDCA
- (b) DABC
- (c) BACD
- (d) DCBA
- (e) No rearr

Q12. (A) tha of his

- (B) citizens food
- (C) the dicta
- (D) inhuman

- (a) CBAD
- (b) CBDA
- (c) CDAB
- (d) CADB

- (e) No rearrangement required



Directions (13-19): Read the following passage and answer the given questions.

Road traffic is an essential part of modern life, enabling transportation and commerce. However, it also poses serious risks, including rising accidents, life-threatening injuries, and increasing road rage. Reckless driving, poor infrastructure, and inadequate law enforcement have turned roads into dangerous spaces where lives are lost every day. Addressing these issues requires collective action to **restore** discipline and ensure safer travel for all.

One of the most alarming consequences of uncontrolled traffic is the high _____ of accidents. Speeding, distracted driving, and driving under the influence are major contributors to fatal crashes. Many drivers neglect basic safety rules, such as wearing seat belts or maintaining safe distances, further increasing risks. Poorly maintained roads and insufficient traffic signals worsen the situation. Victims often suffer severe injuries, including fractures, paralysis, and brain trauma, leaving them permanently disabled. The financial burden of medical treatment and loss of livelihood devastates many families. Hit-and-run cases, where offenders escape accountability, highlight the urgent need for stricter enforcement.

Road rage is another growing issue threatening public safety. Frustration due to traffic congestion often leads to aggressive behavior. In extreme cases, individuals resort to violence, sometimes resulting in physical assaults or even shooting incidents. What begins as a minor dispute can escalate into a crime, endangering lives.

peacefully with dialogue. Traffic police play a crucial role in regulating traffic, preventing accidents, and enforcing laws. Increased surveillance and stricter penalties for irresponsible driving are also necessary.

An effective strategy to reduce accidents is through public awareness campaigns. Celebrities and influencers can play a significant role in promoting responsible driving. Their participation in campaigns and social media posts can encourage safer driving. To combat road accidents, a concerted effort from the government, law enforcement, and the public is essential. By enforcing laws, improving infrastructure, and promoting responsible driving, we can work towards a safer road environment.

Q13. Select the most appropriate word to replace 'shooting' in the following sentence from the passage.

- (a) Stabbing
- (b) Firing
- (c) Striking
- (d) Beating
- (e) Kicking

Q14. According to the passage, which of the following are primary causes of road accidents?

- (I) Speeding, distracted driving, and driving under the influence.
 - (II) Poorly maintained roads and lack of proper traffic signals.
 - (III) The increasing number of vehicles on the road.
- (a) Only (I)
 - (b) Both (I) and (II)
 - (c) Only (III)
 - (d) Both (II) and (III)
 - (e) All (I), (II), and (III)

Q15. Select the most appropriate word to replace "restore" in the following sentence from the passage.

- (a) Reinstate
- (b) Abandon
- (c) Destroy
- (d) Rejuvenate
- (e) Replicate

Q16. Select the most appropriate word to fill in the blank in the following sentence from the passage.

- (a) Decline
- (b) Rate
- (c) Solution
- (d) Reduction
- (e) Prevention

Q17. According to the passage, which of the following is/are true?

- (I) They encourage public awareness.
- (II) Their impact is felt among drivers.
- (III) They have reduced reckless driving incidents.

- (a) Only (I)
- (b) Both (I) and (II)
- (c) Only (III)
- (d) Both (II) and (III)
- (e) All (I), (II), and (III)

Q18. Which of the following statements is/are TRUE according to the passage?

- (I) Poorly maintained roads and a lack of proper traffic signals contribute to the high number of accidents.

- (II) Road rage incidents are primarily caused by the presence of smartphones and social media.
- (III) Celebrity endorsements have significantly reduced reckless driving behavior.

- (a) Only (I)
- (b) Both (II) and (III)
- (c) Only (III)

- (d) Both (I) and (III)

- (e) All (I), (II), and (III)

Q19. Which of the following statements is/are FALSE according to the passage?

- (I) Installing traffic cameras has completely eliminated reckless driving.

- (II) Road rage incidents never escalate into violent confrontations.

- (III) The passage suggests that reducing the number of vehicles is the best way to prevent accidents.

- (a) Only (I)

- (b) Both (I) and (II)

- (c) Only (III)

- (d) Both (II) and (III)

- (e) All (I), (II), and (III)

Directions (20-24): Read the sentence to find out whether there is any grammatical or idiomatic error in it. The error, if any, will be in one part of the sentence. The letter of that part is the answer. If the given sentence is grammatically and contextually correct, then choose option “No error” as your answer response. (Ignore errors of punctuation, if any).

Q20. Industrial waste and (A)/ sewage has heavily polluted (B)/ the Ganga, endangering (C)/ aquatic life and human health. (D)

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) No error

Q21. India's (A)/ rural population is (B)/ highly vulnerable (C)/ to natural disasters. (D)

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) No error

Q22. The Union Minister (A)/ sparked controversy (B)/ by highlighting (C)/ regional disparities (D) for a more inclusive growth.

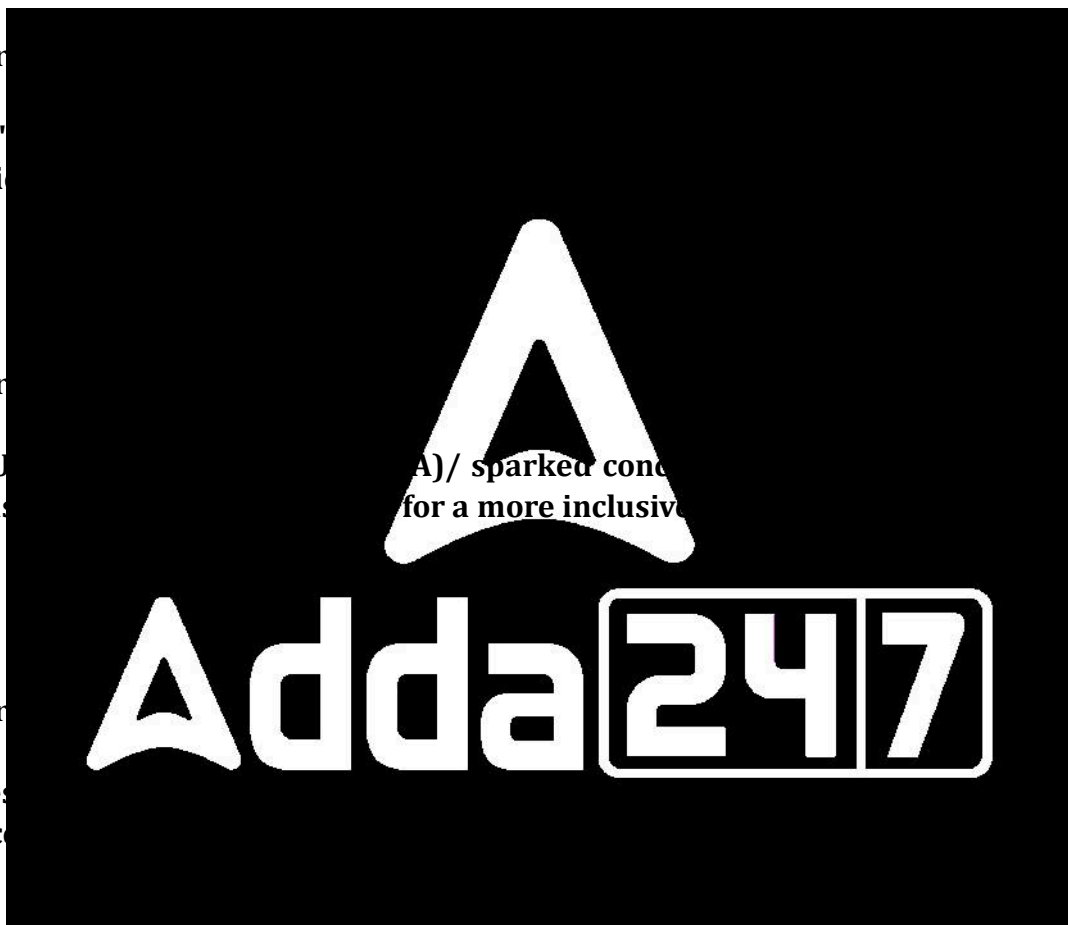
- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) No error

Q23. The explosion (A)/ at the police office (B)/ resulted in (C)/ the death of (D) several people.

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) No error

Q24. Most teachers in (A)/ school expect you to being (B)/ polite to both the (C)/ teachers and the other students. (D)

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) No error



Directions (25-30): In the following passage there are blanks, each of which has been denoted by a letter. For each blank, five options are given. Choose the most appropriate word from the options that fits the blank appropriately.

Bees are not only important for producing honey but also play a crucial role in pollination. They fly _____(A) flowers, collecting nectar and pollen. This process helps _____(B) the reproduction of many plants. Bees transfer pollen _____(C) one flower to another, allowing plants to grow fruits and seeds. Without bees, many crops would struggle to grow, which would have a serious impact _____(D) food production. Farmers depend _____(E) bees to increase their harvest. It is important to take care _____(F) these pollinators to maintain a healthy environment.

Q25. Which of the following word best fits in blank A?

- (a) near
- (b) happy
- (c) strong
- (d) cold
- (e) bright

Q26. Which of the following word best fits in blank B?

- (a) grow
- (b) jump
- (c) sleep
- (d) dry
- (e) heavy

Q27. Which of the following word best fits in blank C?

- (a) tall
- (b) water
- (c) from
- (d) soft
- (e) long

Q28. Which of the following word best fits in blank D?

- (a) on
- (b) fast
- (c) warm
- (d) loud
- (e) short

Q29. Which of the following word best fits in blank E?

- (a) over
- (b) under
- (c) upper
- (d) on
- (e) open



Q30. Which of the following word best fits in blank F?

- (a) in
- (b) kind
- (c) of
- (d) slow
- (e) clean

Directions (31-40): What will come in the place of questions (?) mark in following questions.

Q31. $156 \times 5 - 16 \times 9 = ? \times 318$

- (a) 1
- (b) 4
- (c) 3
- (d) 2
- (e) 5

Q32. $254 + ? = 156$

- (a) 166
- (b) 156
- (c) 126
- (d) 136
- (e) 146

Q33. $450 - 60 = ?$

- (a) 830
- (b) 827
- (c) 780
- (d) 770
- (e) 800

Q34. $120 \times ? = 1200$

- (a) 400
- (b) 100
- (c) 200
- (d) 300
- (e) 500

Q35. $\sqrt{625} + ?^2 = 13^2$

- (a) 10
- (b) 16
- (c) 8
- (d) 12
- (e) 14



Q36. $(7 \times 5 - 8) \div 9 + 3 = ?$

- (a) 6
- (b) 0
- (c) 1
- (d) 2
- (e) 7

Q37. $245 + \sqrt{225} \times 2 - ? = 200$

- (a) 95
- (b) 90
- (c) 85
- (d) 80
- (e) 75

Q38. $36 + 30\% \text{ of } 750 - 136 = ?^3$

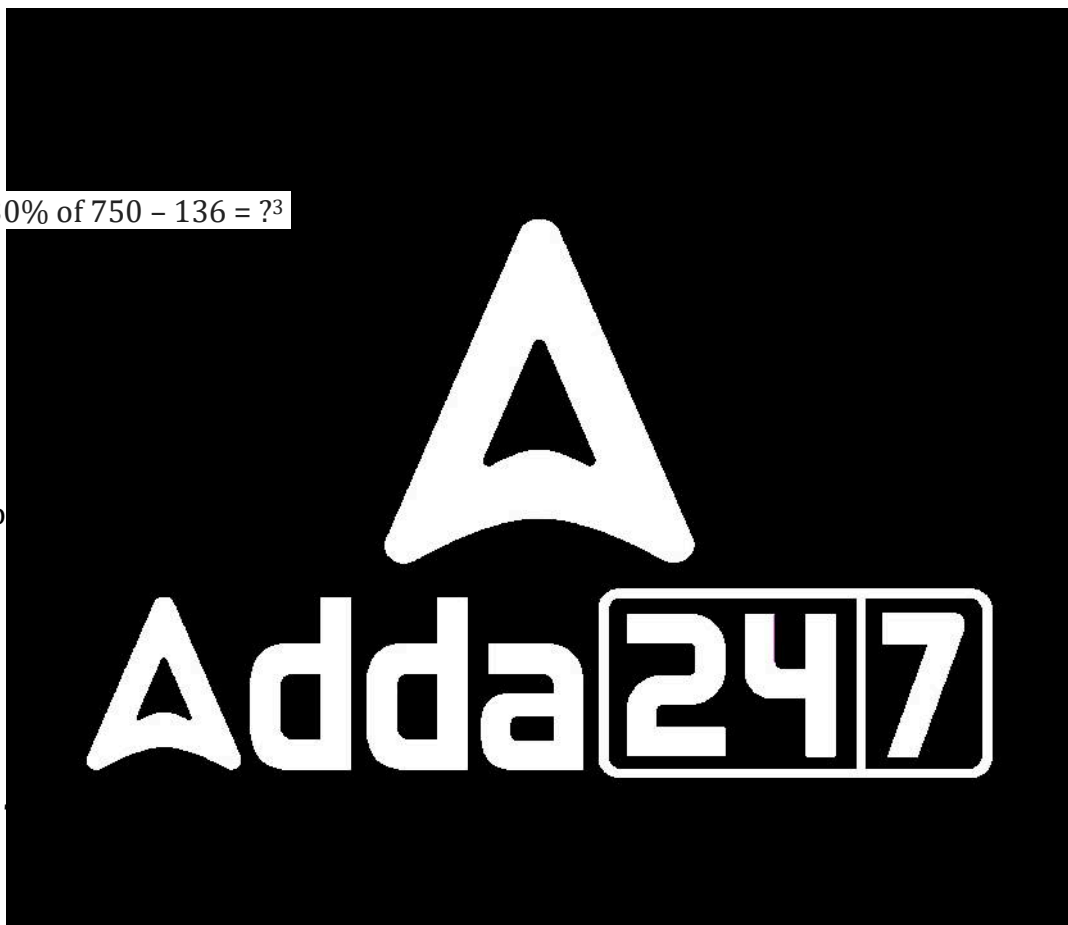
- (a) 7
- (b) 3
- (c) 4
- (d) 5
- (e) 1

Q39. 45% of

- (a) 4
- (b) 3
- (c) 2
- (d) 5
- (e) 6

Q40. $? \times 4 - 1$

- (a) 86
- (b) 84
- (c) 88
- (d) 85
- (e) 87



Directions (41-45): The table given below shows the information about the movie ticket sold by three malls A, B and C in the month of January February, March.

Month/malls	A	B	C
January	120	125	110
February	150	90	100
March	140	100	150

Q41. If the ratio of movie ticket sold by B in April to movie ticket sold by C in February is 4:1, then find the movie ticket sold by B in April.

- (a) 400
- (b) 500
- (c) 240
- (d) 480
- (e) 800

Q42. Find the average number of tickets sold by B in February, C in March and A in January.

- (a) 140
- (b) 120
- (c) 200
- (d) 180
- (e) 100

Q43. The movie ticket sold by A in February is what percent more or less than movie ticket sold by C in February?

- (a) 100%
- (b) 120%
- (c) 40%
- (d) 160%
- (e) 150%

Q44. Find the ratio of tickets sold by B in March to tickets sold by A in February.

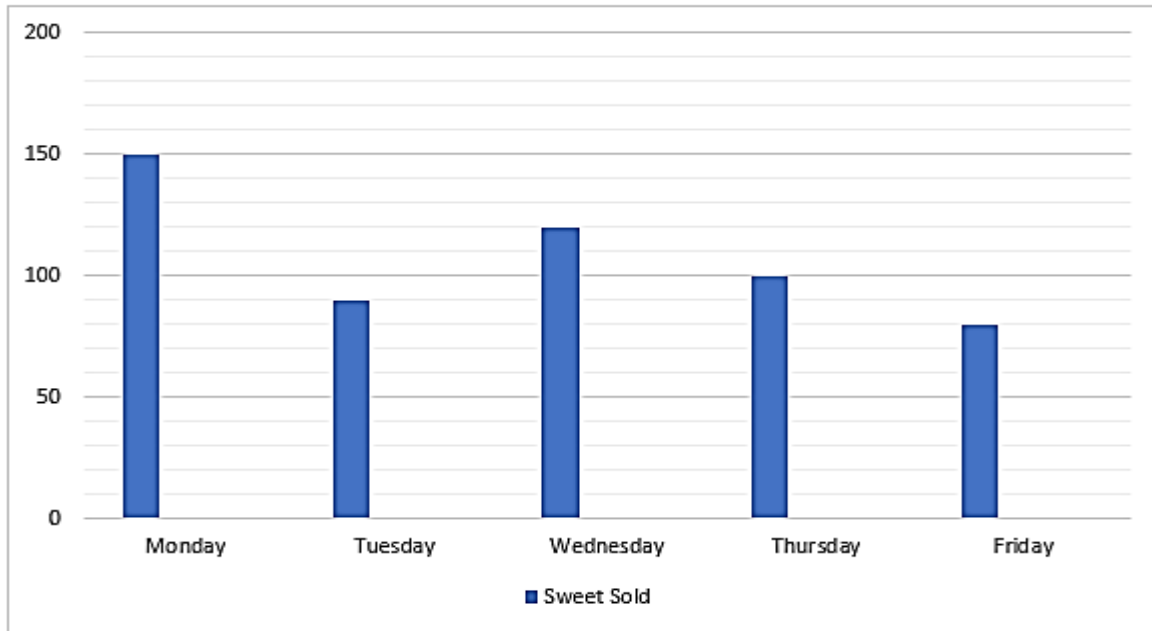
- (a) 1:4
- (b) 2:3
- (c) 2:5
- (d) 8:1
- (e) 1:1

Q45. Movie ticket sold by B in March is what percent more or less than movie ticket sold by C in February?

- (a) 20%
- (b) 190%
- (c) 40%
- (d) 0%
- (e) 150%



Directions (46-50): The bar graph given below shows the number of sweets sold by the shopkeeper A from Monday to Friday.



Q46. If 40% of the sweets sold on Monday were sold on Tuesday, then how many sweets were sold on Tuesday?

- (a) 140
- (b) 120
- (c) 200
- (d) 180
- (e) 100

Q47. Find the difference between sweets sold on Monday & Tuesday & together with sweets sold on Friday.

- (a) 140
- (b) 160
- (c) 200
- (d) 180
- (e) 100

Q48. Sweets sold on Tuesday is what percentage more or less than sweets sold on Thursday

- (a) 20%
- (b) 19%
- (c) 10%
- (d) 5%
- (e) 15%

Q49. Find the average number of sweets sold all days except Wednesday.

- (a) 105
- (b) 120
- (c) 200
- (d) 180
- (e) 100

Q50. Find the ratio of total sweets sold on Tuesday to total sweets sold on Friday.

- (a) 8:9
- (b) 8:3
- (c) 9:5
- (d) 1:1
- (e) 9:8

Q51. A man invested Rs. 10000 in two schemes A and B. Scheme A offers simple interest at 10% per annum and scheme B offers simple interest at 12% per annum. After 2 years the man received total interest of Rs. 2400. Find the amount invested in scheme B.

- (a) 5000
- (b) 1500
- (c) 3000
- (d) 3500
- (e) 4500

Q52. A man spends 25% of his monthly income on food. From the remaining he spends 20% on rent. If he spends 40% of the remaining income on education and saves Rs. 9200, then find the monthly income of man.

- (a) 30000 Rs.
- (b) 50000 Rs.
- (c) 60000 Rs.
- (d) 40000 Rs.
- (e) 48000 Rs.

Q53. A car covers 120 km distance in 5 hours. If the car covers 84 km distance with original speed and 135 km distance with 25% increased speed, then find the total time taken by the car to cover the total distance (in hours)?

- (a) 6
- (b) 8
- (c) 4
- (d) 12
- (e) 9

Q54. In a town 40% are male and rest are female. If 40% of total female are graduate and total non-graduate female are 540, then find the number of males in the town?

- (a) 900
- (b) 500
- (c) 400
- (d) 600
- (e) 1200

Q55. Reema and Seema started a business with an investment of Rs X and Rs X + 500 for a year. If the profit is Rs 6000, then find the share of Seema in the profit.

- (a) 3000
- (b) 2500
- (c) 2000
- (d) 3500
- (e) 1500

Q56. A shopkeeper marks an article at a 20% profit. If he sells it at a 20% discount, then the profit is Rs 690. Find the cost price of the article.

- (a) Rs 690
- (b) Rs 380
- (c) Rs 560
- (d) Rs 240
- (e) Rs 700

Q57. The present age of Sonu and Mohu is 15, respectively and the present age of Vinita is 11 years more than that of Mohu. In the present age of Vinita is twice the age of Sonu. Find the age of Sonu.

- (a) 27 years
- (b) 20 years
- (c) 22 years
- (d) 24 years
- (e) 26 years

Q58. A vessel contains 70 liters of milk and water in the ratio of 3:7. If the X liters of milk and 56 liters of water are added to the mixture, then the ratio of the milk to water becomes 3:5. Find X.

- (a) 48
- (b) 42
- (c) 35
- (d) 56
- (e) 63

Q59. A, B and C can do a work in 48 days, 72 days and 54 days respectively. If A and B together can do a work for 8 days, then find the time taken (in days) by C to complete the remaining work.

- (a) 44
- (b) 31
- (c) 43
- (d) 34
- (e) 39

Q60. The total time taken by a boat to cover 105 km upstream and 105 km downstream in 7.5 hours. If the ratio of the speed of boat in downstream to upstream is 2:1 respectively, then find the speed of the boat in still water.

- (a) 44.5
- (b) 31.5
- (c) 43.5
- (d) 34.5
- (e) 39.5

Q61. A train crosses a platform in 34 seconds and a pole in 18 seconds. Find the length of the platform and the speed of the train.

- (a) 840 m
- (b) 600 m
- (c) 800 m
- (d) 700 m
- (e) 900 m

Q62. The circumference of two circles is 88 meters and 132 meters. What is the radius of the larger circle?

- (a) 14 meters
- (b) 35 meters
- (c) 7 meters
- (d) 21 meters
- (e) 42 meters

Directions (63-65): What will be come in the place of question (?) mark in the following number series.

Q63. 91, 112, 136, 164, 197, ?

- (a) 227
- (b) 229
- (c) 231
- (d) 236
- (e) 235

(a) 1092
(b) 1089
(c) 1096
(d) 1192
(e) 1082

(a) 125
(b) 132
(c) 129
(d) 168
(e) 120

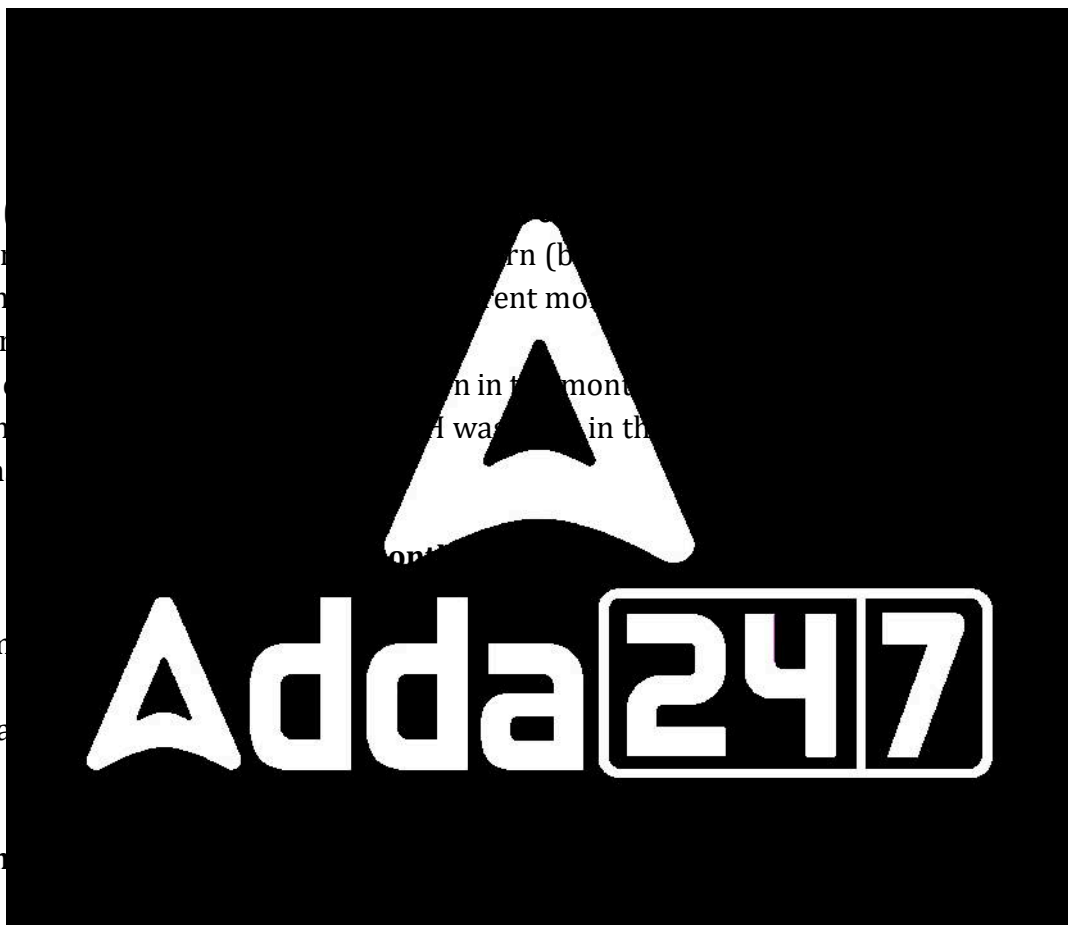
Eight persons
two different
persons were
D was born o
Four persons
Two persons

(a) 8 May
(b) 8 November
(c) 27 May
(d) 27 January
(e) 8 June

(a) Five
(b) One
(c) Two
(d) Three
(e) Four

(a) C
(b) H
(c) G
(d) B
(e) E

as given) on
number. No two
same dates.
just after B.



Q69. Four of the following five are similar in a certain pattern, who among the following is dissimilar to others?

- (a) A
- (b) D
- (c) H
- (d) B
- (e) G

Q70. Which of the following statement is correct?

- I. D was born after A
- II. G and C were born in same month
- III. H was born before B

- (a) Only I
- (b) Only I and II
- (c) Only II
- (d) Only I and III
- (e) Only III

Directions

below:

Eight persons A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H are sitting in a row facing north in the same order. D sits third from the left. E sits second to the right of C and F sits fourth to the right of C. G sits to the immediate neighbour of E. H sits to the immediate neighbour of G.

Q71. Who sits to the immediate left of H?

- (a) G
- (b) D
- (c) E
- (d) F
- (e) None of these

Q72. Which

- (a) E sits at one of the extreme ends of the row
- (b) F and G are immediate neighbours
- (c) Only one person sits between G and C
- (d) A sits immediate left of B
- (e) H and E are immediate neighbours

Q73. If F and A, interchange their positions, who will sit to the immediate right of A?

- (a) B
- (b) G
- (c) D
- (d) H
- (e) None of these



Q74. Which of the following pairs represents the persons sitting at the extreme ends?

- (a) E and C
- (b) E and D
- (c) C and B
- (d) B and D
- (e) None of these

Q75. What is the position of C with respect to D?

- (a) Third to the right
- (b) Fourth to the left
- (c) Immediate right
- (d) Third to the left
- (e) Immediate left

Directions (Q76-Q78):

3 7 4 9 8 6 5

Questions:

Q76. Which number is second in the series?

- (a) 7
- (b) 8
- (c) 2
- (d) 4
- (e) 3

Q77. How many even numbers are there in the series?

- (a) One
- (b) Two
- (c) Three
- (d) Four
- (e) More than four

Q78. Which number is third in the series?

- (a) 3
- (b) 4
- (c) 8
- (d) 2
- (e) 7

Q79. How many even numbers are immediately preceded by an odd number and immediately followed by an even number?

- (a) One
- (b) Two
- (c) Three
- (d) Four
- (e) Five



Q80. What will the sum of 7th element from left end and 4th even number from right end?

- (a) 11
- (b) 10
- (c) 13
- (d) 8
- (e) 9

Directions (81-83): In these questions, the relationship between different elements is shown in the statements. The statements are followed by two conclusions. Study the conclusions based on the given statements and select the correct answer.

Q81. Statement:

Conclusion:

I. $O \leq Z$

II. $B > D$

- (a) If only conclusion I is true
- (b) If only conclusion II is true
- (c) If either conclusion I or II is true
- (d) If both conclusions I and II are true
- (e) If neither conclusion I nor II is true

Q82. Statement:

Conclusion:

I. $J > U$

II. $P > G$

- (a) If only conclusion I is true
- (b) If only conclusion II is true
- (c) If either conclusion I or II is true
- (d) If both conclusions I and II are true
- (e) If neither conclusion I nor II is true

Q83. Statements: $Y < K = S \geq J < I > E < C \leq D$

Conclusions:

I. $K < D$

II. $S \geq D$

- (a) If only conclusion I is true
- (b) If only conclusion II is true
- (c) If either conclusion I or II is true
- (d) If both conclusions I and II are true
- (e) If neither conclusion I nor II is true



Directions (84-88): Study the following information carefully and answer the question given below:

Eight persons - H, M, A, G, K, O, C and D are sitting around a square shaped table in such a way that four of them sit at four corners of the table while remaining four sit in the middle of the four sides, but not necessarily in the same order. The one who sits at the four corners faces the center while those who sits in the middle of the sides face outside.

K sits immediate left of H. G sits second to the left of K. Three persons sit between A and M. M sits immediate left of G. Only two persons sit between H and O. O sits at one of the corners but does not sit adjacent to M. D sits third to the left of G.

Q84. Who among the following person sits opposite to G?

- (a) D
- (b) C
- (c) O
- (d) M
- (e) A

Q85. What is the position of M?

- (a) Third to the left of H
- (b) Third to the right of H
- (c) Fourth to the left of H
- (d) Fifth to the left of H
- (e) Second to the left of H

Q86. How many persons sit between A and G when counted clockwise from A?

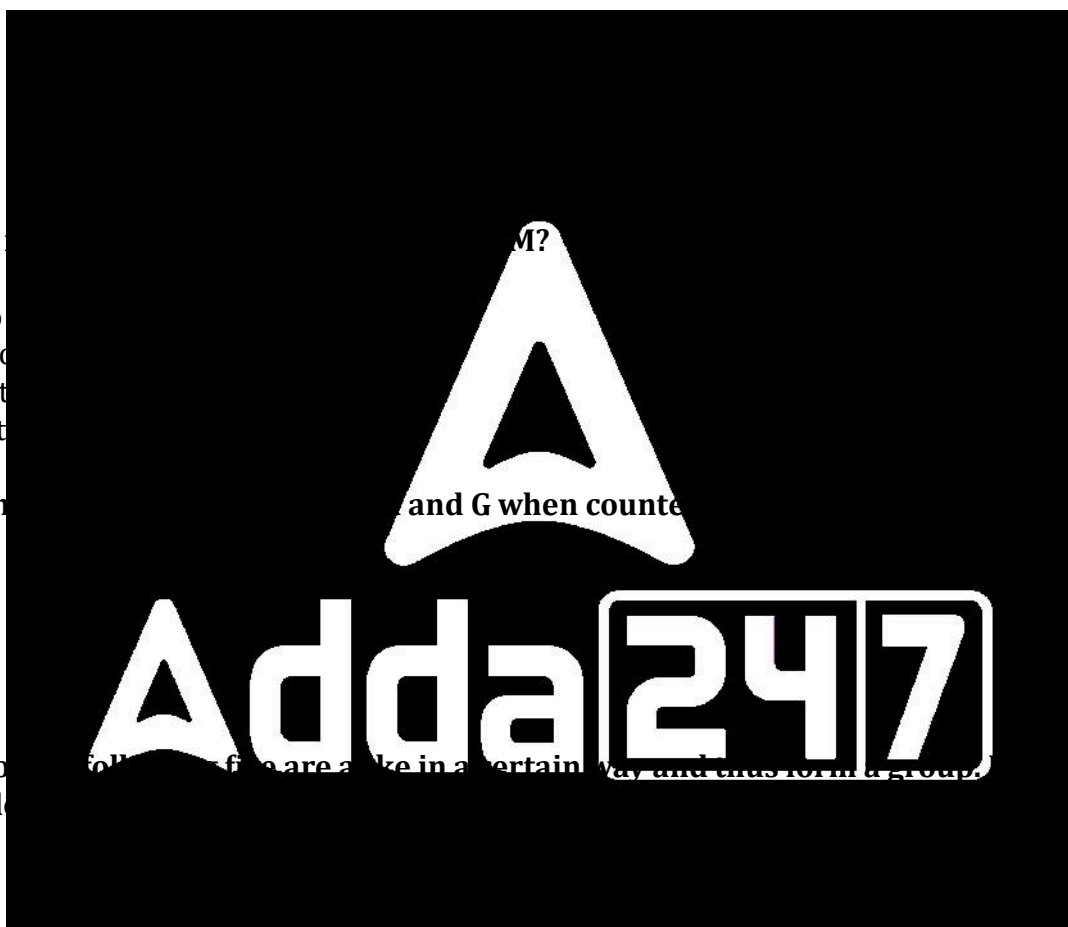
- (a) One
- (b) Two
- (c) Five
- (d) Three
- (e) Four

Q87. Four of the following persons are alike in a certain way and thus form a group. Which one of the following persons does not belong to that group?

- (a) M
- (b) H
- (c) A
- (d) D
- (e) K

Q88. Which among the following statement(s) is/are true?

- I. C sits second to the left of G
 - II. G sits opposite to A
 - III. Two persons sit between M and K when counting from left of M.
- (a) Only I
 - (b) Only III
 - (c) Only II
 - (d) Both I and III
 - (e) All I, II and III



Directions (89-91): In the questions below, some statements are given followed by two conclusions. You have to take the given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance with commonly known facts. Read all the statements and decide which of the given conclusion logically follows from the statements. Give answer:

Q89. Statement: All key is rubber.

Only a few rubber is dot.

Some Dot is paper.

Conclusions:

I. Some key is paper.

II. No paper is key.

(a) Only I follows

(b) Only II follows

(c) Either I or II follows

(d) Neither I nor II follows

(e) Both I and II follow

Q90. Statement:

Some soil is iron.

No feather is iron.

Conclusion:

I. All feather is soil.

II. Some soil is feather.

(a) Only I follows

(b) Only II follows

(c) Either I or II follows

(d) Neither I nor II follows

(e) Both I and II follow

Q91. Statement:

All scale is graph.

Some graph is brick.

Conclusions:

I. No brick is scale.

II. All money is graph.

(a) Only I follows

(b) Only II follows

(c) Either I or II follow

(d) Neither I nor II follow

(e) Both I and II follow



Directions (92-94): Study the following information carefully and answer the question given below:

A certain number of people are sitting in a row facing north. A sits fifth to the left of B. E is an immediate neighbour of B. F sits second to the left of A and second from one of the extreme ends of the row. Only one person sits between B and G. E is not an immediate neighbour of G. K sits fourth to the right of G. No one sits to the right of K. Five persons sit between K and T.

Q92. Who among the following person sits fourth to the right of T?

- (a) E
- (b) G
- (c) A
- (d) F
- (e) B

Q93. Who among the following person sits second from the left?

- (a) B
- (b) G
- (c) E
- (d) T
- (e) Unknown

Q94. How many persons sit between A and K?

- (a) 13
- (b) 14
- (c) 15
- (d) 11
- (e) 12

Directions (95-97): Study the following information carefully and answer the question given below.

There are eight persons in a three-generation family with three married couples. M is father of O. Q is the daughter-in-law of G. Q is the mother of S. S is the grandchild of M. P is the sister of M. S and T are siblings. T is the only son of O. L and P are married.

Q95. How is G related to T?

- (a) Mother
- (b) Granddaughter
- (c) Grandmother
- (d) Grandfather
- (e) None of these



(a) Three
(b) Five
(c) Four
(d) Two
(e) None of these

- (a) G
- (b) P
- (c) Q
- (d) T
- (e) Can't be

(a) One
(b) Two
(c) Three
(d) Four
(e) More than four

(a) None
(b) Two
(c) Four
(d) Three
(e) One

(a) N
(b) Y
(c) E
(d) Z
(e) V

Solutions

S1. Ans.(d)

Sol. Answer: (d) accompany (Incorrect spelling)

Correct spelling: accompany

Meaning of "accompany":

In English: To go somewhere with someone or to exist at the same time as something else.

In Hindi: साथ जाना, संगति करना

Meanings of the words in both English and Hindi:

1. Asked

- English
- Hindi

2. Heavy

- English
- Hindi

3. Market

- English
- Hindi

4. Accompany

- English
- Hindi

S2. Ans.(b)

Sol. The correct word is

(b) expect

Explanation:

The word "except" is used to exclude something from a group. The correct word should be "expect" which means "anticipating" or "looking forward to".

Correction:

"Everyone attended the meeting."

Here are the meanings of all the words in both English and Hindi:

1. **Attended** (verb)

- **English:** To be present at an event or place.
- **Hindi:** उपस्थित होना (Upasthit hona)

2. **Expect** (verb) (incorrect usage in the sentence, should be "except")

- **English:** To anticipate or look forward to something happening.
- **Hindi:** उम्मीद करना (Umeed karna)

3. **Except** (preposition) (correct word for the sentence instead of "expect")

- **English:** Excluding or apart from.
- **Hindi:** के अलावा (Ke alawa)

4. **Meeting** (noun)

- **English:** A gathering of people for discussion or decision-making.
- **Hindi:** बैठक (Baithak)

5. **Feeling** (noun/verb)

- **English:** An emotional or physical sensation.
- **Hindi:** अनुभूति / महसूस करना (Anubhuti / Mahsoos karna)

S3. Ans.(c)

Sol. The incorrect word is:

(c) restuarant → The correct spelling is **restaurant**.

Here are the meanings of all the words in both English and Hindi:

1. **Dinner** (दinner)
2. **Opened** (खोला)
3. **Restaurant** (रेस्टोरेंट)
4. **Recently** (हाल में)

S4. Ans.(d)

Sol. Correct (The correct word is "form")

The correct word is "form" in the sentence.

Here are the meanings of all the words in both English and Hindi:

1. **Friend** (दोस्त)
2. **Beautiful** (सुंदर)
3. **Receive** (प्राप्त करना)
4. **Form** (रूप)
5. **From** (से)

S5. Ans.(a)

Sol. The incorrect word is:

(a) contant

Meanings of

1. **Contentment** (संतोष) – A state of happiness and satisfaction.
2. **Fireplace** (अंगीठी/चूल्हा) – A space for a fire, usually in a house.
3. **Sipping** (घूँट भरना) – Drinking something slowly in small amounts.
4. **Sense** (अर्थ/भावना) – A feeling or perception about something.

S6. Ans.(b)

Sol. Meaning of "Batch":

English:

1. A group of things or people produced or dealt with together.
2. A specific quantity of something made at one time.

Hindi:

1. एक समूह या गुट जिसमें एक साथ बनाई या संभाली गई चीजें शामिल होती हैं।
2. किसी चीज की एक निश्चित मात्रा जो एक बार में बनाई जाती है।

Analysis of Given Sentences:

✓ (I) "The bakery prepared a fresh batch of cookies every morning to satisfy its customers."

✓ Correct Usage – Here, "batch" correctly refers to a **specific quantity** of cookies baked at one time.

✗ (II) "She earned a batch for completing the advanced level of the training program."

✗ Incorrect Usage – The word "batch" is wrongly used instead of "badge." A "badge" is an emblem or token of achievement, not a batch.

✓ (III) "The professor graded the first batch of exam papers before taking a break."

✓ Correct Usage – "Batch" correctly refers to a **group of exam papers** graded together.

Correct Answer:

(b) Both (I) and (III)

S7. Ans.(d)

Sol. Meaning of "Batch":

English:

1. To lose or be lost without intention.
2. A small piece of paper.
3. To move or be moved without being noticed.

Hindi:

1. फिसलना (गिरना)
2. पर्ची (एक टुकड़ा कागज)
3. चुपचाप या बिना ध्यान दिए

Analysis of Given Sentences:

(I) She tried to catch the car as it drove away but couldn't avoid a slip and fall.

✓ Correct Usage – "Slip" is correctly used as a noun meaning a loss of balance or falling.

(II) He wrote his phone number on a small slip of paper and handed it to her.

✓ Correct Usage – "Slip" is correctly used as a noun meaning a small piece of paper.

(III) She couldn't keep her balance while walking on the icy path.

✗ Incorrect Usage – "Slip" does not mean resting or sleeping here. It refers to losing balance or falling.

Correct Answer:

(d) Both (I) and (II)

S8. Ans.(d)

Sol. Answer: (d) All (I), (II), and (III)

Meaning of "Rate":

• In English:

1. A measure, quantity, or frequency (e.g., interest rate, birth rate).
2. To evaluate or judge the quality of something.

• In Hindi:

1. दर, मूल्य, प्रतिशत (जैसे ब्याज दर, जन्म दर)।
2. मूल्यांकन करना, आंकना।

Explanation of Sentences:

1. **(I) The interest rate on home loans has increased significantly this year.** ✓ (Correct usage; "rate" refers to a percentage applied to interest on loans.)
2. **(II) Doctors rate this hospital as one of the best in the country.** ✓ (Correct usage; "rate" is used as a verb, meaning to evaluate or judge.)
3. **(III) The birth rate in many developed countries has been declining over the years.** ✓ (Correct usage; "rate" refers to the frequency of births per year.)

Since all three sentences correctly use the word "rate," the correct answer is **(d) All (I), (II), and (III).**

S9. Ans.(b)

Sol. The correct sequence **BADC** forms a logical and grammatically correct sentence:

- **(B) Before the trial** → Establishes the context (when it happened).
 - **(A) began** → The trial began.
 - **(D) random** → Selected from.
 - **(C) a pool of** → a pool of candidates.
- Final sentence: **"Before the trial began, a pool of candidates was selected from."**

S10. Ans.(c)

Sol. Option **(c)** is the correct answer. It follows a logical sequence:

- **C** starts the sentence: "The world is a logical place."
 - **A** continues: "The world is full of things, and we don't believe everything."
 - **B** connects: "The world is full of things, and we don't believe everything."
 - **D** concludes: "The world is full of things, and we don't believe everything."
- This sequence is logical and grammatically correct. The correct answer is **(c)**.

S11. Ans.(d)

Sol. Explanation: Option **(d)** **DCBA** is the correct answer.

The correct sequence should follow a logical structure:

1. **(D) "Crowds of people"** - This introduces the subject of the sentence.
2. **(C) "rushed into the nightclub"** - This describes the action.
3. **(B) "to have a gregarious time"** - This describes the purpose.
4. **(A) "dancing and singing to the music."** - This describes the activity.

Final Sentence:

"Crowds of people rushed into the nightclub to have a gregarious time dancing and singing to the music."

S12. Ans.(c)

Sol. Option **(c)** **CDAB** is the correct answer.

Sequence Explanation:

1. **(C) The dictator was** - This is the logical subject of the sentence.
2. **(D) inhumane and unconcerned** - This describes the dictator's nature.
3. **(A) that many of his** - This introduces what the dictator was unconcerned about.
4. **(B) citizens lacked food** - This completes the thought.

Final Sentence:

"The dictator was inhumane and unconcerned that many of his citizens lacked food."

S13. Ans.(b)

Sol. The word "**shooting**" refers to the act of discharging a firearm. The best replacement is "**firing**," which also refers to the act of using a gun.

- **Stabbing** involves a knife, not a firearm.
- **Striking** and **beating** refer to physical attacks but not gun-related violence.
- **Kicking** is unrelated to the meaning of **shooting** in this context.

S14. Ans.(b)

Sol. The passage states, "**Speeding, distracted driving, and driving under the influence are major contributors to fatal crashes.**" This confirms (I). It also mentions, "**Poorly maintained roads and insufficient traffic signals worsen the situation.**" validating (II). However, (III) is incorrect, as the passage does not claim that reckless driving has been **eliminated** due to celebrity campaigns. The correct answer is (b) Both (I) and (II).

S15. Ans.(a)

Sol. The word "**replicate**" means to copy or imitate. The best replacement is "**reproduce**," which also means to copy or imitate.

- **Abandon** means to leave or give up, which does not fit the context.
- **Destroy** means to ruin or demolish, which does not fit the context.
- **Rejuvenate** means to refresh or bring back, which does not fit the context.
- **Replicate** means to copy or imitate, which does not fit the context.

S16. Ans.(b)

Sol. The sentence states, "The **rate** of road accidents has increased significantly." The best word to fill the blank is "**rate**," which refers to the frequency or speed of something.

- **Decline**, **reduction**, and **prevention** all indicate a decrease, which contradicts the passage.
- **Solution** does not fit, as the sentence discusses the **cause** of the increase, not their resolution.

S17. Ans.(b)

Sol. The passage states, "**Research shows that celebrity-endorsed road safety campaigns have led to a 15% reduction in traffic fatalities.**" This supports (I). It also mentions, "**Celebrities influence public behavior, and their involvement can encourage drivers to follow traffic rules,**" validating (II). However, (III) is incorrect because the passage does not claim that reckless driving has been **eliminated** due to celebrity campaigns. The correct answer is (b) Both (I) and (II).

S18. Ans.(d)

Sol. The passage states, "**Poorly maintained roads and insufficient traffic signals worsen the situation,**" confirming that (I) is **true**. It also mentions, "**Celebrities influence public behavior, and their involvement can encourage drivers to follow traffic rules,**" making (III) **true**. However, (II) is **false**, as the passage attributes road rage to **frustration, delays, and reckless driving**, not the presence of strict traffic police. Therefore, the correct answer is (d) Both (I) and (III).

S19. Ans.(e)

Sol. The passage states that **traffic cameras help reduce violations**, but it does **not** claim that they have **completely eliminated** reckless driving, making (I) **false**. It also mentions that **road rage can escalate into physical assaults or even shooting incidents**, proving (II) **false**. Lastly, the passage **does not suggest** that reducing the number of vehicles is the best way to prevent accidents; instead, it emphasizes **law enforcement, road safety awareness, and improved infrastructure**, making (III) **false** as well. Therefore, the correct answer is **(e) All (I), (II), and (III) are false**.

S20. Ans.(b)

Sol. Correct answer: (b) B

Explanation:

The error lies in

Grammatical

- The subject is "The error" which makes it **plural**.
- A plural subject requires a plural verb.
- The correct verb form is "lie" (plural).

Corrected Sentence:

"Industrial pollution has **plagued** the environment and human health."

S21. Ans.(c)

Sol. Correct

Explanation:

The error is

Rule:

"Resilience" is a noun. Since the sentence requires an adjective ("inclusive climate resilience"), it must be corrected to "resilient."

Corrected Sentence:

India's cities should build **inclusive climate resilience** to protect vulnerable communities.

S22. Ans.(c)

Sol. Correct

Error explanation:

In part (C), "sparked" is used incorrectly. The verb should be in its present participle (-ing) form to correctly follow the helping verb "have."

Correct sentence:

The UGC draft regulations have **sparked** concerns in southern states, **highlighting** regional disparities and the need for a more inclusive policy framework.

S23. Ans.(c)

Sol. Correct Answer: (c) C

Grammatical Rule Explanation:

The error is in **part (C): "when him assisted the"**

1. **Incorrect Pronoun Usage:**

- "Him" is an **object pronoun** (used as the object of a verb or preposition).
- The subject of the verb "assisted" should be a **subject pronoun** ("he" instead of "him").

2. **Corrected Sentence:**

3. **"The escaped prisoner showed compassion when he assisted the wounded police officer."**

Strict Grammatical Rule Applied:

- **Pronoun Case Rule:** A **subject pronoun** (I, you, he, she, it, we, they) must be used as the subject of a verb, while an **object pronoun** (me, you, him, her, it, us, them) is used as the object of a verb or preposition.
- In the clause **"when him assisted the wounded police officer,"** the pronoun "him" is incorrectly used as the subject. It must be replaced with "he" (a subject pronoun).

S24. Ans.(b)

Sol. Correct

(b) B

Error Expla

The phrase

Grammar R

• **Verb For**

○ After

Corrected S

"Most teach

S25. Ans.(a)

Sol. The cor

• Happy –

• Strong –

• Cold – in

• Bright –

S26. Ans.(a)

Sol. The cor

• Jump – in

• Sleep – incorrect, as it does not relate to plants.

• Dry – incorrect, as it describes lack of water.

• Heavy – incorrect, as it describes weight.

S27. Ans.(c)

Sol. The correct word is "from" because pollen moves from one flower to another.

• Water – incorrect, as it is a noun, not a preposition.

• Tall – incorrect, as it describes height.

• Soft – incorrect, as it describes texture.

• Long – incorrect, as it describes length.

S28. Ans.(a)

Sol. The correct preposition is "**on**", as the phrase "**impact on**" is commonly used to indicate an effect or influence on something.

- **On** – **Correct**, because "**impact on**" means having an effect on something.
- **Fast** – Incorrect, as it does not fit the context.
- **Warm** – Incorrect, as it is unrelated to the meaning of the sentence.
- **Loud** – Incorrect, because "impact loud" is not a valid phrase.
- **Short** – Incorrect, as it does not convey the correct meaning.

S29. Ans.(d)

Sol. The correct phrase is "**depend on**" which means to rely on something.

- **Over** – Incorrect, as it does not fit the context.
- **Under** – Incorrect, as it does not fit the context.
- **Upper** – Incorrect, as it does not fit the context.
- **On** – **Correct**, as it fits the context.
- **Open** – Incorrect, as it does not fit the context.

S30. Ans.(c)

Sol. The correct phrase is "**careless**" which means not caring.

- **In** – Incorrect, as it does not fit the context.
- **Kind** – Incorrect, as it does not fit the context.
- **Of** – **Correct**, as it fits the context.
- **Slow** – Incorrect, as it does not fit the context.
- **Clean** – Incorrect, as it does not fit the context.

S31. Ans.(d)

Sol. $780 - 12 \times 8$
 $= ?$

S32. Ans.(e)

Sol. $? = 566$
 $? = 146$

S33. Ans.(b)

Sol.

$$450 - \frac{60}{100} \times 225 + 512 = ?$$

$$962 - 135 = ?$$

$$? = 827$$

S34. Ans.(a)

Sol.

$$? = 120 \times 20 \times \frac{1}{5} - 80$$

$$? = 480 - 80$$

$$? = 400$$



S35. Ans.(d)

Sol. $?^2 = 169 - 25$

$?^2 = 144$

$? = 12$

S36. Ans.(a)

Sol.

$(35 - 8) \times \frac{1}{9} + 3 = ?$

$3 + 3 = ?$

$6 = ?$

S37. Ans.(e)

Sol. $? = 245$

$? = 275 - 20$

$? = 75$

S38. Ans.(d)

Sol.

$36 + \frac{30}{100} \times 750 - 136 = ?^3$

$125 = ?^3$

$5 = ?$

S39. Ans.(c)

Sol.

$\frac{45}{100} \times 220 + 15 \times ? = 129$

$15 \times ? = 129 - 99$

$? = 2$

S40. Ans.(e)

Sol.

$? \times 4 = 171 + 177$

$? = \frac{348}{4}$

$? = 87$

S41. Ans.(a)

Sol.

Movie ticket sold in April by B = $\frac{4}{1} \times 100 = 400$

S42. Ans.(b)

Sol.

Required average = $\frac{90+150+120}{3} = 120$

S43. Ans.(d)

Sol.

$$\text{Required percentage} = \frac{150+90}{150} \times 100 = 160\%$$

S44. Ans.(b)

Sol. Required ratio = 100:150 = 2:3

S45. Ans.(d)

Sol.

$$\text{Required percentage difference} = \frac{100-100}{100} \times 100 = 0\%$$

S46. Ans.(b)

Sol.

$$\text{Unsold sweets on Friday} = \frac{60}{40} \times 80 = 120$$

S47. Ans.(b)

Sol. Require

S48. Ans.(c)

Sol.

$$\text{Required percentage} = \frac{100-90}{100} \times 100 = 10\%$$

S49. Ans.(a)

Sol.

$$\text{Required average} = \frac{150+90+80+100}{4} = 105$$

S50. Ans.(e)

Sol. Require

S51. Ans.(d)

Sol.

Let total amount = 100x

Amount invested in scheme A = $100x \times \frac{30}{100} = 30x$ Rs.

Amount invested in scheme B = $100x - 30x = 70x$ Rs.

ATQ,

$$30x \times \frac{10 \times 4}{100} + 70x \times \frac{5 \times 4}{100} = 1300$$

$$12x + 14x = 1300$$

$$26x = 1300$$

$$x = 50$$

$$\text{Required amount} = (50 \times 100) \times \frac{70}{100} = 3500 \text{ Rs.}$$

S52. Ans.(d)

Sol.

Let monthly income of man = $100x$ Rs

$$\text{ATQ, } 100x \times \frac{(100-25)}{100} \times \frac{(100-20)}{100} \times \frac{(100-20)}{100} = 19200$$

$$48x = 19200$$

$$x = 400$$

Required income = 40000 Rs.

S53. Ans.(b)

Sol.

$$\text{Speed of car} = \frac{120}{5} = 24 \text{ km/hr}$$

$$\text{Increased speed} = 24 \times \frac{125}{100} = 30 \text{ km/hr}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Required time} &= \frac{84}{24} + \frac{135}{30} \\ &= 3.5 + 4.5 = 8 \text{ hours} \end{aligned}$$

S54. Ans.(d)

Sol.

Let total male and female in town = $100x$

$$\text{Total female in town} = 100x \times \frac{(100-40)}{100} = 60x$$

$$\text{ATQ, } 60x \times \frac{(100-40)}{100} = 540$$

$$36x = 540$$

$$x = 15$$

$$\text{Required male} = 40 \times 15 = 600$$

S55. Ans.(b)

Sol.

The profit-sharing ratio of Reema to Seema = 5:6

ATQ,

$$\frac{X}{X + 500} = \frac{5}{6}$$

$$6X - 5X = 2500$$

$$X = 2500$$

S56. Ans.(e)

Sol.

$$\text{Cost price of the article} = \frac{2400}{120} \times 100 = \text{Rs } 2000$$

$$\text{Marked price of the article} = \frac{2400}{80} \times 100 = \text{Rs } 3000$$

$$\text{New selling price} = 3000 \times \frac{90}{100} = \text{Rs } 2700$$

$$\text{Required profit} = 2700 - 2000 = \text{Rs } 700$$

S57. Ans.(e)

Sol.

Let the present age of Sunita to Mohit be $6a$ and $5a$ respectively

The present age of Vinita = $5a + 11$

ATQ,

$$5a + 11 = 2(6a - 5)$$

$$5a + 11 = 12a - 10$$

$$21 = 7a$$

$$a = 3$$

$$\text{Required age} = 5a + 11 = 5(3) + 11 = 26 \text{ years}$$

S58. Ans.(b)

Sol.

ATQ,

$$\frac{70 \times \frac{3}{10} + X}{70 \times \frac{7}{10} + 56} = \frac{3}{5}$$

$$\frac{21 + X}{105} = \frac{3}{5}$$

$$X = 63 - 21$$

$$X = 42$$

S59. Ans.(e)

Sol.

The total work (LCM of 48, 72, & 54) = 432 units

$$\text{Efficiency of A} = \frac{432}{48} = 9 \text{ unit/day}$$

$$\text{Efficiency of B} = \frac{432}{72} = 6 \text{ unit/day}$$

$$\text{Efficiency of C} = \frac{432}{54} = 8 \text{ unit/day}$$

$$\text{The amount of work done by A and B together in days} = 8 \times (9 + 6) = 120 \text{ units}$$

$$\text{Required days} = \frac{432 - 120}{8} = 39 \text{ days}$$

S60. Ans.(b)

Sol. Let the speed of boat in downstream to upstream be $2a$ and a respectively

ATQ,

$$\frac{105}{2a} + \frac{105}{a} = 7.5$$

$$\frac{105 + 210}{2a} = 7.5$$

$$a = 21$$

$$\text{Required speed} = \frac{2a + a}{2} = 1.5a = 1.5 \times 21 = 31.5 \text{ km/hr}$$

S61. Ans.(d)

Sol. Let the length of the train be x meter and speed of train be y m/s.

ATQ,

$$x = 30y \text{ ----(i)}$$

And

$$(x+350) = 45y \text{ ----(ii)}$$

From (i) and (ii) we get:

$$\text{length of the train} = x = 700 \text{ m.}$$

S62. Ans.(b)

Sol. Let radii

ATQ,

$$2\pi(R + r) = 132 + 88$$

$$R + r = \frac{220}{44} \times 7$$

$$R + r = 35 \text{ meters}$$

S63. Ans.(d)

Sol. Pattern

91	112	136	164	197	?=236
+21	+24	+28	+33	+39	
+3	+4	+5	+6		

S64. Ans.(a)

Sol. Pattern

$$12 \times 3 + 3 = 39$$

$$39 + 3 + 3 = 45$$

$$45 + 3 + 3 = 51$$

$$51 + 3 + 3 = 57$$

$$57 + 3 + 3 = 63$$

S65. Ans.(d)

Sol. Pattern of series –

$$5040 \times \frac{1}{6} = 840$$

$$840 \times \frac{1}{5} = 168$$

$$168 \times \frac{1}{4} = 42$$

$$42 \times \frac{1}{3} = 14$$

$$14 \times \frac{1}{2} = 7$$

S66. Ans.(d)

Sol. Final arrangement:

Months	Dates	Persons
January	8	A
	27	F
May	8	D
	27	C
June	8	H
	27	E
November	8	B
	27	G

Clues: D was

Inference:

Months	Dates	Persons	Persons
		Case 1	Case 2
January	8	A	
	27		A
May	8	D	D
	27		
June	8		
	27		
November	8		
	27		

Clues: A and

same month

Inference:

Months	Dates	Persons	Persons
		Case 1	Case-2
January	8	A	
	27		A
May	8	D	D
	27		
June	8	H	
	27	E	
November	8		
	27		

Clues: G was born just after B. Two persons were born between B and C.

Inference: After placing F, the final arrangement is:

Months	Dates	Persons
January	8	A
	27	F
May	8	D
	27	C
June	8	H
	27	E
November	8	B
	27	G

F was born on 27 January

S67. Ans.(e)

Sol. Final arrangement:

Months	Dates	Persons
January	8	A
	27	F
May	8	D
	27	C
June	8	H
	27	E
November	8	B
	27	G

Clues: D was born in the

Inference: D was born in the

Months	Dates	Persons	Persons
		Case 1	Case 2
January	8	A	
	27		A
May	8	D	D
	27		
June	8		
	27		
November	8		
	27		

Clues: A and D were born in the same month. Four persons were born in the

Inference: D was born in the

Months	Dates	Persons	Persons
		Case 1	Case 2
January	8	A	
	27		A
May	8	D	D
	27		
June	8	H	
	27	E	
November	8		
	27		

Clues: G was born just after B. Two persons were born between B and C.

Inference: After placing F, the final arrangement is:

Months	Dates	Persons
January	8	A
	27	F
May	8	D
	27	C
June	8	H
	27	E
November	8	B
	27	G

Four persons were born after C

47

S68. Ans.(d)

Sol. Final arrangement:

Months	Dates	Persons
January	8	A
	27	F
May	8	D
	27	C
June	8	H
	27	E
November	8	B
	27	G

Clues: D was born on 8 May

Inference: F was born on 27 January

Months	Dates	Persons	Persons
		Case 1	Case 2
January	8	A	
	27		A
May	8	D	D
	27		
June	8		
	27		
November	8		
	27		

Clues: A and D were born on the same month. Four persons were born in the same month.

Inference: C was born on 27 June

Months	Dates	Persons	Persons
		Case 1	Case 2
January	8	A	
	27		A
May	8	D	D
	27		
June	8	H	
	27	E	
November	8		
	27		

Clues: G was born just after B. Two persons were born between B and C.

Inference: After placing F, the final arrangement is:

Months	Dates	Persons
January	8	A
	27	F
May	8	D
	27	C
June	8	H
	27	E
November	8	B
	27	G

B was born on 8 November

S69. Ans.(e)

Sol. Final arrangement:

Months	Dates	Persons
January	8	A
	27	F
May	8	D
	27	C
June	8	H
	27	E
November	8	B
	27	G

Clues: D was

Inference:

Months	Dates	Persons	Persons
		Case 1	Case 2
January	8	A	
	27		A
May	8	D	D
	27		
June	8		
	27		
November	8		
	27		

Clues: A and D were born in the same month. Four persons were born in the same month.

Inference:

Months	Dates	Persons	Persons
		Case 1	Case 2
January	8	A	
	27		A
May	8	D	D
	27		
June	8	H	
	27	E	
November	8		
	27		

Clues: G was born just after B. Two persons were born between B and C.

Inference: After placing F, the final arrangement is:

Months	Dates	Persons
January	8	A
	27	F
May	8	D
	27	C
June	8	H
	27	E
November	8	B
	27	G

Except G, rest were born on even date

47

S70. Ans.(d)

Sol. Final arrangement:

Months	Dates	Persons
January	8	A
	27	F
May	8	D
	27	C
June	8	H
	27	E
November	8	B
	27	G

Clues: D was

Inference:

Months	Dates	Persons	Persons
		Case 1	Case 2
January	8	A	
	27		A
May	8	D	D
	27		
June	8		
	27		
November	8		
	27		

Clues: A and

same month

Inference:

Months	Dates	Persons	Persons
		Case 1	Case 2
January	8	A	
	27		A
May	8	D	D
	27		
June	8	H	
	27	E	
November	8		
	27		

Clues: G was born just after B. Two persons were born between B and C.

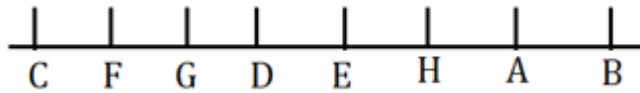
Inference: After placing F, the final arrangement is:

Months	Dates	Persons
January	8	A
	27	F
May	8	D
	27	C
June	8	H
	27	E
November	8	B
	27	G

Statement I and III are correct

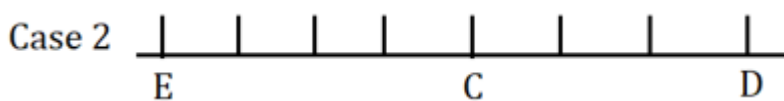
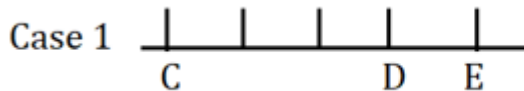
S71. Ans.(b)

Sol. Final Arrangement is here:



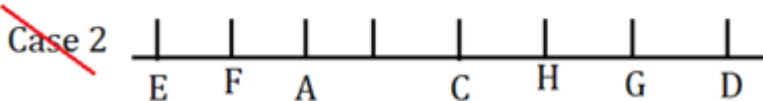
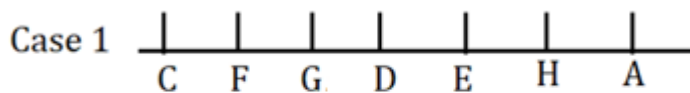
Clues: D sits third to the right of C. Three persons sit between C and E.

Inference: Here we get two possible cases here:



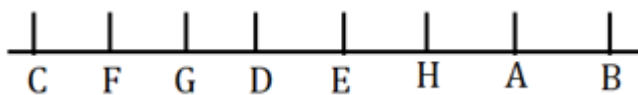
Clues: A sits second to the right of H. More than one person sits between H and G.

Inference: C sits



Clues: B sits

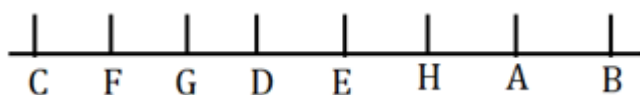
Inference: B sits



D sits fourth to the left of B.

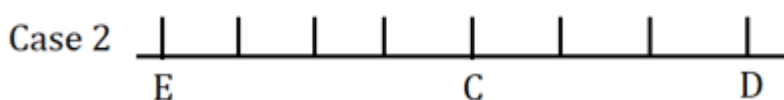
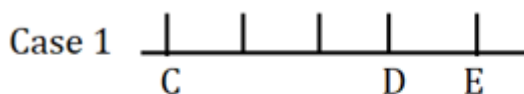
S72. Ans.(a)

Sol. Final Arr



Clues: D sits third to the right of C. Three persons sit between C and E.

Inference: Here we get two possible cases here:



Clues: A sits second to the right of E. F sits fourth to the left of H. C is not an immediate neighbour of G. More than one person sits between H and G.

Inference: Case 2 gets eliminated here:

Case 1 | | | | | | |
 C F G D E H A

~~Case 2~~ | | | | | | |
 E F A C H G D

Clues: B sits to the right of G.

Inference: Final Arrangement is here:

 | | | | | | |
 C F G D E H A B

E sits at one

S73. Ans. (b)

Sol. Final Arr

 | | | | | | |
 C F G D E H A B

Clues: D sits between two persons between

Inference: Final Arrangement is here:

Case 1 | | | | |
 C D E

Case 2 | | | | | | |
 E C D

Clues: A sits immediately to the right of E. E sits fourth from the left of H. A is not an immediate neighbour of G.

More than one

Inference: Case 2 gets eliminated here:

Case 1 | | | | | | |
 C F G D E H A

~~Case 2~~ | | | | | | |
 E F A C H G D

Clues: B sits to the right of G.

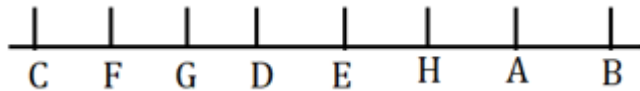
Inference: Final Arrangement is here:

 | | | | | | |
 C F G D E H A B

G sits immediate right of A, after interchanging the position.

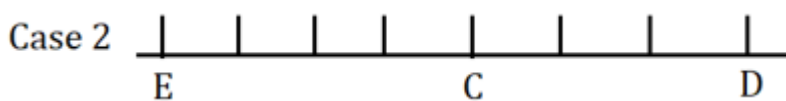
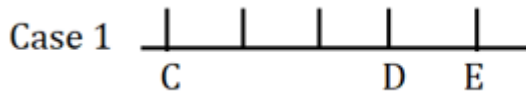
S74. Ans.(c)

Sol. Final Arrangement is here:



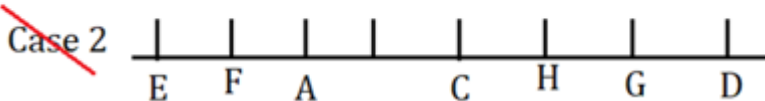
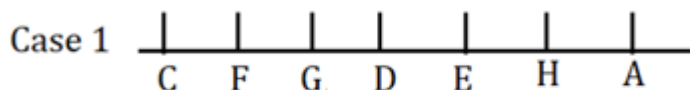
Clues: D sits third to the right of C. Three persons sit between C and E.

Inference: Here we get two possible cases here:



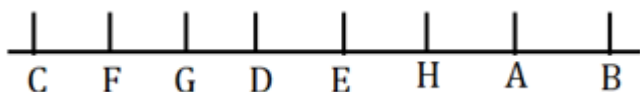
Clues: A sits immediate neighbour of G.
More than one person sits between H and G.

Inference: C sits



Clues: B sits

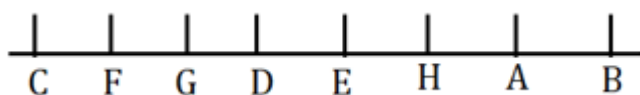
Inference: B sits



C and B sit at extreme ends of the row.

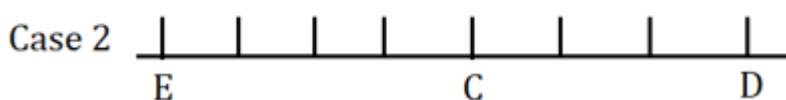
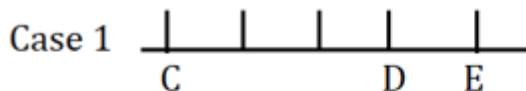
S75. Ans.(d)

Sol. Final Arr



Clues: D sits third to the right of C. Three persons sit between C and E.

Inference: Here we get two possible cases here:



Clues: A sits second to the right of E. F sits fourth to the left of H. C is not an immediate neighbour of G.
More than one person sits between H and G.

Inference: Case 2 gets eliminated here:

Case 1 | | | | | | |
 C F G D E H A

~~Case 2~~ | | | | | | |
 E F A C H G D

Clues: B sits to the right of G.

Inference: Final Arrangement is here:

 | | | | | | |
 C F G D E H A B

C sits third to the right of B.

S76. Ans.(c)

Sol. 11th from the right end = 11

S77. Ans.(e)

Sol. Six squares are there.

S78. Ans.(e)

Sol. 9th odd element = 9

6th element = 6

S79. Ans.(c)

Sol. Three - 3

S80. Ans.(e)

Sol. 7th element = 7

Sum = 5 + 4 = 9

S81. Ans.(e)

Sol. I. $0 \leq Z$ (False)

II. $B > D$ (False)

S82. Ans.(a)

Sol. I. $J > U$ (True)

II. $P > G$ (False)

S83. Ans.(c)

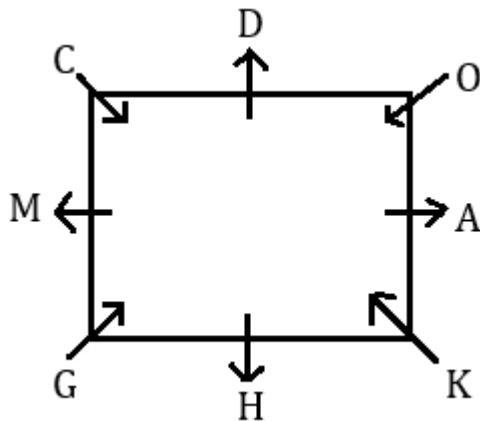
Sol. I. $K < D$ (False)

II. $S \geq D$ (False)



S84. Ans.(c)

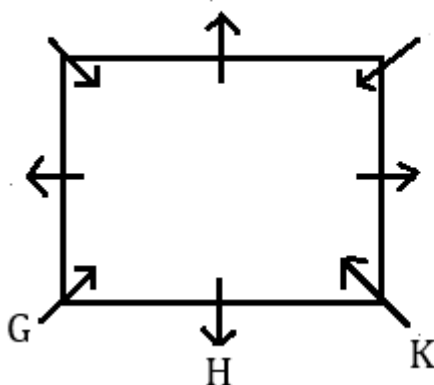
Sol. Final arrangement is here:



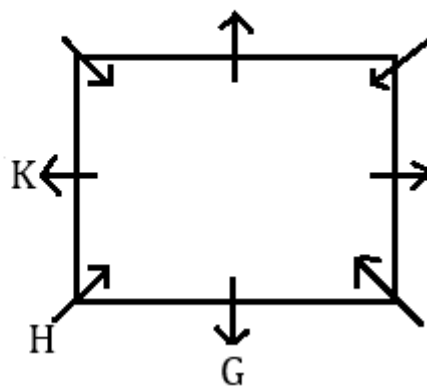
Clues: K sits

Inference: I

case 1



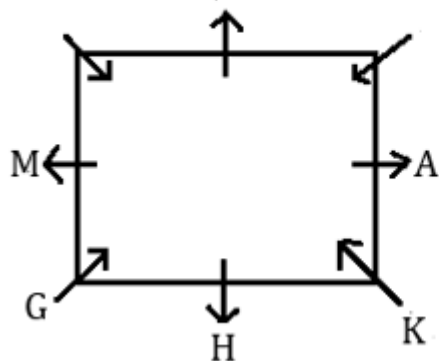
case2



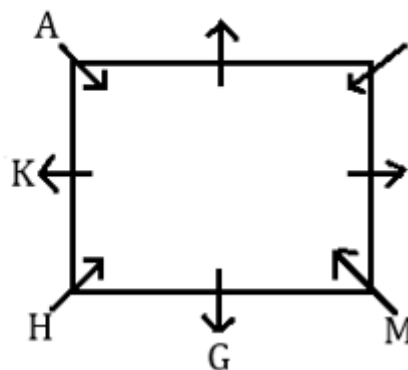
Clues: Three persons sit between A and M. M sits immediate left

Inference:

case 1



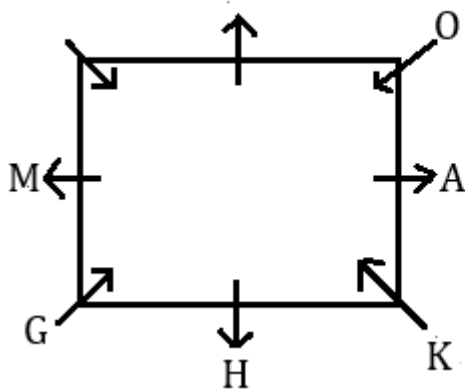
case2



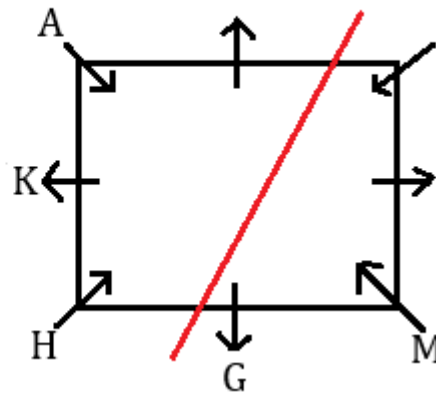
Clues: Only two persons sit between H and O. O sits at one of the corners but does not sit adjacent to M.

Inference: From the above condition case 2 gets eliminated here:

case 1

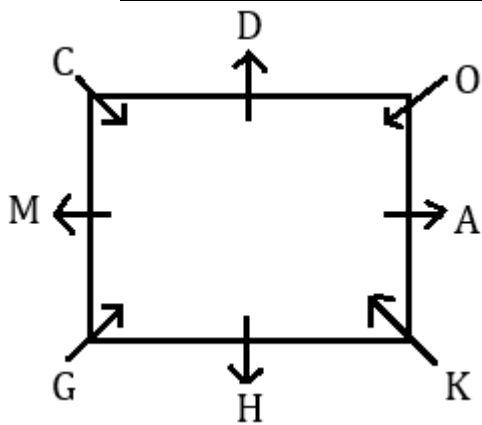


case2



Clues: D sits

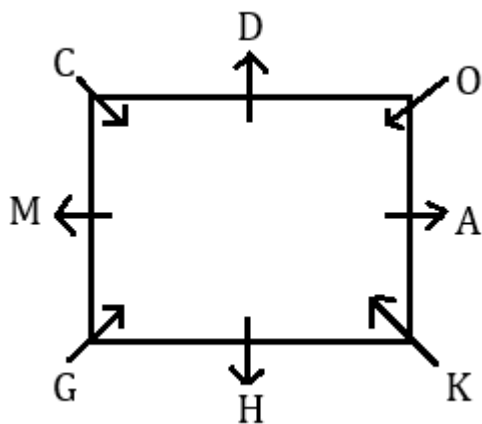
Inference: C



O sits oppos

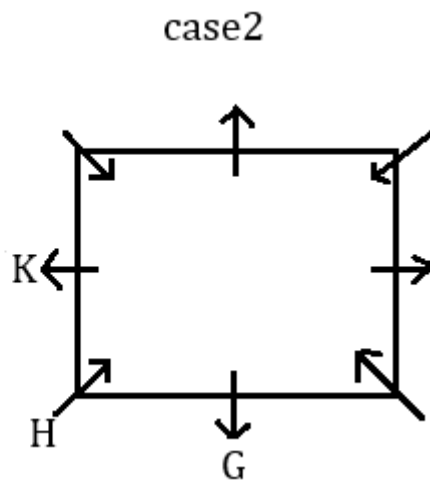
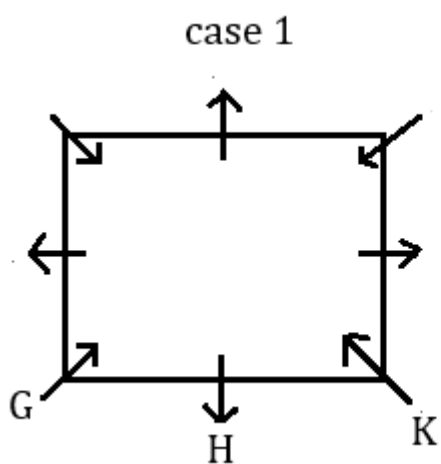
S85. Ans.(b)

Sol. Final arrangement is here :



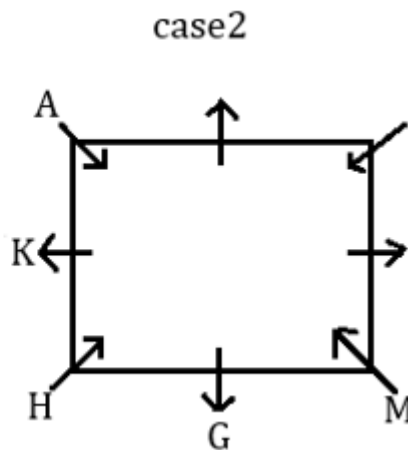
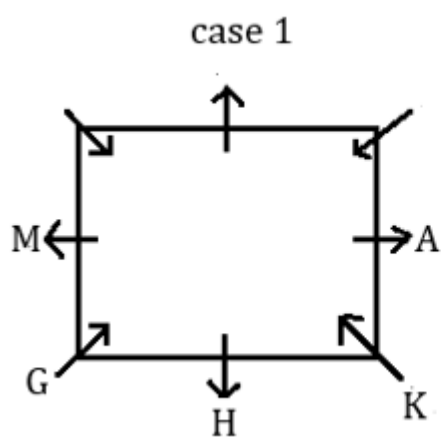
Clues: K sits immediate left of H. G sits second to the left of K.

Inference: From the above condition we have two possible cases here:



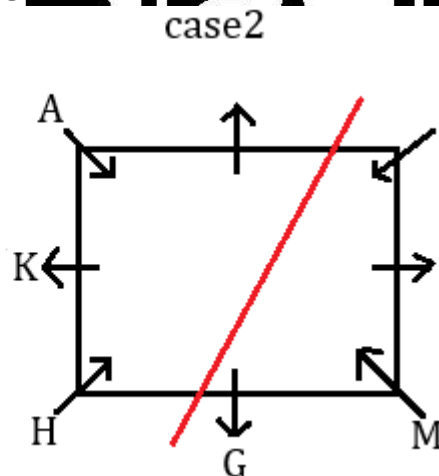
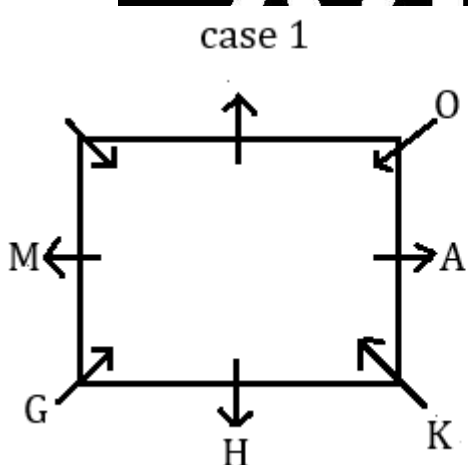
Clues: Three

Inference:



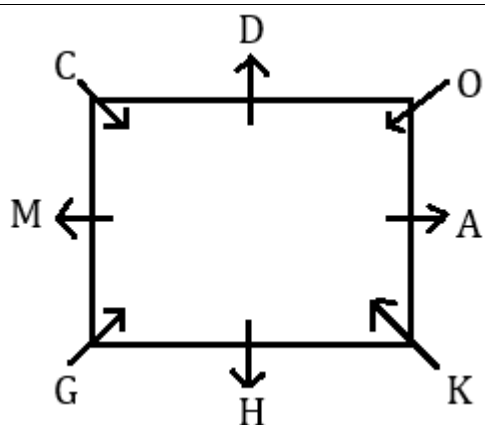
Clues: Only one person sits in the middle of the table. The person who does not sit adjacent to M.

Inference: From the above condition case 2 gets eliminated.



Clues: D sits third to the left of G.

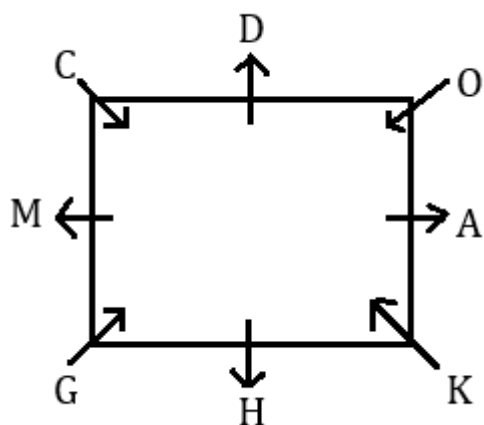
Inference: Only place for C is left. Final arrangement is here:



M sits third to the right of O

S86. Ans.(b)

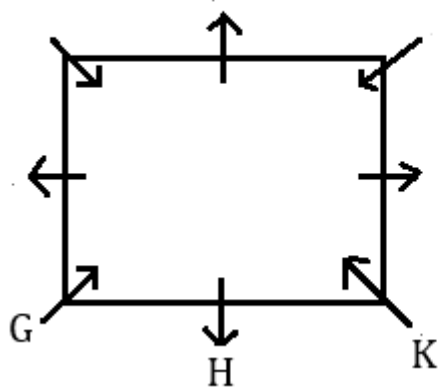
Sol. Final arrangement



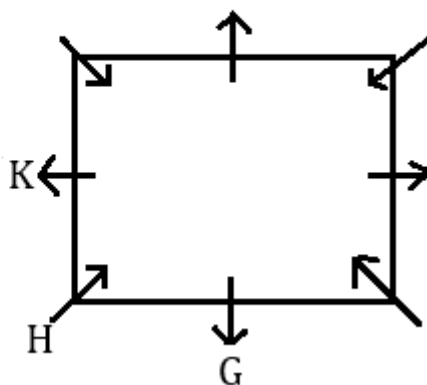
Clues: K sits immediately left of H. G sits second to the left of M.

Inference: From the above condition, we have two possible arrangements.

case 1

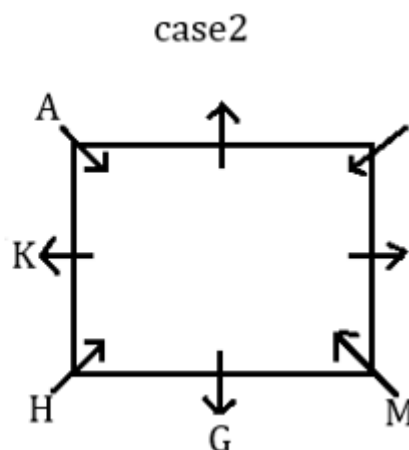
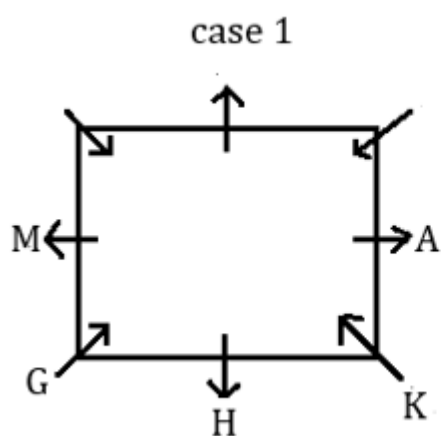


case 2



Clues: Three persons sit between A and M. M sits immediate left of G.

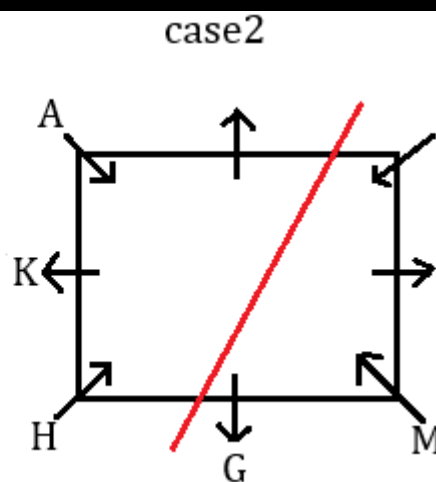
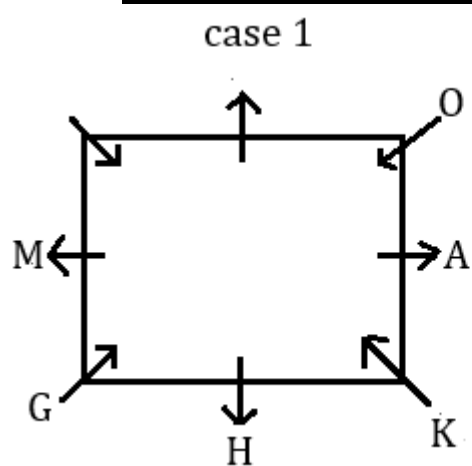
Inference:



Clues: Only

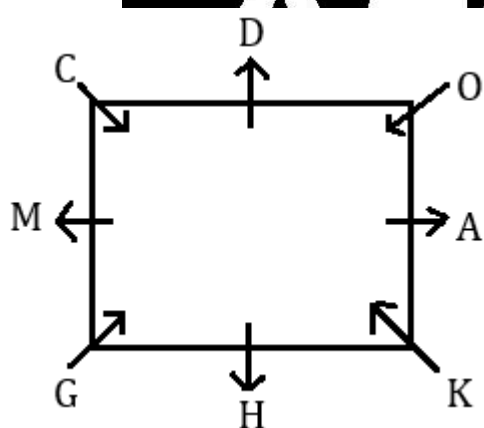
adjacent to M.

Inference: I



Clues: D sits

Inference: C

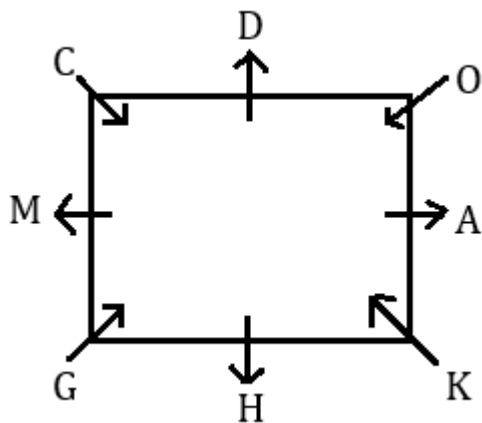


Two persons sit between A and G when counted from the right of A

S87. Ans.(e)

Sol. Final arrangement is here:

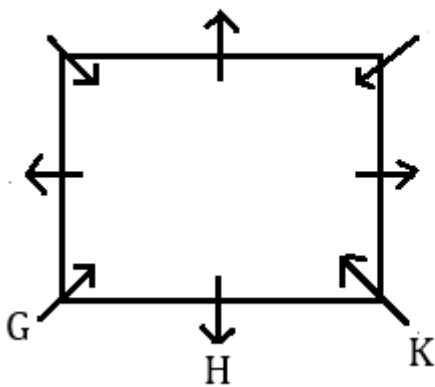
247



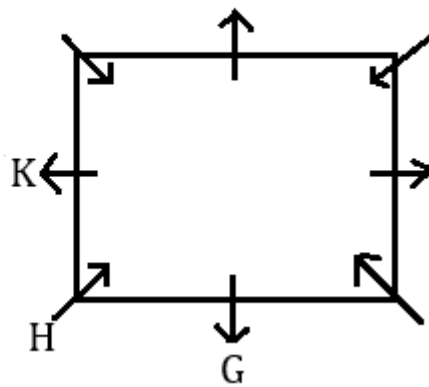
Clues: K sits

Inference:

case 1



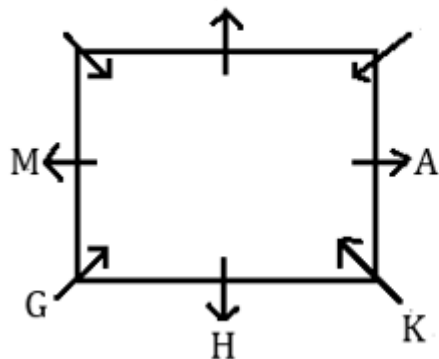
case2



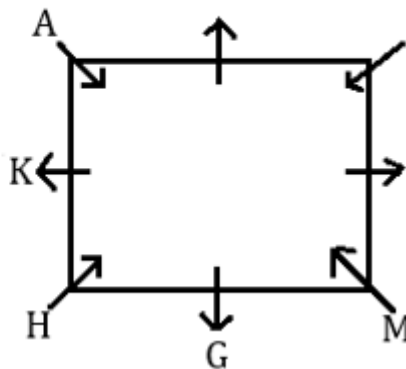
Clues: Three sit between A and M. M sits immediately left of G.

Inference:

case 1



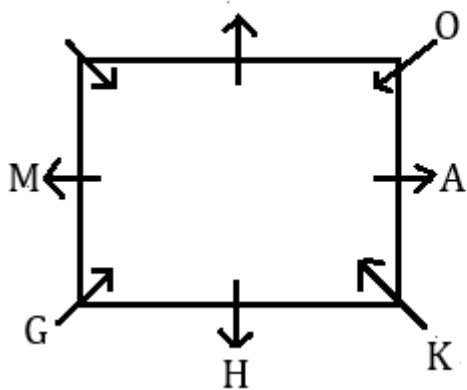
case2



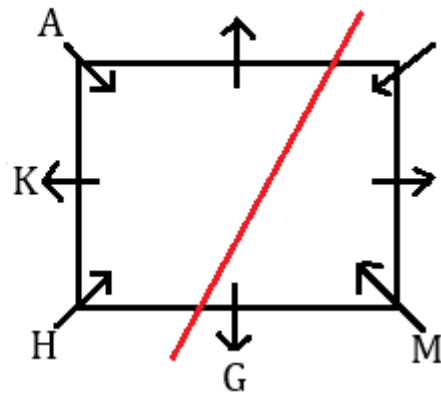
Clues: Only two persons sit between H and O. O sits at one of the corners but does not sit adjacent to M.

Inference: From the above condition case 2 gets eliminated here:

case 1

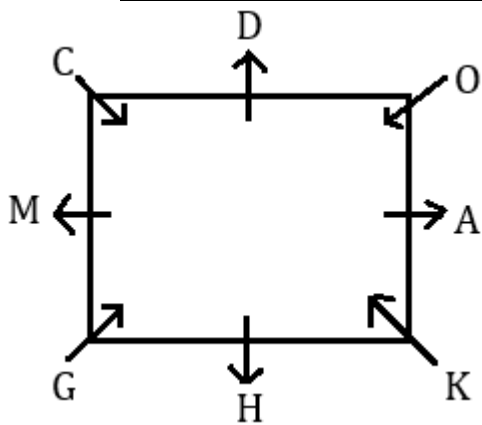


case2



Clues: D sits

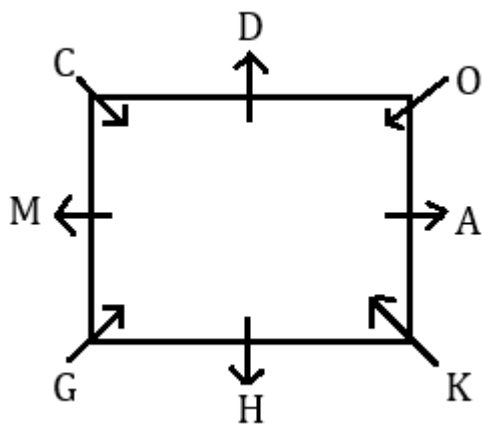
Inference: C



Except K, all

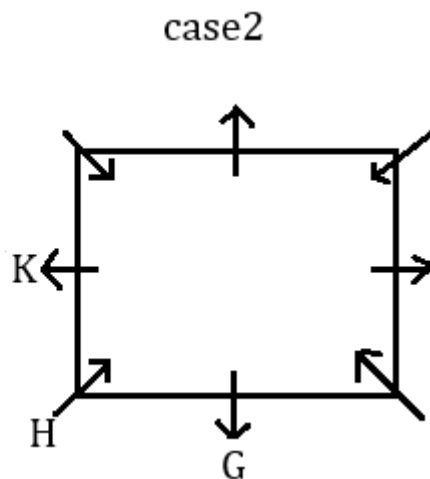
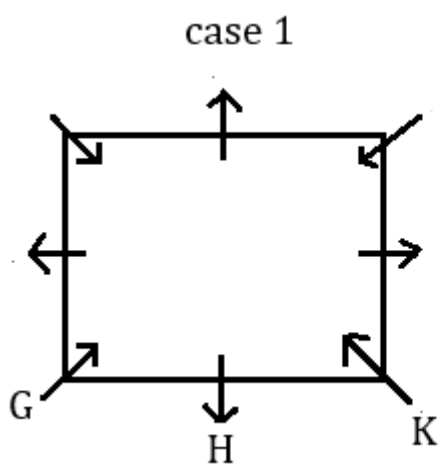
S88. Ans. (d)

Sol. Final arrangement is here :



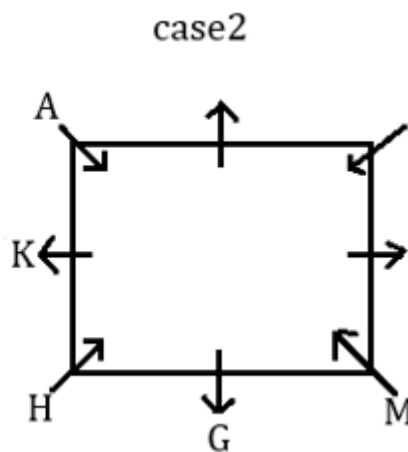
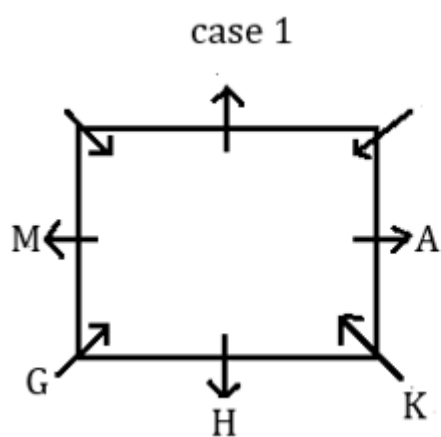
Clues: K sits immediate left of H. G sits second to the left of K.

Inference: From the above condition we have two possible cases here:



Clues: Three

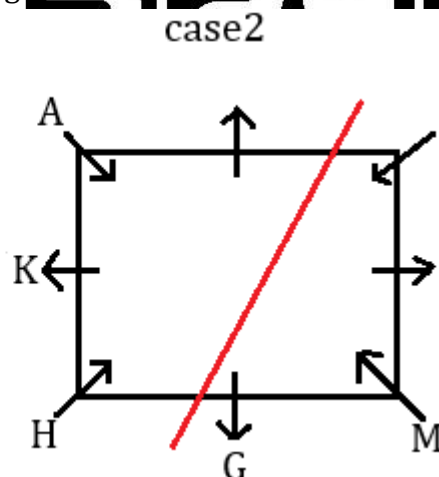
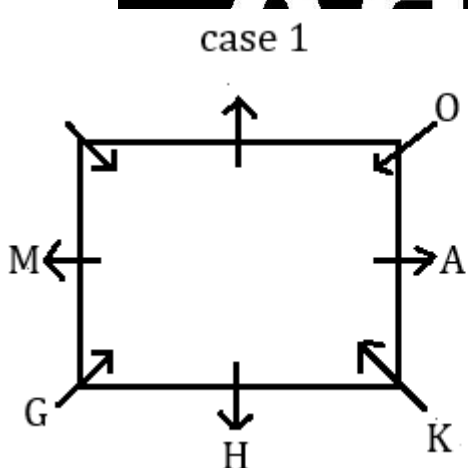
Inference:



Clues: Only

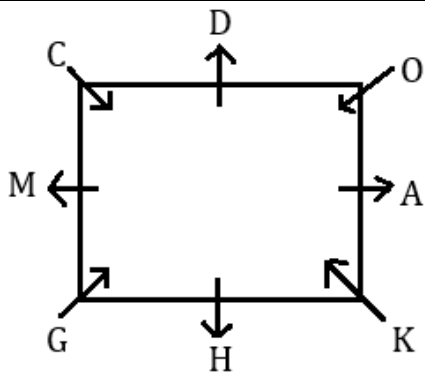
Inference:

Only one person sits in the middle of the table. The person who does not sit adjacent to M.



Clues: D sits third to the left of G.

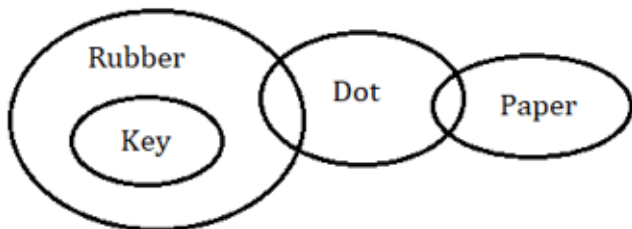
Inference: Only place for C is left. Final arrangement is here:



Both I and III are true

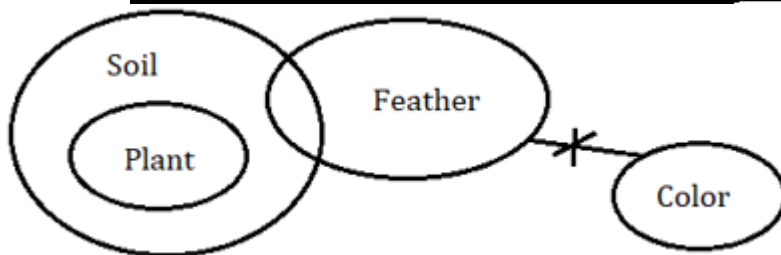
S89. Ans.(b)

Sol. I. Not follow
II. Follow - No



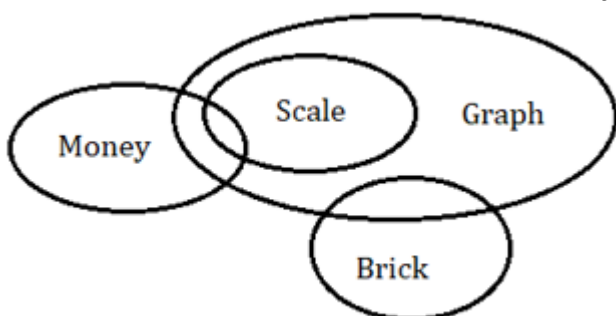
S90. Ans.(e)

Sol. I. Follow
II. Follow - No



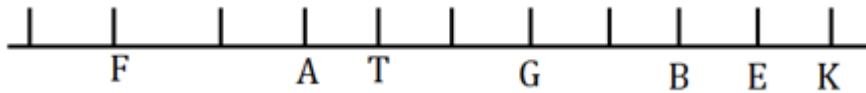
S91. Ans.(d)

Sol. I. Not follow - No direct relation between brick and scale. So, definite relation will not follow.
II. Not follow - The definite relation of all money being graph will not follow.



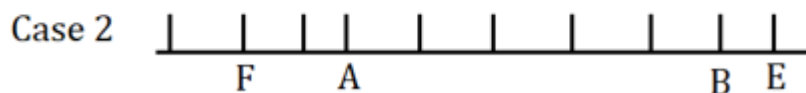
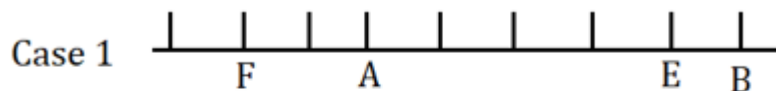
S92. Ans.(e)

Sol. Final Arrangement is here:



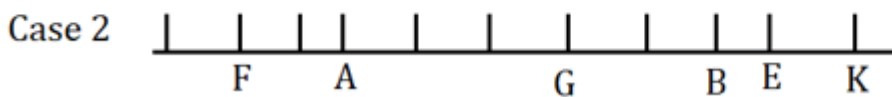
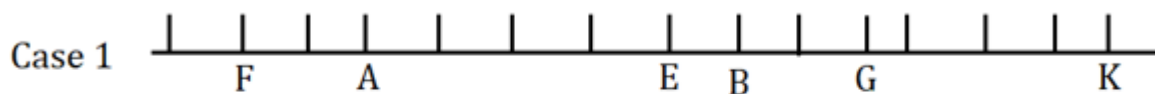
Clues: A sits fifth to the left of B. E is an immediate neighbour of B. F sits second to the left of A and second from one of the extreme ends of the row.

Inference: Here we get two possible cases here:



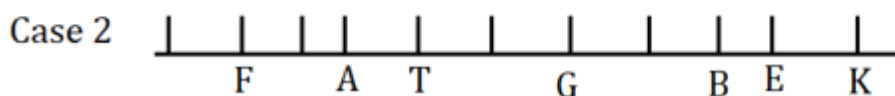
Clues: Only  fourth to the right of G. N

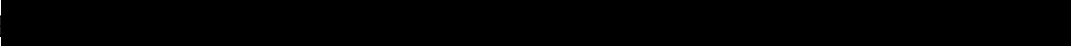
Inference:

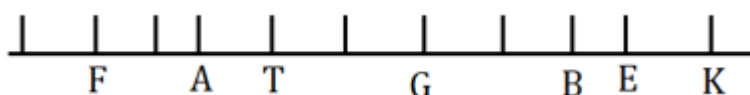


Clues: Five

Inference: 



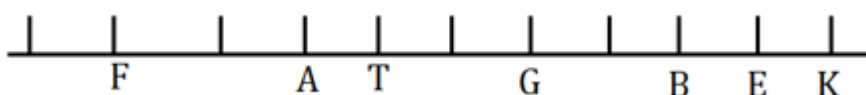
Inference: 



B sits fourth to the right of T.

S93. Ans.(b)

Sol. Final Arrangement is here:



Clues: A sits fifth to the left of B. E is an immediate neighbour of B. F sits second to the left of A and second from one of the extreme ends of the row.

Inference: Here we get two possible cases here:

Case 1

	F		A					E	B

Case 2

	F		A					B	E

Clues: Only one person sits between B and G. E is not an immediate neighbour of G. K sits fourth to the right of G. No one sits to the right of K.

Inference:

Case 1

	F		A					E	B		G			K

Case 2

	F		A				G		B	E		K		

Clues: Five

Inference:

~~Case 1~~

	F		A					E	B		G			K

Case 2

	F		A	T			G		B	E		K		

Inference:

	F		A	T			G		B	E		K		

G sits seventh from the left end of the row.

S94. Ans. (d)

Sol. Final Arr

	F		A	T			G		B	E		K		

Clues: A sits fifth to the left of B. E is an immediate neighbour of B. F sits second to the left of A and second from one of the extreme ends of the row.

Inference: Here we get two possible cases here:

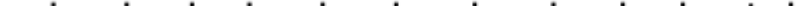
Case 1

	F		A							E	B			

Case 2

	F		A							B	E			

Clues: Only one person sits between B and G. E is not an immediate neighbour of G. K sits fourth to the right of G. No one sits to the right of K.

Case 1 

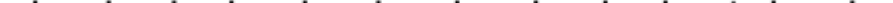
Case 2



F A G B E K

Clues: Five persons sit between K and T.

Inference: Case 1 gets eliminated here:

~~Case 1~~ 

Case 2

F A T G B E K

Inference: $\frac{1}{2} \ln \frac{1}{2}$

11 persons :

S95. Ans.(c)

Sol.

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} L(+) & \equiv & P(-) & - & M(+) & \equiv & G(-) \\ & & & & | & & \\ & & & & O(+) & \equiv & Q(-) \\ & & & & & & | \\ & & & & & & S(-) & - & T(+) \end{array}$$

G is the gran

S96. Ans.(c)

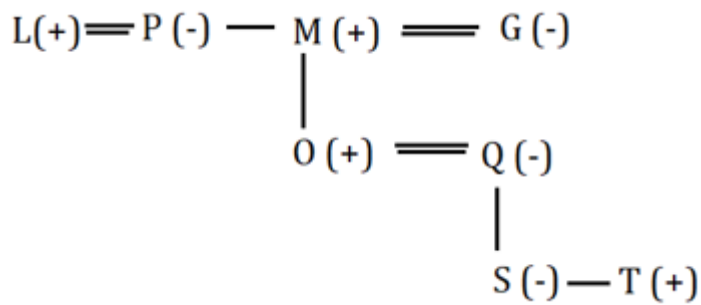
Sol.

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} L(+) & \equiv & P(-) & - & M(+) & \equiv & G(-) \\ & & & & | & & \\ & & & & O(+) & \equiv & Q(-) \\ & & & & & & | \\ & & & & & & S(-) - T(+) \end{array}$$

Four female members are there in the family.

S97. Ans.(b)

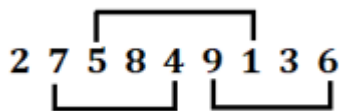
Sol.



P is the aunt of O

S98. Ans.(c)

Sol. Three p



S99. Ans.(e)

Sol.

HUNGARILY
AGHILNRUY

S100. Ans.(

Sol. 2nd, 4th,

Meaningful

= P O, N
OVEN

Adda247