

SBI Clerk Pre 2024-25 Memory Based Paper 22 Feb 2025 4th Shift

Directions (1-6): In the following passage there are blanks, each of which has been denoted by a letter. For each blank, five options are given. Choose the most appropriate word from the options that fits the blank appropriately.

Corporate marketing is a crucial aspect of any business strategy, as it helps companies develop and maintain a strong brand identity. The primary goal of corporate marketing is to _____ (A) the company's position in the market. A key element of this process is understanding consumer behavior, which allows businesses to create effective _____ (B). A successful corporate marketing strategy often includes various components, such as social media campaigns, _____ (C) promotions, and influencer partnerships.

To stay competitive, companies must continuously adapt to changing market conditions and consumer preferences. This involves leveraging data analytics and digital marketing tools to identify trends and engage with new markets. Additionally, companies should focus on building a strong online presence, particularly through social media, to enhance brand visibility and improve customer engagement.

Q1. Which word best fits in blank (A)?

- (a) establish
- (b) confuse
- (c) undermine
- (d) delay
- (e) grate

Q2. Which word best fits in blank (B)?

- (a) embodied
- (b) advertised
- (c) purchased
- (d) sales
- (e) proximity

Q3. Which word best fits in blank (C)?

- (a) trivial
- (b) globally
- (c) emergency
- (d) random
- (e) strategic

Q4. Which of the following word best fits in blank (D)?

- (a) converse
- (b) response
- (c) avoidance
- (d) rejection
- (e) reimpose



Q5. Which of the following word best fits in blank (E)?

- (a) diminishing
- (b) sinking
- (c) assuring
- (d) predicting
- (e) optimizing

Q6. Which of the following word best fits in blank (F)?

- (a) alarming
- (b) browsing
- (c) rejecting
- (d) reducing
- (e) analyzing

Q7. Choose the correct option to complete the sentence grammatically. Select the correct option

"No correction required" **After** **being** **informed** **after**

- (a) after being
- (b) after having
- (c) after been
- (d) after through
- (e) No correction

Q8. Choose the correct option to complete the sentence grammatically. Select the correct option

"No correction required" **As a** **compliment** **for** **his** **hard** **work** **the** **company** **gave** **him** **a** **light** **look** **of** **appreciation** **and** **gratitude**.

- (a) a compliment
- (b) a complement
- (c) a compliment
- (d) a compliment about
- (e) No correction required

Q9. In the following question a sentence has been divided into five parts which might not be in their correct order of narrative. The sentence is then followed by five options, one of which gives the sequence of the rearranged parts to make the sentence meaningful. You must choose the option which gives the correct sequence of the parts. If the sentence is already arranged in the correct sequence or the correct sequence doesn't match with any of the given sequence, mark option " No rearrangement required " as your answer.

- (A) succeed in business is by
- (B) having cordial relationships

-
- (C) with your customers
(D) the only way you can
(a) DCBA
(b) BCAD
(c) DABC
(d) BACD
(e) No rearrangement required

Q10. In the following questions give a sentence which has been divided into five parts which might not be in their correct order of narrative. The sentence is then followed by five options, one of which gives the sequence of the rearranged parts to make the sentence meaningful. You must choose the option which gives the correct sequence of the parts. The sequence of the parts is already arranged in the order of the given sequence, read the sentence and choose the correct option.

- (A) order for
(B) no work
(C) compete
(D) land can
(a) DBCA
(b) DACB
(c) BACD
(d) BDCA
(e) No rearr

Q11. In the following questions two words are given in bold. These two words may or may not be in their correct position. The sentence is then followed by options with the correct combination of words that should be interchanged with each other to make the sentence grammatically and contextually correct. Find the correct combination of the words that should replace each other.

- The **loans** (A) were not **effecting** cuts (B) will **delay** in **interest rate** **ban** (C), **slow** down credit growth, and require
(a) (A) – (D)
(b) (B) – (C)
(c) (A) – (D) and (B) – (C)
(d) (A) – (C) and (B) – (D)
(e) No interchange required

Q12. In the question given below, four words are given in bold. These four words may or may not be in their correct position. The sentence is then followed by options with the correct combination of words that should be interchanged with each other to make the sentence grammatically and contextually correct. Find the correct combination of the words that should replace each other.

India's **recovery** (A) watchdog has cleared stricter penalty **competition** (B) rules to prevent **delaying** (C) parties from **erring** (D) payments.

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- (a) (A) – (B)
(b) (B) – (C)
(c) (A) – (B) and (C) – (D)
(d) (A) – (C) and (B) – (D)
(e) No interchange required

Q13. Choose the option that best replaces the highlighted phrase to make the sentence grammatically correct and contextually meaningful. If no correction is required, select option “No correction required” as your answer.

The jewellery and other valuable assets **was keep safe** in a secure locker to prevent any theft.

- (a) was kept safe
(b) were kept safe
(c) were kept
(d) was kept
(e) No correction required

Q14. In the given sentence, identify the part that is grammatically incorrect and choose the correct combination of words to interchange and the correct words to replace each other to make the sentence grammatically correct.

Both **consumers** and **producers** value the product, with the former (A) oral care and beauty (B) oral care and health (C) oral care and hygiene (D) oral care and safety (E) oral care and comfort.

- (a) (A) – (C)
(b) (B) – (C)
(c) (A) – (B)
(d) (A) – (B)
(e) No interchange required

Directions (Q15 to Q17): Read the passage carefully and answer the following questions.

Once upon a time, in a small village nestled between rolling hills, lived a young girl named Meera and her father, Raghav. They had a small plot of land that had been passed down from their ancestors. The land was dry and barren, and the villagers had been struggling to grow crops. Meera and Raghav had a vision. They wanted to transform their land into a lush, green field, growing a variety of crops. They decided to experiment with different crops, including wheat, rice, and various vegetables. They also started using organic fertilizers and natural pest control methods. Meera and Raghav worked tirelessly, and their vision began to take shape. The land started to bloom with life, and the villagers began to notice the change. They started to grow a variety of crops, including wheat, rice, and various vegetables. The land was now fertile and productive, and the villagers were able to grow a variety of crops. Meera and Raghav were proud of their achievement, and they shared their knowledge with the other villagers. The village was now thriving, and the land was a testament to their hard work and vision.

However, their vision was met with skepticism. The villagers scoffed at the idea, saying, “Why change what has always worked? Stick to the usual sorts of crops. It’s risky to experiment!” But Meera and Raghav were determined. They constructed a water source at the far end of their field, ensuring a reliable supply, and began to work tirelessly, learning about crop diversification and sustainable farming practices.

As seasons passed, their land turned into a thriving patchwork of colors—golden grains swayed next to lush green vegetables, _____ vibrant flowers danced under the sun. The water percolated through the soil, keeping the crops nourished even during dry spells. Their success didn’t go unnoticed. Curious villagers began to gather, watching Meera and her father **conduct** their daily tasks with care and precision. They witnessed how the diversified crops improved the soil’s health and increased yields.

Inspired by their journey, Meera founded an organization called "Harit Bhoomi" (Green Earth) to educate farmers about crop diversification. She conducted workshops under the old banyan tree, explaining the importance of rotating different sorts of crops to maintain soil fertility. She even showed them how water, when managed properly, could percolate efficiently, conserving resources.

At first, only a few attended, but as word spread of Meera's successful harvests, more villagers came, eager to learn. They realized that her methods were not just innovative but also sustainable. In time, the village transformed, with fields bursting with different sorts of produce, enriching both the land and the people's lives.

Meera and Raghav's dream had not only come true but had also inspired a whole community to embrace change and growth. And under the shade of that banyan tree, surrounded by hopeful farmers, Meera knew that her journey was just beginning, as ideas continued to **well** from her mind like a spring of inspiration.

Q15. Which

- (a) varieties
- (b) manure
- (c) harvest
- (d) genes
- (e) mixture

Q16. Which

- (a) scatter
- (b) believe
- (c) halt
- (d) destroy
- (e) complica

Q17. Which

- following statements are CORRECT according to the passage?
- (I) Meera and Raghav may follow the traditional methods of farming.
 - (II) Meera found that the villagers were not interested in her ideas.
 - (III) The villagers were not interested in her ideas.
- (a) Only I
 - (b) Both I and II
 - (c) Only III
 - (d) Only II
 - (e) All I, II, III

Q18. What did Meera and Raghav practice to maintain soil fertility?

- (a) Monocropping
- (b) Irrigation
- (c) Hybrid seeds
- (d) Pesticides
- (e) Crop rotation

Q19. Which of the following words best fits the blank in the passage?

- (a) although
- (b) since
- (c) because
- (d) while
- (e) unless

Q20. Which of the following is the most appropriate synonym for the word "well"?

- (a) inculcate
- (b) overflow
- (c) came
- (d) arise
- (e) reduce

Q21. Why did they prefer the traditional method?

- (a) They believed it was more effective.
- (b) They were used to the way it was done.
- (c) They thought it was a better way to grow crops.
- (d) They were not familiar with the new technique.
- (e) They preferred the traditional method over the new one.

Q22. Which of the following best describes the transformation of the village due to Meera and her team's efforts?

- (a) Increase in population and infrastructure.
- (b) Uniformity in housing and agricultural practices.
- (c) Migration of people to urban areas for better opportunities.
- (d) Decline in agricultural productivity due to over-exploitation.
- (e) Diverse and abundant produce enriching both land and community.

Q23. What was the outcome of Meera's efforts?

- (a) She achieved her goal of improving the village's infrastructure.
- (b) She inspired community growth while continuing to improve her skills.
- (c) Her methods were successful, leading to widespread acceptance without challenges.
- (d) She shifted her focus from farming to education, leaving cultivation behind.
- (e) She fulfilled her vision but became less involved as the community took over.

Q24. A word has been given in each question and has been used in the sentences given below. Identify the statements where the word has been used in a correct manner. If the word has been used correctly in all the statements, mark "All are correct", as your answer.

Hone

- (I) The artist continued to **hone** his craft, experimenting with his palette to create mesmerizing masterpieces.

(II) To meet the growing demand, professionals must **hone** their soft skills, such as communication and problem-solving.

(III) By leveraging his talent, he managed to **hone** a successful firm that consistently generated substantial profit.

- (a) Only (III)
- (b) Both (I) & (II)
- (c) Both (II) & (III)
- (d) Only (II)
- (e) All are correct

Q25. Read each of the following four sentences to find out whether there is any grammatical mistake/error in the given sentence. If all the given sentences are correct, choose (e) as your answer. If all the given sentences are incorrect, choose (a) as your answer.

- (a) The Yamuna river is a tributary of the Ganga.
- (b) No bus service was running on that day.
- (c) Rescue operations were carried out immediately.
- (d) He lauded the government for its policies.
- (e) None are correct.

Q26. Read each of the following four sentences to find out whether there is any grammatical mistake/error in the given sentence. If all the given sentences are correct, choose (e) as your answer. If all the given sentences are incorrect, choose (a) as your answer.

- (a) There was a heavy rain from the open sky.
- (b) We have a perfect sense of humor.
- (c) The cyclone brought a sense of console.
- (d) And huge amounts of money may be found here.
- (e) None are correct.

Q27. In the sentence given below, four words have been highlighted which may be misspelt or inappropriate. Identify the word which is misspelt or inappropriate. If all the words are correct, choose (e) as your answer.

- The incident occurred in the absence of any immitate address to address the issues.
- (a) occurred
 - (b) absence
 - (c) immitate
 - (d) address
 - (e) All are correct

Q28. A word has been given in each question and has been used in the sentences given below. Identify the statements where the word has been used in a correct manner. If the word has been used correctly in all the statements, mark "All are correct", as your answer.

Novel

- (I) The **novel** idea was praised by everyone, as it was the same one they had heard many times before.
(II) Her **novel** approach revealed rare wisdom beyond her years and experience.
(III) The **novel** disease continues to mutate, challenging scientists to find effective treatments.
- (a) Both (I) & (III)
(b) Only (I)
(c) Both (II) & (III)
(d) Only (II)
(e) All are correct

Q29. Read each of the following four sentences to find out whether there is any grammatical mistake/error in it. Choose the sentence with no grammatical error as the correct answer. If all the given sentences are correct, choose 'All are correct' as the answer.

- (a) The susp
(b) The cont
(c) The com
(d) After hea
(e) None are

Q30. Read each of the following four sentences to find out whether there is any grammatical mistake/error in it. Choose the sentence with no grammatical error as the correct answer. If all the given sentences are correct, choose 'All are correct' as the answer.

- (a) Much sta
(b) She face
(c) The catch
(d) With a g
(e) None are

Directions: Read the information carefully and answer the questions given below.
X and Y invested Rs. 8000 and Rs. 2000 respectively in a business. After six months, Y withdrew his share and X reduced his investment to Rs. P.

Q31. At the

- (a) 2500
(b) 2000
(c) 1500
(d) 500
(e) 1000

Q32. If the ratio of the profit share of Y to X is 12 : 13, then find the value of P+500.

- (a) 3500
(b) 2500
(c) 1200
(d) 3000
(e) 2000

Q33. At the end of a year, the profit share of X is Rs 700 out of total profit of Rs 1500, then find the value P/2.

- (a) 3550
- (b) 2550
- (c) 1250
- (d) 3250
- (e) 2750

Directions (34-41): What will come in the place of question mark (?) in the following questions.

Q34. $24^2 - \sqrt[3]{(2)} + 40\% \text{ of } 80 = 300 \times ?$

- (a) 8
- (b) 64
- (c) 512
- (d) 216
- (e) None of

Q35. 48% of

- (a) 1000
- (b) 600
- (c) 300
- (d) 500
- (e) 400

Q36. $(19 \times 7 -$

- (a) 16
- (b) 24
- (c) 12
- (d) 30
- (e) 8

Q37. $19^2 + 6$

- (a) 19
- (b) 29
- (c) 27
- (d) 33
- (e) 37

Q38. $\frac{175}{13} \times \frac{143}{25} + 13^2 = ?$

- (a) 236
- (b) 256
- (c) 248
- (d) 242
- (e) 246



Q39. $7^2 + 112 - (12 \times 5 + 24) = 172$

- (a) 18
- (b) 16
- (c) 14
- (d) 8
- (e) 12

Q40. $\frac{38}{9} + \frac{41}{18} - 3\frac{1}{27} = ?$

- (a) $2\frac{25}{54}$
- (b) $4\frac{25}{54}$
- (c) $3\frac{25}{54}$
- (d) $1\frac{25}{54}$
- (e) $3\frac{23}{54}$

Q41. $? + (13$

- (a) 800
- (b) -800
- (c) 700
- (d) -700
- (e) -760

Q42. A girl spends 10% of her income on rent, out of which she spends 5% on food and 20% on other things. If her total income is Rs. 1920. Find the amount she spends on food?

- (a) 72000
- (b) 60000
- (c) 30000
- (d) 48000
- (e) 36000

Q43. A man invests Rs. X in two schemes A and B respectively. Scheme A offers simple interest at rate of 8% p.a. and scheme B offers simple interest at rate of 12% p.a., After four years, the man received Rs. 6480 as interest, then find the value of X (in Rs.)?

- (a) 7500
- (b) 6000
- (c) 10000
- (d) 15000
- (e) 20000

Q44. The length of a rectangle is equal to the base of a right-angle triangle and the breadth of the rectangle is 24 cm. If the area of the rectangle is 720 cm square and the ratio of height to base of the right-angle triangle is 6 : 5, then find the area of the triangle (in sq. cm)?

-
- (a) 840
(b) 720
(c) 360
(d) 540
(e) 960

Q45. A man invested Rs. 4000 at rate of $X\%$ p.a. on simple interest for two years in scheme A and the amount obtained is invested at 10% p.a. on simple interest for two years in scheme B. If man received interest of Rs. 1040 from scheme B, then find the value of X ?

- (a) 8
(b) 20
(c) 10
(d) 15
(e) 12

Q46. Four years ago, the age of A was 1/3rd of the age of B. After 4 years, the age of A will be 1/2nd of the age of C. Find the age of A.

- (a) 20
(b) 16
(c) 30
(d) 25
(e) 27

Q47. A vessel contains mixture of milk and water in the ratio of 3 : 2. If 10 liters of milk is taken out from the vessel, then the ratio of milk to water becomes 2 : 3. Find the quantity of water in the vessel.

- (a) 8 : 3
(b) 6 : 5
(c) 7 : 3
(d) 7 : 2
(e) 5 : 2

Q48. The speed of train P is 180 meters more than that of train Q. If speed of train Q is 36 km/hr , then find the time taken by train Q to cross 100 meters long bridge (in seconds)?

- (a) 120
(b) 90
(c) 50
(d) 48
(e) 80

Directions (49-53): The table given below shows total number of pens and books sold by five shops. Read the data carefully and answer the questions given below.

Shops	Number of pens sold	Number of books sold
A	84	100
B	120	120
C	90	96
D	60	50
E	110	64

Q49. Find the ratio of number of pens sold by A and D together to number of books sold by B and E together.

- (a) 18:23
- (b) 23:18
- (c) 2:3
- (d) 21:22
- (e) 23:24

Q50. The number of pens sold by A is what percentage of the number of books sold by A.

- (a) 250%
- (b) 120%
- (c) 50%
- (d) 150%
- (e) 100%

Q51. Find the average number of pens sold by all the shopkeepers.

- (a) 6.8
- (b) 8.1
- (c) 6.9
- (d) 7
- (e) 6

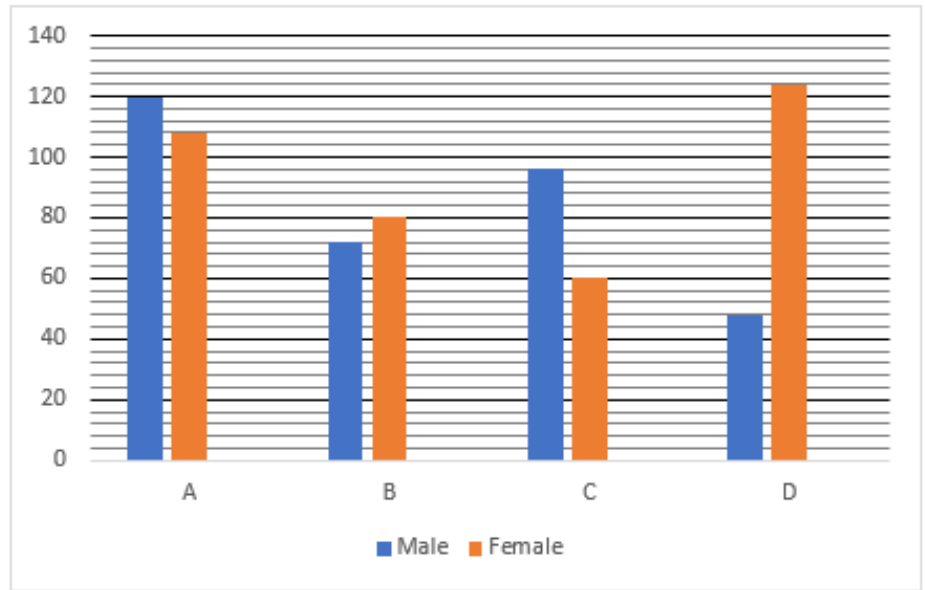
Q52. If pens sold by F is 20% more than books sold by B and books sold by F is 30% less than pens sold by C, then find the total pens and books sold by F.

- (a) 207
- (b) 120
- (c) 205
- (d) 101
- (e) 201

Q53. If 20% of the pens are unsold by B, then find the unsold pens by B as what percentage of double the number of books sold by D.

- (a) 40%
- (b) 100%
- (c) 120%
- (d) 30%
- (e) 50%

Directions (54-58): The bar graph given below shows number of male and female working in four different factories. Read the data carefully and answer the questions given below.



Q54. The average number of workers working in A and B is what percentage of the number of workers working in D.

- (a) 77%
- (b) 66.66%
- (c) 120%
- (d) 30%
- (e) 50%

Q55. The ratio of the number of male workers to the number of female workers in all the factories.

- (a) 10:31
- (b) 23:18
- (c) 2:3
- (d) 21:22
- (e) 23:24

Q56. If male working in E is $\frac{1}{4}$ th of females working in B, then male working in E is what percentage more or less than the difference between male and female working in A.

- (a) 40%
- (b) 66.66%
- (c) 120%
- (d) 30%
- (e) 50%

Q57. 25% of male working for four hours and rest of the males working for five hours, then find the total work done by male in factory C (in unit).

- (a) 456
- (b) 420
- (c) 405
- (d) 401
- (e) 501

Q58. Find the difference between males working in B and C together and average number of females working in C and D.

- (a) 68
- (b) 76
- (c) 69
- (d) 72
- (e) 61

Q59. A boat can travel with a speed of 90 km/hr in still water. Find the time taken by the boat to travel 36 km upstream.

- (a) 10 hours
- (b) 12 hours
- (c) 6 hours
- (d) 3 hours
- (e) 15 hours

Q60. A and B are two business partners with investments of Rs. X & Rs. X+8000 respectively. After eight-month, A withdraws Rs. Rs. 2000. At the end of one year, the ratio of profit received by A to that of B is 3: 4. Find the value of X.

- (a) 5000
- (b) 3000
- (c) 1500
- (d) 2000
- (e) 4000

Q61. The ratio of A to that of B is 3 : 4 and the average of A, B and C is 40. If average of A and B is 35, then find the value of C?

- (a) 30
- (b) 40
- (c) 50
- (d) 60
- (e) 20

Q62. Varun spends 30% of his monthly income on food and 10% of the remaining on transport. If the difference between the amount spends on food and transport is Rs.9200, then find the monthly income of Varun (in Rs.)?

- (a) 60000
- (b) 40000
- (c) 30000
- (d) 36000
- (e) 20000

Q63. A alone can complete a work in 60 days, and B alone can do the same work in 40 days. A and B together started the work and after 16 days B left the work. Find in how many days A alone can complete the work?

- (a) 13.33 days
- (b) 24 days
- (c) 20 days
- (d) 15 days
- (e) 25 days

Q64. There are 100 numbers. The sum of the numbers is 24. If the smallest number is an odd number, then find the largest number.

- (a) 27
- (b) 21
- (c) 23
- (d) 25
- (e) 29

Q65. A shopkeeper marks up the price of an article by 40% above the cost price and gives a discount of 20% on the marked price. If the selling price of the article is Rs. 672, then find the cost price of the article (in Rs.).

- (a) 840
- (b) 620
- (c) 600
- (d) 1120
- (e) 720

Directions (66-70): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

Eight boxes, i.e., P, Q, R, S, T, U, V, and W, are kept one above the other but not necessarily in the same order.

One box is kept between Box Q and Box U. Two boxes are kept between Box U and Box W. Box W and Box Q are not kept adjacent to each other. One box is kept between Box P and Box S. Box S is kept below Box P. More than two boxes are kept below Box S. Box P is kept above Box Q. More than one box is placed above Box W. Box R is kept immediately above Box V. Box W, which is not in the bottommost position.

Q66. How many boxes are kept above Box S?

- (a) Two
- (b) One
- (c) Three
- (d) Four
- (e) None of these

Q67. Which among the following boxes is kept just above Box R?

- (a) Box T
- (b) Box U
- (c) Box V
- (d) Box S
- (e) None of these

Q68. How many boxes are kept between Box U and Box W?

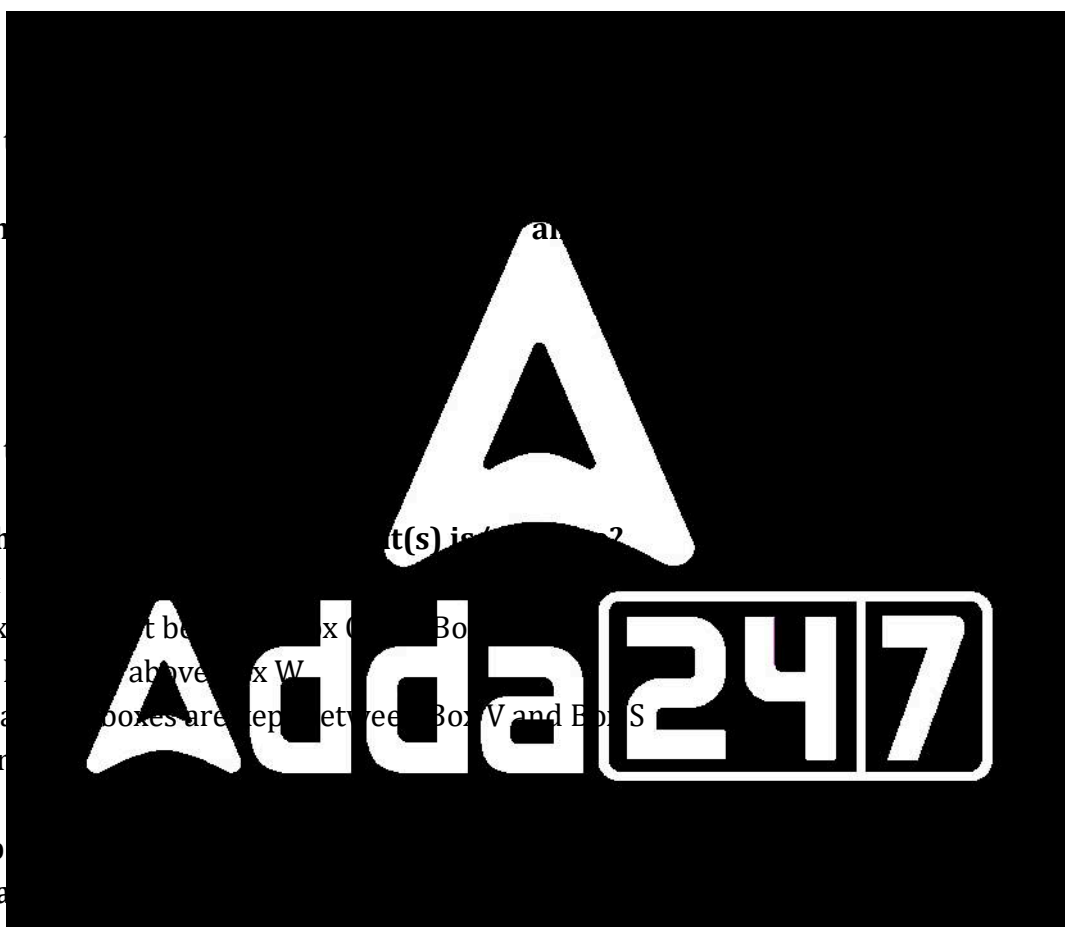
- (a) Two
- (b) Three
- (c) One
- (d) None
- (e) None of these

Q69. Which of the following statement(s) is/are true?

- (a) One box is kept between Box C and Box D
- (b) Two boxes are kept between Box C and Box D
- (c) Box V is kept just above Box W
- (d) More than three boxes are kept between Box V and Box S
- (e) All are true

Q70. If all boxes are rearranged in alphabetical order, how many boxes remain in the same position?

- (a) More than three
- (b) Two
- (c) Three
- (d) One
- (e) None of these



Directions (71-73): In each of the questions below some statements are given followed by two conclusions. You have to take the given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance with commonly known facts. Read all the conclusions and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follows from the given statements disregarding commonly known facts.

Q71. Statements:

Only a few Note is Pain

Some Ball is Pain

No Pain is Net

Conclusions: I. Some Net is Note

II. No Note is Net

(a) If only conclusion I follow

(b) If only conclusion II follow

(c) If either conclusion I or II follow

(d) If neither conclusion I nor II follow

(e) If both conclusions I and II follow

Q72. Statements:

Only a few Tree is Ven

All Ven is Jack

Some Jack is Ver

Conclusion:

I. Some Ver is Tree

(a) If only conclusion I follow

(b) If only conclusion II follow

(c) If either conclusion I or II follow

(d) If neither conclusion I nor II follow

(e) If both conclusions I and II follow

Q73. Statements:

A few Day is Exam

No Shift is Exam

All Exam is Day

Conclusion:

I. Some Exam is Day

(a) If only conclusion I follow

(b) If only conclusion II follow

(c) If either conclusion I or II follow

(d) If neither conclusion I nor II follow

(e) If both conclusions I and II follow

Q74. Find the odd one out?

(a) PUS

(b) DIG

(c) LRO

(d) QVT

(e) MRP

Directions (75-78): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

A certain number of persons sit in row face to the north. P is the only immediate neighbor of O. Three persons sit between S and P. There are as many persons sit between O and S is half as between K and S. More than four persons sit between O and K. The number of persons sit between L and K is three less than the number of persons sit between S and L. T sits 3rd to the left of L. G is 5th from an extreme end and sits immediate left of L.

Q75. How many persons sit between S and K?

- (a) 2
- (b) 3
- (c) 4
- (d) 5
- (e) 8

Q76. Who sits

- (a) L
- (b) The one
- (c) P
- (d) S
- (e) Cannot be

Q77. What

- (a) 13
- (b) 14
- (c) 15
- (d) 16
- (e) 11

Q78. What

- (a) 2nd to the
- (b) 3rd to the right
- (c) 3rd to the left
- (d) Immediate left
- (e) None of these

Directions (79-81): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

A family has 8 members A, B, C, D, E, F, G, and H, and there are three generations in the family. D is the husband of B and is the only brother of E. A is the only grandson of F. D is the son-in-law of G. C is the mother of E. The gender of G and A is different. B is not F's child. E is the aunt of H. A is not the child of E.

Q79. How is H related to D?

- (a) Son-in-law
- (b) Mother-in-law
- (c) Father-in-law
- (d) Daughter
- (e) Mother

Q80. How is B related to C?

- (a) Niece
- (b) Daughter-in-law
- (c) Father
- (d) Son
- (e) Can't be

Q81. Four of the persons are living in the same named flat. Which of the following does not live in that flat?

- (a) G
- (b) C
- (c) F
- (d) H
- (e) E

Directions Read the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

Eight persons, A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, J, K, L, M, N, O, P, Q, R, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y, and Z, are living in a four-story building such that the ground floor is numbered as floor-1 and the topmost floor is numbered as floor-4. Each of the floors has 2 flats in it as flat-X and flat-Y. Flat-Z of floor-2 is immediately above flat-Y of floor-1 and immediately below flat-X of floor-3. Flat-W of floor-3 is immediately above flat-X of floor-2 and immediately below flat-Y of floor-4. Y lives two floors above X. Z lives two floors above W. L lives to the west of the person who lives just below K in the same named flat. K and X do not live on the same floor. One floor gap is between W and Z. W and X do not live in the same named flat. Z does not live on the first floor. Z and K live on different floors. M lives above G.

Q82. Who among the following persons lives in flat Y?

- (a) L
- (b) X
- (c) Y
- (d) G
- (e) Z

Q83. Who among the following persons lives just above W in the same named flat?

- (a) Y
- (b) L
- (c) M
- (d) G
- (e) None of these

Q84. If all the persons who live in flat X are arranged in alphabetical order from top to bottom, then how many persons remain unchanged in flat X?

- (a) Two
- (b) Three
- (c) None
- (d) One
- (e) None of these

Q85. How many persons live in flat X?

- (a) Three
- (b) None
- (c) One
- (d) Two
- (e) None of these

Q86. Who among the following persons lives in flat X?

- (a) L
- (b) K
- (c) X
- (d) G
- (e) None of these

Directions: Read the following information carefully and answer the questions that follow. The information is shown in the form of a table. The table is based on the given statements.

Q87. Statements: $7 > 2 = 4 < 6 \geq 8 > 1 \leq 3$

Conclusions:

- I. $7 > 8$
- II. $1 < 6$
- (a) If only conclusion I is true
- (b) If only conclusion II is true
- (c) If either conclusion I or II is true
- (d) If neither conclusion I nor II is true
- (e) If both conclusions I and II are true

Q88. Statements: $X < Y = Z \geq W > V \leq U < T$

Conclusions:

I. $Y < V$

II. $Z \geq V$

- (a) If only conclusion I is true
- (b) If neither conclusion I nor II is true
- (c) If only conclusion II is true
- (d) If both conclusions I and II are true
- (e) If either conclusion I or II is true

Q89. Statement:

Conclusion:

I. $O > R$

II. $O < R$

- (a) If either conclusion I or II is true
- (b) If neither conclusion I nor II is true
- (c) If only conclusion I is true
- (d) If both conclusions I and II are true
- (e) If only conclusion II is true

Q90. Statement:

Conclusion:

I. $C > G$

II. $H = E$

- (a) If either conclusion I or II is true
- (b) If neither conclusion I nor II is true
- (c) If both conclusions I and II are true
- (d) If only conclusion I is true
- (e) If only conclusion II is true

Q91. How many letters between the first and last letters of the word 'CANTONMENT' as many letters between them as they have in the English alphabet (counted in forward and backward direction)?

- (a) One
- (b) Three
- (c) None
- (d) Two
- (e) None of these

Directions (92-95): Study the following number series carefully and answer the questions given below.

9 3 6 8 4 2 7 5 1 8 3 2 6 7 9 4 5 1 7 8 2 3 6 9 5

Q92. How many even digits are there in the given series, each of which is immediately preceded and immediately succeeded by an odd digit?

- (a) Two
- (b) One
- (c) Three
- (d) None
- (e) More than three

Q93. What is the sum of the prime numbers are there in the given series?

- (a) 47
- (b) 51
- (c) 41
- (d) 49
- (e) None of these

Q94. If all the numbers in the following series are arranged in ascending order, how many of the numbers is less than 50?

- (a) 6
- (b) 8
- (c) 2
- (d) 4
- (e) 1

Q95. Which of the following is exactly in the middle of the series when arranged from the right to the left?

- (a) 5
- (b) 6
- (c) 4
- (d) 7
- (e) None

Directions: Read the following information carefully and answer the questions given below.

Eight persons from P to W sit in a row but not necessarily in the same order such that all of them face north. More than five persons sit to the left of P. Three persons sit between P and S, who sits immediate right of R. Two persons sit between R and U. V sits 3rd to the right of U. The number of persons sitting between S and V is less than the number of persons sitting to the left of T. W sits adjacent to R.

Q96. How many persons sit between T and P?

- (a) Three
- (b) One
- (c) None
- (d) Two
- (e) None of these

Q97. Who sits 2nd to the right of R?

- (a) T
- (b) V
- (c) W
- (d) P
- (e) None of these

Q98. Four of the following five are alike in a certain way and form a group. Who among the following doesn't belong to that group?

- (a) U
- (b) Q
- (c) S
- (d) W
- (e) T

Q99. What

- (a) 5th to the
- (b) 3rd to the
- (c) 3rd to the
- (d) 2nd to the
- (e) Can't be

Q100. The person sitting to the left of _____ is the _____ persons sitting to the right of _____.

- (a) W, P
- (b) Q, V
- (c) W, V
- (d) R, U
- (e) S, V



Solutions

S1. Ans.(a)

Sol. The correct answer for blank (A) is **(a) establish**.

Here are the meanings of the options:

1. Establish

- **English:** To set up, create, or make something secure and stable.
- **Hindi:** स्थापित करना, बनाना, सुरक्षा और स्थिरता प्रदान करना।
- **Why correct:** In the context of corporate marketing, the goal is to create or secure the company's position in the market, so "establish" is the most appropriate choice.

2. Confirm

- To verify or prove something is true.
- To confirm a statement or a fact.
- To confirm a position, not to establish a position.

3. Undermine

- To weaken or destroy something.
- To undermine a position, not to establish a position.
- To undermine a negative action, not to establish a position.

4. Delay

- To postpone or put off something.
- To delay a position, not to establish a position.
- To delay a position, so it is not established.

5. Grate

- To make a harsh sound or to irritate.
- To grate a position, not to establish a position.
- To grate a position, so it is not established.

Summary: The correct answer for blank (A) is **(a) establish** because it means to set up, create, or make something secure and stable, which is the goal of corporate marketing.

S2. Ans.(b)

Sol. The correct answer for blank (B) is **(b) advertisements**.

Explanation for the correct and incorrect options:

1. Advertisements

- **English:** Commercials or promotional content aimed at publicizing a product or service.
- **Hindi:** विज्ञापन, प्रचार।
- **Why correct:** In corporate marketing, advertisements are one of the primary ways to engage with consumers and create effective strategies. This word fits perfectly in the context of creating effective strategies based on consumer behavior.

2. Embodies

- **English:** To represent or express something in a tangible form.
- **Hindi:** रूप देना, अभिव्यक्त करना।
- **Why incorrect:** "Embodies" refers to something abstract being represented in form, which does not directly relate to the creation of marketing strategies.

3. Purchases

- **English:** The act of buying something.
- **Hindi:** खरीददारी।
- **Why incorrect:** "Purchases" refers to the act of buying, not a method or tool used for creating effective marketing strategies.

4. Sales

- **English:** Transactions involving the exchange of goods or services for money.

- **Why incorrect:** "Sales" refers to the act of selling, not a method or tool used for creating effective marketing strategies. It does not refer to the specific action in the context of the question.

5. Proximity

- **English:** The state of being close or near to something.
- **Why incorrect:** "Proximity" refers to the physical or metaphorical closeness, which does not relate to the creation of marketing strategies.

Summary:
marketing

S3. Ans.(e)

Sol. The correct answer is (e).

Explanation:

1. Strategic

- **English:** Relating to the identification of long-term or overall goals and the means to achieve them.
- **Why incorrect:** "Strategic" refers to the overall plan or strategy, which is not the best fit for the blank (C).

2. Trivial

- **English:** Of little importance or significance.
- **Hindi:** तुच्छ, महत्वहीन
- **Why incorrect:** "Trivial" refers to something of little importance, which does not align with the context of an important marketing campaign or promotion.

3. Globally

- **English:** In a global manner, or relating to the entire world.
- **Hindi:** वैश्विक रूप से
- **Why incorrect:** While global campaigns are common in marketing, "globally" does not fit the context of creating specific, effective marketing strategies. It is not the best fit for blank (C). Also, the word globally is grammatically incorrect for the blank (C).

4. Emergency

- **English:** A serious, unexpected, and often dangerous situation requiring immediate action.
- **Hindi:** आपातकाल
- **Why incorrect:** "Emergency" is not relevant to the context of a planned marketing strategy. Marketing is a proactive, rather than reactive, process.

5. Random

- **English:** Made, done, happening, or chosen without method or conscious decision.
- **Hindi:** बेतरतीब, यादृच्छिक
- **Why incorrect:** "Random" refers to something occurring without specific planning, which contradicts the notion of creating a well-organized, effective marketing strategy.

Summary: The correct answer is (C) "Global" because it fits the context of creating a well-organized, effective marketing strategy. The other options are either not relevant or contradict the notion of a planned marketing strategy.

S4. Ans.(b)

Sol. The correct answer is (b) "Global".

Here are the options:

Explanation:

1. Strategic

- **English:** A plan or course of action that is designed to achieve a specific goal or objective.
- **Hindi:** रणनीति
- **Why incorrect:** "Strategic" is not relevant to the context of creating a well-organized, effective marketing strategy. It is more relevant to the context of a business plan or a corporate strategy.

2. Trivial

- **English:** Not important or significant.
- **Hindi:** बचका, अल्पवैध
- **Why incorrect:** "Trivial" is not relevant to the context of creating a well-organized, effective marketing strategy. It is more relevant to the context of a minor detail or a minor issue.

3. Globally

- **English:** In a way that is not aligned with the context of creating a well-organized, effective marketing strategy.
- **Hindi:** वैश्विक रूप से
- **Why incorrect:** While global campaigns are common in marketing, "globally" does not fit the context of creating specific, effective marketing strategies. Also, the word "globally" does not fit the context grammatically. It is not the best fit for blank (C).

4. Emergency

- **English:** A serious, unexpected, and often dangerous situation requiring immediate action.
- **Hindi:** आपातकाल
- **Why incorrect:** "Emergency" is not relevant to the context of a planned marketing strategy. Marketing is a proactive, rather than reactive, process.

5. Random

- **English:** Made, done, happening, or chosen without method or conscious decision.
- **Hindi:** बेतरतीब, यादृच्छिक
- **Why incorrect:** "Random" refers to something occurring without specific planning, which contradicts the notion of creating a well-organized, effective marketing strategy.

Summary: Strategic is the most appropriate word because it directly relates to a calculated and intentional approach that is essential in corporate marketing. It best fits in the context of creating successful marketing campaigns.

S5. Ans.(d)

Sol. The correct answer for blank (E) is **(d) predicting**.

Here are the

1. Diminishing

-
-
-

2. Sink

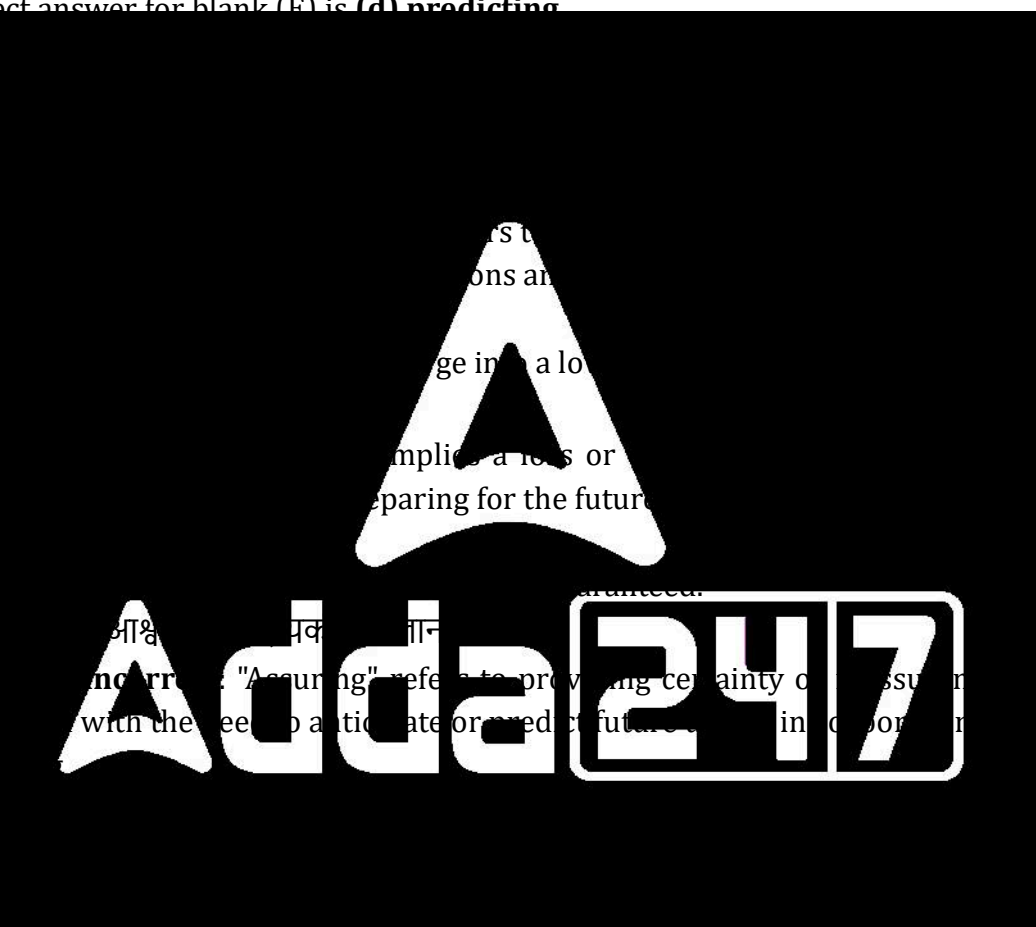
-
-
-

3. Assure

-
-
-

4. Predict

-
-
-



anticipating or forecasting future market trends and consumer behavior, which is a key element in corporate marketing strategies.

5. Optimising

- **English:** To make something as effective or functional as possible.
- **Hindi:** अनुकूलित करना, सर्वोत्तम बनाना।
- **Why Incorrect:** "Optimising" refers to improving efficiency, which doesn't fully capture the idea of forecasting or anticipating market trends that is crucial in the context of corporate marketing.

Summary: The correct word is **(d) predicting**. It fits the context of assessing future trends and preparing strategies accordingly, which is essential in corporate marketing.

S6. Ans.(e)

Sol. Options:

1. Alarming

- **English:** Causing fear or concern.
- **Hindi:** चिंतावनी देने वाला, डराने वाला।
- **Why Incorrect:** "Alarming" refers to something that causes distress or concern, which doesn't fit the context of using technology or analytics in a strategic way for improving marketing outcomes.

2. Browsing

- **English:** To look through or glance at something casually.

○ **Hindi:** ब्राउज़िंग करना, खानबीन करना।

3. Rejection

- **English:** The act of rejecting or refusing something.
- **Hindi:** अस्वीकार करना, खारिज करना।
- **Why Incorrect:** "Rejection" refers to the act of rejecting or refusing something, which doesn't align with the context of using technology or analytics for strategic marketing outcomes.

4. Reduction

- **English:** The act of reducing or decreasing something.
- **Hindi:** घटाना, कम करना।
- **Why Incorrect:** "Reduction" refers to the act of reducing or decreasing something, which doesn't make sense in the context of using technology or analytics to improve marketing outcomes.

5. Analysis

- **English:** To examine something in detail, especially to understand its nature or to draw conclusions.
- **Hindi:** विश्लेषण करना।
- **Why Correct:** "Analysis" refers to the process of examining something in detail, which is a key step in using technology or analytics to make informed marketing decisions.

Summary: The correct answer is (e) Analysis. The process involves using technology, data, and analytics to gain insights and improve marketing outcomes.

S7. Ans.(a)

Sol. Correct Answer: (a) after being thrashed

Explanation:

- The correct form should be "after being thrashed" because the passive voice is needed to indicate that the subject (man and co-worker) received the action (were thrashed).
- (b) is incorrect because "having thrashed" implies they did the action, not received it.
- (c) is incorrect due to incorrect verb form. "been" needs an auxiliary verb like "having" or "being."
- (d) is grammatically incorrect in structure.
- (e) is incorrect because the original phrase lacks the passive construction.

- **Grammar Rule:**
 - Use "**being**" in passive constructions to show the subject received the action.
- **Corrected Sentence:**
 - *A man lost his life, and his co-worker was injured after being thrashed by their employer.*

S8. Ans.(c)

Sol. Correct Answer: (c) a compliment for

Explanation:

- The correct word is "**compliment**" (with an 'i') because it means praise or an expression of admiration.
- "**Complement**" (with an 'e') means something that completes or enhances another thing.
- (a) is incorrect because "compliment of" is not used in this context.

- **Grammar Rule:**
 - Use "**being**" in passive constructions to show the subject received the action.
- **Corrected Sentence:**
 - *As a company grows, it should show appreciation and gratitude to its employees.*

S9. Ans.(c)

Sol. Correct Answer: (c)

Explanation: The sentence is about a business that is struggling. The correct word to use is "struggle" because it means to have difficulty or to fight against something. The sentence should be: "The business is struggling to succeed in the market."

- Here's why the correct answer is (c):
- **(D):** "The business is struggling to succeed in the market." - This part introduces the subject of the sentence, which is the business, and the action it is struggling to do, which is to succeed in the market.
 - **(A):** "The business is struggling to succeed in the market." - This part clarifies the subject (the business) and the action (struggling to succeed) and the method (in the market).
 - **(B):** "The business is struggling to succeed in the market." - This part clarifies the subject (the business) and the action (struggling to succeed).
 - **(C):** "The business is struggling to succeed in the market." - This part clarifies the subject (the business) and the action (struggling to succeed) with (the customer).

Putting them in this order (DABC) makes the sentence grammatically correct and logically structured.

S10. Ans.(d)

Sol. The correct sequence is BDCA.

Explanation of the sequence:

- **B (no work on forest):** The sentence starts by stating what cannot happen, which is "no work on forest."
- **D (land can begin without the):** This part continues the thought by specifying that "land can begin without."
- **C (competent authority's):** This part clarifies that the authority required for the action is the "competent authority's."

- **A (order for diversion):** Finally, this part completes the idea, specifying what is needed from the authority: "order for diversion."

Thus, the correct rearranged sentence is: "No work on forest land can begin without the competent authority's order for diversion."

S11. Ans.(c)

Sol. Correct Answer: (c) (A) – (D) and (B) – (C)

Explanation:

- **(A) loans** and **(D) cash** are incorrectly placed. "Cash" is what is being affected by the liquidity problem, so it should come in place of "loans," which makes more sense.
- **(B) cuts** and **(C) banks** should be swapped because "rate cuts" is a more logical pairing, and "bank" is more relevant to the context of the sentence.

Meaning of

- **Loan** is a sum of money that is borrowed from a lender and must be repaid.
- **Cuts** refer to a reduction in the amount of money that is being spent, often in the context of budgets, or interest rates.
- **Bank** is a financial institution that provides loans and other financial services.
- **Cash** is a sum of money that is held in a physical form, such as coins or banknotes.

Why the choice is correct:

- **Loan** should be replaced with **cash** (D) because cash is more logically connected to liquidity problems affecting banks not loans.
- **Cuts** should be replaced with **banks** (C) because rate cuts being implemented by banks is a more common phrase than rate cuts being implemented by loans.

So, the correct

Correct Sentence after Replacement:

The **cash** (D) shortage affecting **banks** (C) will delay **rate cuts** (B), slow down credit growth, and require actions to make **loans** (A) cheaper.

S12. Ans.(c)

Sol. Explanation:

- **Competition (प्रतियोगिता)** should be linked to a regulatory authority, not **recovery** (पुनर्प्राप्ति), which is more relevant to financial or economic improvement.
- **Erring (भ्रमित होना)** refers to making mistakes or delays, so it logically pairs with parties making late payments, whereas **delaying** describes the action of postponing.

Correct Swapping:

- **Competition (B) with Recovery (A)**
- **Delaying (C) with Erring (D)**
- **Corrected Sentence:** *India's competition watchdog has cleared stricter penalty recovery rules to prevent erring parties from delaying payments.*

Word Meanings:

- **Competition (प्रतियोगिता):** Rivalry between entities
- **Recovery (पुनर्प्राप्ति):** Return to a normal state or improvement
- **Delaying (विलंब):** Postponing or putting off
- **Erring (भ्रमित होना):** Making mistakes or being wrong

S13. Ans.(b)

Sol. Correct

Explanation

- ...verb should
- ...e for
- ...rb "wa
- ...s the wro
- ...ping" sugges
- ...esn't fit the
- ...original phrase ha
- ...form.
- **Gran**
- ...lural
- ..."were
- **Corr**
- **The j** ... and o ... valuab ... assets ... were kep ... a secu ... look ... p ... y theft.

S14. Ans.(d)

Sol. Expla

- ...rather than
- ...these words

Correct Swapping:

- **Companies (B) with Consumers (A)**
- **Corrected Sentence:** *Both companies said India remains a value market, with consumers buying cheaper oral care and beauty products infrequently.*

Word Meanings:

- **Consumers (उपभोक्ता):** People who buy goods and services
- **Companies (कंपनियाँ):** Businesses selling products or services

S15. Ans.(a)

Sol. In the passage, the word "sorts" is used to describe different types or kinds of crops.

(a) Varieties

- **English Meaning:** Different types or kinds of something.
- **Hindi Meaning:** विविधताएँ
- **Explanation:** In the context of crops, "varieties" perfectly matches the meaning of "sorts" as it refers to different types of crops grown.
- **Example Sentence:** There are many varieties of apples in the market.
- **Conclusion:** This is the correct synonym as it aligns with the context of the passage.

(b) Manure

- **English Meaning:** Organic matter added to soil to help plants grow.
- **Hindi Meaning:** खाद (Khaad)
- **Explanation:** Manure is related to farming but refers to fertilizer, not types of crops.
- **Example Sentence:** The farmer used cow manure to fertilize the soil.
- **Conclusion:** This is not a correct synonym for "sorts".

(c) Harvest

- **English Meaning:** The process of gathering crops after they have been grown.
- **Hindi Meaning:** फसल (Fasal)
- **Explanation:** Harvest refers to the time when crops are ready to be picked, not the types of crops.
- **Example Sentence:** The harvest season is approaching.
- **Conclusion:** This is not a correct synonym for "sorts".

(d) Genes

- **English Meaning:** Units of heredity that determine an organism's traits.
- **Hindi Meaning:** जीन (Gene)
- **Explanation:** Genes are the basic units of heredity and have no direct relation to the types of crops.
- **Example Sentence:** Genes determine an organism's physical traits.
- **Conclusion:** This is not a correct synonym for "sorts".

(e) Mixture

- **English Meaning:** A combination of different elements or substances.
- **Hindi Meaning:** मिश्रण (Mishran)
- **Explanation:** While 'mixture' suggests a blend, it does not specifically refer to types of crops like "sorts".
- **Example Sentence:** The mixture of colors was beautiful.
- **Conclusion:** This is not a correct synonym for "sorts".

Correct Answer:

- This option accurately reflects the meaning of "sorts" in the passage, as it denotes different types or categories of crops.

Final Explanation:

In the passage, Meera and her father experimented with growing different types of crops. The word "sorts" is used to denote the various types or varieties of crops they planted. Hence, the correct synonym is "**varieties**", which best captures the context of diversity in crops.

S16. Ans.(c)

Sol. The word "conduct" generally means to manage, lead, or carry out an activity. Its most suitable antonym is "Halt," which means to stop or bring to a standstill, as it directly contrasts with the idea of actively managing or leading an activity.

1. Scatter

- **English Meaning:** To throw things loosely in different directions without order.
- **Hindi Meaning:** बिखेरना, अव्यवस्थित ढंग से फैलाना।

2. Believe

- **English Meaning:** To accept something as true or real, often without absolute proof.
- **Hindi Meaning:** विश्वास करना, मानना

3. Halt

- **English Meaning:** To stop or come to a standstill.
- **Hindi Meaning:** रुकना, ठहरना।

4. Destroy

- **English Meaning:** To damage or ruin something completely

5. Com

Explanation: The passage mentions that Meera opposed the traditional farming methods of the villagers, which involved growing the same crops year after year, exhausting the soil. The opposite of 'exhaust' is 'halt' or 'stop'. Therefore, the correct answer is (d) Halt.

S17. Ans.(d)

Sol. Let's break down the passage. The passage mentions that Meera opposed the traditional farming methods of the villagers, which involved growing the same crops year after year, exhausting the soil. The opposite of 'exhaust' is 'halt' or 'stop'. Therefore, the correct answer is (d) Halt.

(I) Meera and her friends started an organization called 'Halt Bhav' to educate farmers about crop diversification. This statement is correct. The passage mentions that Meera and her friends started an organization called 'Halt Bhav' to educate farmers about crop diversification. Reference: "Meera and her friends started an organization called 'Halt Bhav' to educate farmers about crop diversification."

(II) Meera founded an organization to educate farmers about crop diversification. This statement is correct. The passage mentions that Meera founded an organization called 'Halt Bhav' to educate farmers about crop diversification. Reference: "Meera founded an organization called 'Halt Bhav' to educate farmers about crop diversification."

(III) The villagers were successful in maintaining soil fertility with their usual crops. This statement is incorrect. The passage suggests that the villagers' traditional farming methods, which involved growing the same crops repeatedly, exhausted the soil. Reference: "Unlike the other villagers who grew the same sorts of crops year after year, exhausting the soil..."

Correct answer: (d) Only II

S18. Ans.(e)

Sol. Explanation:

The passage mentions that Meera educated farmers about the importance of rotating different sorts of crops to maintain soil fertility, which refers to crop rotation.

The other options are incorrect because:

- (a) **Monocropping** is the opposite of crop rotation, leading to soil depletion.
- (b) **Irrigation** is about water supply, not soil fertility.
- (c) **Hybrid seeds** are designed for high yield but don't directly maintain soil fertility.
- (d) **Pesticides** protect crops from pests but don't maintain soil fertility.

S19. Ans.(d)

Sol. The word "while" (जबकि, उसी समय) is used to indicate that two actions are happening at the same time. In this context, it shows the simultaneous movement of golden grains and vibrant flowers in the field, creating a vivid, dynamic scene.

1. **Although**

-
-

2. **Since**

-
-

3. **Because**

-
-

4. **While**

-
-

5. **Unless**

-
-

Explanation

In the passage, the sentence describes two simultaneous actions—grains swaying and flowers dancing. The word "while" is the most appropriate choice to convey this simultaneity, making the sentence more cohesive and clear. Therefore, the correct answer is (d) **while**.

S20. Ans.(d)

Sol. The word "well up" suggests something rising or coming forth spontaneously, just as water rises from a spring. It conveys the notion of inspiration or creativity originating from within.

1. **Inculcate**

- **English Meaning:** To teach or instill an idea or habit persistently.
- **Hindi Meaning:** मन में बिठाना, सिखाना या बार-बार दोहरा कर आदत बनाना।

2. **Overflow**

- **English Meaning:** To spill over or exceed a limit, typically associated with liquid.
- **Hindi Meaning:** उमड़ना, बह निकलना, या सीमा से बाहर आना।

3. **Came**

- **English Meaning:** To arrive or move toward a place.
- **Hindi Meaning:** आना, पहुंचना।

4. **Arise**

- **English Meaning:** To emerge, come into being, or begin to exist.
- **Hindi Meaning:** उत्पन्न होना, उठना या प्रारंभ होना।

5. **Reduce** (Incorrect Option)

- **English Meaning:** To decrease or make smaller in size, amount, or degree.
- **Hindi Meaning:** घटाना, कम करना।

Explanation:

The passage uses the word "well" to describe ideas emerging from Meera's mind, similar to how water rises from a wellspring. The most appropriate synonym in this context is "**arise**", as it accurately captures the sense of something originating or coming into existence.

S21. Ans.(c)

Sol. The passage describes how Meera's village transformed into a hub for sustainable farming and education, with new crop varieties and a focus on community growth.

- (a) **Emphasized the role of technology** is not supported by the text.
- (b) **Reduced the focus on education** is incorrect as the passage highlights the importance of education.
- (d) **Introduced a new issue** is not mentioned in the passage.
- (e) **Promoted the idea of sustainable farming** is the correct answer as it aligns with the passage's theme.

S22. Ans.(e)

Sol. The passage describes how Meera's village transformed into a hub for sustainable farming and education, with new crop varieties and a focus on community growth.

- (a) **Community growth was not a priority** is incorrect as the passage emphasizes community growth.
- (b) **Unconventional farming practices were promoted** is not the main focus.
- (c) **Meera's approach was not unique** is not supported by the text.
- (d) **Diversification of crops was not the goal** is incorrect as the passage mentions new crop varieties.

S23. Ans.(b)

Sol. She inspired community growth while continuing to expand her educational efforts.

Explanation:

The last paragraph states that Meera continued to inspire her community while balancing her farming and teaching responsibilities.

- (a) **Focus on farming was reduced** is incorrect as the passage mentions she continued to farm.
- (c) **Widespread acceptance without challenges** oversimplifies her journey, she initially faced skepticism.
- (d) **Shifted focus entirely to education** is misleading as she balanced both farming and teaching.
- (e) **Became less involved** contradicts the notion of her ongoing leadership and inspiration.

S24. Ans.(b)

Sol. Correct Answer: (b) Both (I) & (II)

Meaning:

- **English:** To sharpen or improve (a skill or ability).
- **Hindi:** सुधारना, निखारना

Explanation:

- **(I) Correct:** "Hone" is correctly used to describe improving one's craft or skills.
- **(II) Correct:** "Hone" is correctly used to indicate the development of soft skills.
- **(III) Incorrect:** "Hone" is incorrectly used because it does not mean to establish or build a firm. The correct word should be "**build**" or "**establish**".

Corrected Sentence for (III): *By leveraging his talent, he managed to build a successful firm that consistently generated substantial profit.*

Why Incorrect:

- "**Hone**" means to sharpen or perfect a skill, not to create or grow a business. It is typically used for improving abilities, not building companies.

S25. Ans.(c)

Sol. Correct

Explanation

- so the verb
- ed sentence
- rbed."
- so the verb
- grammatica
- sage and no
- incre" is in
- to correctly

Grammar R

- Singular subjects n
- "The river
- give form to modify nouns
- "increased

S26. Ans.(b)

Sol. Correct

Explanation

- refers to an
- sage and no
- errors.
- **(c) Incorrect:** The word "**console**" is wrong. It should be "**constant**" to convey a sense of stability.
- **(d) Incorrect:** The error is in the conjunction "**And**". It should be "**While**" to correctly connect the contrasting ideas. The corrected sentence is: "*While huge development on the banks is a folly, some may be hard to remove.*"

Grammar Rules:

- **Homophones:** Differentiate between similar-sounding words (e.g., "**hole**" vs. "**whole**").
- **Word Choice:** Choose words that fit the context (e.g., "**constant**" instead of "**console**").
- **Conjunction Usage:** Use appropriate conjunctions to connect contrasting ideas (e.g., "**While**" instead of "**And**").

S27. Ans.(c)

Sol. Correct Answer: immitate

Corrected Sentence:

The incident occurred due to his absence, making it difficult to imitate his approach to address issues.

Explanation:

- (c) immitate is incorrect because it is a misspelling. The correct spelling is "imitate."
- (a) occurred is correct as it correctly represents the past tense of the verb "occur."
- (b) absence is correctly spelled and appropriately used to indicate someone's non-presence.
- (d) address is correctly used as a verb to mean "to deal with" or "to solve."
- (e) All are correct is incorrect because there is a spelling error in "immitate."

Word Mean

Occurred

Absence

Imitate -

Address

S28. Ans.(c)

Sol. Correct

Meaning:

- original
-

Explanation

- (I) "The novel disease continues to immitate, challenging scientists to find effective treatments." before the sentence suggests a new approach revealed rare wisdom beyond mere theoretical here, "novel" is used to mean new or original.
- (II) "The novel disease continues to immitate, challenging scientists to find effective treatments." - In the sentence, "immitate" is misspelled. The correct spelling is "imitate".

Therefore, the

S29. Ans.(e)

Sol. Correct Answer: (e)

Explanation:

- (a) **Incorrect:** The verb "appear" is correct for present action, but the context suggests a completed action. It should be "appeared" for past tense.
- (b) **Incorrect:** Subject-verb agreement error. "The contractor" is singular, so the verb should be "demands" instead of "demand."
- (c) **Incorrect:** The verb "hold" is incorrect. It should be "held" to indicate a completed action. The corrected sentence is: "The company held a meeting yesterday to discuss the new marketing strategy."
- (d) **Incorrect:** The article "a" is missing. It should be "After a hearty breakfast of dosa, he felt energized for the day."

Grammar Rules:

- **Tense Consistency:** Maintain consistent verb tenses.
- **Subject-Verb Agreement:** Singular subjects require singular verbs.
- **Article Usage:** Use appropriate articles before singular countable nouns.

S30. Ans.(d)

Sol. Correct Answer: (d)

Explanation:

- **(a) Incorrect:** The word "**Much**" is incorrect. It should be "**Many**" as startups are countable.
- **(b) Incorrect:** The preposition "**for**" is incorrect. It should be "**of**"—"allegations of" is

○ The correct sentence is: "*The*

○ structure, verb

Grammar R

- countable nouns.
- preposition ("allegations of").
- primary repetition

S31. Ans.(e)

Sol. Profit sh

$$= 96000 - 6P$$

$$= 16000 - P$$

ATQ,

$$\frac{16000 - P}{12000} = \frac{125}{100}$$

$$\frac{16000 - P}{12000} = \frac{5}{4}$$

$$16000 - P = 15000$$

$$P = 1000$$

S32. Ans.(a)

Sol. Profit sharing ratio of X to Y = $8000 \times 6 + (8000 - P) \times 6 : 12000 \times 6$

$$= 96000 - 6P : 72000$$

$$= 16000 - P : 12000$$

ATQ,

$$\frac{16000 - P}{12000} = \frac{13}{12}$$

$$16000 - P = 13000$$

$$P = 3000$$

$$\text{Required value} = 3000 + 500 = 3500$$

S33. Ans.(e)

Sol. Profit sharing ratio of X to Y = $8000 \times 6 + (8000 - P) \times 6 : 12000 \times 6$

$$= 96000 - 6P : 72000$$

$$= 16000 - P : 12000$$

ATQ,

$$\frac{16000 - P}{12000} = \frac{700}{800}$$

$$16000 - P = 10500$$

$$5500 = P$$

$$\text{Required value} = 5500/2 = 2750$$

S34. Ans.(d)

Sol. $576 - \sqrt[3]{?}$

$$\sqrt[3]{(?)} = 608 -$$

$$\sqrt[3]{(?)} = 8$$

$$? = 512$$

S35. Ans.(d)

Sol.

$$48 \times 9 + \frac{?}{5} = 532$$

$$\frac{?}{5} = 532 - 432$$

$$? = 500$$

S36. Ans.(b)

Sol.

$$(133 + 6) - 19 = ? \times 5$$

$$139 - 19 = ? \times 5$$

$$? = \frac{120}{5} = 24$$

S37. Ans.(b)

Sol. $361 + 6$

$$? = 469 - 440$$

$$? = 29$$

S38. Ans.(e)

Sol. $7 \times 11 + 169 = ?$

$$77 + 169 = ?$$

$$? = 246$$

S39. Ans.(e)

Sol. $?^2 = 172 + 84 - 112$

$$?^2 = 144$$

$$? = 12$$

S40. Ans.(c)

Sol.

$$4\frac{2}{9} + 2\frac{5}{18} - 3\frac{1}{27} = ?$$

$$(4 + 2 - 3) + \left(\frac{2}{9} + \frac{5}{18} - \frac{1}{27}\right) = ?$$

$$3 + \frac{12 + 15 - 2}{54} = ?$$

$$3 + \frac{25}{54} = ?$$

$$3\frac{25}{54} = ?$$

S41. Ans.(b)

Sol. $? + 65 \times 1$

$$? + 910 = 110$$

$$- 800 = ?$$

S42. Ans.(d)

Sol.

Let monthly income of the girl = $100x$ Rs.

$$\text{Total amount spends on rent by girl} = 100x \times \frac{20}{100} = 20x \text{ Rs.}$$

$$\text{Total amount spends on food} = (100x - 20x) \times \frac{25}{100} = 20x \text{ Rs.}$$

$$\text{Total amount spends on makeup} = (100x - 20x) \times \frac{20}{100} = 16x \text{ Rs.}$$

$$\text{ATQ, } 20x - 16x = 1920$$

$$4x = 1920$$

$$x = 480$$

$$\text{Monthly income of the girl} = 100 \times 480 = 48000 \text{ Rs.}$$

S43. Ans.(d)

Sol.

$$\text{Let } X = 100x$$

$$\text{Amount invested in scheme A} = 100x \times \frac{3}{10} = 30x$$

$$\text{Amount invested in scheme B} = 100x \times \frac{7}{10} = 70x$$

$$\text{ATQ, } \frac{30x \times 8 \times 4}{100} + \frac{70x \times 12 \times 4}{100} = 6480$$

$$96x + 336x = 64800$$

$$x = 150$$

$$\text{Required value} = 150 \times 100 = 15000 \text{ Rs.}$$

S44. Ans.(d)

Sol.

Let length of the rectangle = x cm

$$\text{ATQ, } 24x = 720$$

$$x = 30 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{Height of right-angle triangle} = 30 \times \frac{6}{5} = 36 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{Required area} = \frac{1}{2} \times 36 \times 30 = 540 \text{ square cm}$$

S45. Ans.(d)

Sol.

$$\text{Amount invested in scheme B} = 4000 \times \frac{2X}{100} + 4000 = (4000 + 80X) \text{ Rs.}$$

$$\text{ATQ, } (4000 + 80X) \times \frac{20}{100} = 1040$$

$$4000 + 80X = 5200$$

$$80X = 1200$$

$$X = 15$$

S46. Ans.(d)

Sol. We know that $\frac{\text{Present value}}{\text{Future value}} = \frac{\text{Rate}}{100}$

Let present value = x

And present value = $4x$

$$4x + 4 - 3x - 4 = 0$$

$$x = 4$$

Required age = 45

S47. Ans.(c)

Sol.

$$\text{Initial quantity of milk} = 120 \times \frac{2}{3} = 80 \text{ liters}$$

$$\text{Initial quantity of water} = 120 - 80 = 40 \text{ liters}$$

$$\text{Final quantity of milk} = 80 - 30 \times \frac{2}{3} + 10 = 70 \text{ liters}$$

$$\text{Final quantity of water} = 40 - 30 \times \frac{1}{3} = 30 \text{ liters}$$

$$\text{Required ratio} = 70 : 30 = 7 : 3$$

S48. Ans.(d)

Sol.

$$\text{Length of train P} = 72 \times \frac{5}{18} \times 10 = 200 \text{ meters}$$

$$\text{Length of train Q} = 200 + 180 = 380 \text{ meters}$$

$$\text{Required time} = \frac{380 + 100}{36 \times \frac{5}{18}} = 48 \text{ seconds}$$

S49. Ans.(a)

Sol. Required ratio = $(84+60):120+64 = 144:184 = 36:46 = 18:23$

S50. Ans.(d)

Sol.

$$\text{Required percentage} = \frac{90+60}{100} \times 100 = 150\%$$

S51. Ans.(a)

Sol.

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Required answer} &= \frac{84+120+90+60+110}{5} - \frac{100+120+96+50+64}{5} \\ &= \frac{464-430}{5} = \frac{34}{5} = 6.8\end{aligned}$$

S52. Ans.(a)

Sol. The total

$$= 144 + 63 = 207$$

S53. Ans.(d)

Sol.

$$\text{Unsold pen by B} = \frac{20}{80} \times 120 = 30$$

$$\text{Required answer} = \frac{30}{2 \times 50} \times 100 = 30\%$$

S54. Ans.(a)

Sol.

$$\text{Required answer} = \frac{\frac{120+72}{2}}{124} \times 100 = 77\%(\text{approx})$$

S55. Ans.(a)

Sol. Required

S56. Ans.(b)

Sol.

$$\text{Males working in E} = \frac{1}{4} \times 80 = 20$$

$$\text{Required percentage difference} = \frac{20 - (120 - 108)}{120 - 108} \times 100 = 66.66\%$$

S57. Ans.(a)

Sol. Total work = $25\% \text{ of } 96 \times 4 + 75\% \text{ of } 96 \times 5 = 96 + 360 = 456 \text{ units}$

S58. Ans.(b)

Sol.

$$\text{Required difference} = (72+96) - \frac{60+124}{2} = 168 - 92 = 76$$

S59. Ans.(b)

Sol.

$$\text{Speed of boat in downstream} = \frac{90}{6} = 15 \text{ kmph}$$

$$\text{Speed of boat in still water} = \frac{90}{(6+4)} = 9 \text{ kmph}$$

$$\text{Speed of stream} = 15 - 9 = 6 \text{ kmph}$$

$$\text{Speed of boat in upstream} = 9 - 6 = 3 \text{ kmph}$$

$$\text{So, required time} = \frac{36}{3} = 12 \text{ hours}$$

S60. Ans.(e)

Sol.

Profit sharing ratio of A to B

$$= X \times 8 + (X - 1200) \times 4 : (X + 800) \times 12$$

$$= 8X + (4X - 4800) : (12X + 9600)$$

$$= X - 400 : X + 800$$

ATQ,

$$\frac{X-400}{X+800} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$4X - 1600 = 3X + 2400$$

$$X = 4000$$

S61. Ans.(c)

Sol.

$$\text{Let } B = 4a$$

$$\text{So, } A = 4a \times \frac{3}{4} = 3a$$

$$\text{ATQ, } 3a + 4a = 35 \times 2$$

$$7a = 70$$

$$a = 10$$

$$A = 30$$

$$B = 40$$

$$\text{So, } C = 40 \times 3 - (30 + 40) = 50$$

S62. Ans.(b)

Sol.

Let the income of Varun is Rs.100x

Amount spend on food = 30% of 100x = Rs. 30x

$$\text{Amount spend on transport} = \frac{(100x - 30x)}{100} \times 10 = \text{Rs. } 7x$$

ATQ,

$$30x - 7x = 9200$$

$$23x = 9200$$

$$x = 400$$

$$\text{Income of A} = 100x = \text{Rs. } 40000$$

S63. Ans.(c)

Sol.

Total work = 120 unit (LCM of 60 & 40)

Efficiency of A = $\frac{120}{60} = 2$ unit/day

Efficiency of B = $\frac{120}{40} = 3$ unit/day

Total work done by A and B together in 16 days = $16 \times (2 + 3) = 80$ unit

Required days = $\frac{120-80}{2} = 20$ days

S64. Ans.(d)

Sol. Let five

ATQ

$$a+a+8=24$$

$$2a=16$$

$$a=8$$

Smallest odd

Required nu

S65. Ans.(c)

Sol.

Let cost price of the article be Rs.100x

So, marked price of the article = Rs.140x

Selling price of the article = $140x \times \frac{80}{100} = Rs. 112x$

ATQ -

$$112x = 672$$

$$x = 6$$

Cost price of the article = Rs.600

S66. Ans.(a)

Sol. Final ar

Boxes
P
Q
S
U
R
V
W
T

Clues: One box is kept between Box Q and Box U. Two boxes are kept between Box U and Box W. Box W and Box Q are not kept adjacent to each other.

Inference: From the above conditions there are two possibilities i.e., Case 1 and Case 2.

Boxes	Boxes
Case 1	Case 2
Q	W
U	
	U
W	Q

Clues: One box is kept below Box P. Two boxes are kept below Box Q. Box R is kept below Box S.

Inference:

Boxes	Boxes	Boxes
Case 1	Case 1a	Case 2
P		
Q	P	P
S	Q	W
U	S	S
	U	
		U
W		
	W	Q

Clues: Box R is kept immediately above Box V. Box W, which is not the top-most position.

Inference: In the above conditions, Case 2 and Case 3 are cancelled here.

Boxes	Boxes	Boxes
Case 1	Case 1a	Case 2
P		
Q	P	P
S	Q	W
U	S	S
R	U	
V	R	U
W	V	
	W	Q

Inference: Now only box T remains. So, the final arrangement is-

Boxes
P
Q
S
U
R
V
W
T

Two boxes are kept above Box S

S67. Ans.(b)

Sol. Final ar

Boxes
P
Q
S
U
R
V
W
T

Clues: One box is kept between Box Q and Box U. Two boxes are kept between Box U and Box W. Box W and Box Q are kept adjacent to each other.

Inference: From the above condition, there are two possibilities Case 1 and Case 2

Boxes	Boxes
Case 1	Case 2
Q	W
U	
	U
W	Q

Clues: One box is kept between Box P and Box S. Box S is kept below Box P. More than two boxes are kept below Box S. Box P is kept above Box Q. More than one box is placed above Box W.

Inference: From the above conditions one more possibility arises from Case 1 i.e., Case 1a.

Boxes	Boxes	Boxes
Case 1	Case 1a	Case 2
P		
Q	P	P
S	Q	W
U	S	S
	U	
		U
W		
	W	Q

Clues: Box R is kept just above Box T. Box U is kept just above Box R. Box W is kept just above Box Q.

Inference:

Boxes	Boxes	Boxes
Case 1	Case 1a	Case 2
P		
Q	P	P
S	Q	W
U	S	S
R	U	
V	R	U
W	V	
	W	Q

Inference: If box T remains, so, the final arrangement is

Boxes
P
Q
S
U
R
V
W
T

Box U is kept just above Box R

S68. Ans.(c)

Sol. Final arrangement:

Boxes
P
Q
S
U
R
V
W
T

Clues: One box is kept below Box T. More than two boxes are kept below Box W. Box W and Box Q are kept below Box V.

Inference:

Boxes	Boxes
Case 1	Case 2
Q	W
U	
	U
W	Q

Clues: One box is kept below Box T. More than two boxes are kept below Box W. Box W and Box Q are kept below Box V. Box P is kept above Box U. More than one box is placed above Box V.

Inference: From the above conditions, only two possibilities arise from Case 1, i.e., Case 1a and Case 2.

Boxes	Boxes	Boxes
Case 1	Case 1a	Case 2
P		
Q	P	P
S	Q	W
U	S	S
	U	
		U
W		
	W	Q

Clues: Box R is kept immediately above Box V. Box W, which is not in the bottommost position.

Inference: From the above conditions Case 2 and Case 1a are cancelled here.

Boxes	Boxes	Boxes
Case 1	Case 1a	Case 2
P		
Q	P	P
S	Q	W
U	S	S
R	U	
V	R	U
W	V	
	W	Q

Inference:

Boxes
P
Q
S
U
R
V
W
T

One box is kept

just below Box U

S69. Ans.(c)

Sol.

Final arrangement:

Boxes
P
Q
S
U
R
V
W
T

Clues: One box is kept between Box Q and Box U. Two boxes are kept between Box U and Box W. Box W and Box Q are not kept adjacent to each other.

Inference: From the above conditions there are two possibilities i.e., Case 1 and Case 2.

Boxes	Boxes
Case 1	Case 2
Q	W
U	
	U
W	Q

Clues: One box is kept between Box P and Box S. Box S is kept below Box P. More than two boxes are kept below P.

Inference:

Boxes	Boxes	Boxes
Case 1	Case 1a	Case 2
P		
Q	P	P
S	Q	W
U	S	S
	U	
		U
W		
	W	Q

Clues: Box R is immediately above Box V. Box W, which is not in the bottommost position.

Inference: From the above condition, Case 2 and Case 1a are cancelled here.

Boxes	Boxes	Boxes
Case 1	Case 1a	Case 2
P		
Q	P	P
S	Q	W
U	S	S
R	U	
V	R	U
W	V	
	W	Q

Inference: Now only box T remains. So, the final arrangement is-

Boxes
P
Q
S
U
R
V
W
T

Option (c) is true

S70. Ans.(b)

Sol. Final ar

Boxes
P
Q
S
U
R
V
W
T

Clues: One box is kept between Box Q and Box P. Two boxes are kept between Box P and Box W. Box W and Box Q are kept adjacent to each other.

Inference: From the above condition, there are two possibilities, Case 1 and Case 2.

Boxes	Boxes
Case 1	Case 2
Q	W
U	
	U
W	Q

Clues: One box is kept between Box P and Box S. Box S is kept below Box P. More than two boxes are kept below Box S. Box P is kept above Box Q. More than one box is placed above Box W.

Inference: From the above conditions one more possibility arises from Case 1 i.e., Case 1a.

Boxes	Boxes	Boxes
Case 1	Case 1a	Case 2
P		
Q	P	P
S	Q	W
U	S	S
	U	
		U
W		
	W	Q

Clues: Box P is directly above box Q. Box Q is directly above box S. Box S is directly above box U. Box U is directly above box W. Box W is directly above box Q.

Inference: I.

Boxes	Boxes	Boxes
Case 1	Case 1a	Case 2
P		
Q	P	P
S	Q	W
U	S	S
R	U	
V	R	U
W	V	
	W	Q

Inference: II.

Boxes
P
Q
S
U
R
V
W
T

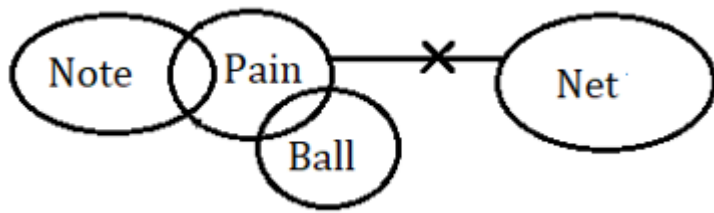
After the given condition two boxes remain unchanged

S71. Ans.(c)

Sol. I. doesn't follow- As there is no direct relation between Net and Note. So, any definite relation doesn't follow.

II. doesn't follow- As there is no direct relation between Net and Note. So, any definite relation doesn't follow.

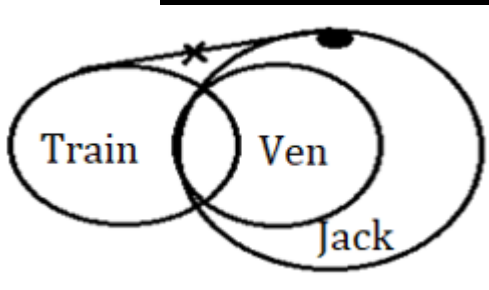
Both the conclusions are individually false but they satisfy the either-or condition.



S72. Ans.(a)

Sol. I. follow- As there is no direct relation between Train and Jack. So, any definite relation doesn't follow but is true in possibility.

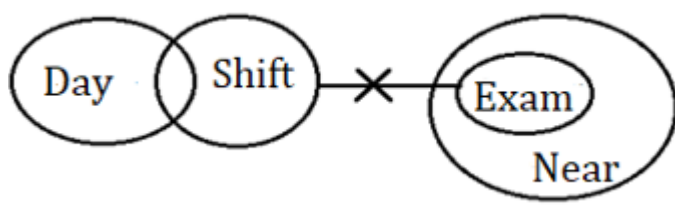
II. doesn't follow- Since there is no restriction on Ven being Train. So 'some Ven is not Train' doesn't follow.



S73. Ans.(e)

Sol. I. follow- As there is no direct relation between Shift and Exam. So, any definite relation doesn't follow but is true in possibility.

II. follows- As there is no restriction on Exam being Near. So 'some Exam is not Near' doesn't follow but is true in possibility.



S74. Ans.(c)

Sol. Logic- 3rd letter is 3rd succeeding letter of 1st letter and 2nd letter is 2nd succeeding letter of 3rd letter.

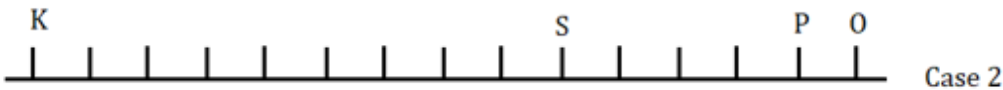
S75. Ans.(e)

Sol. Final arrangement -



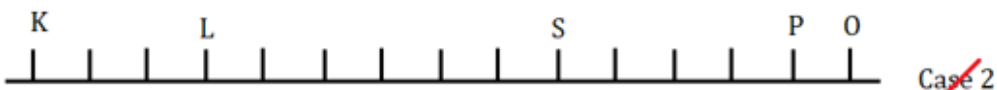
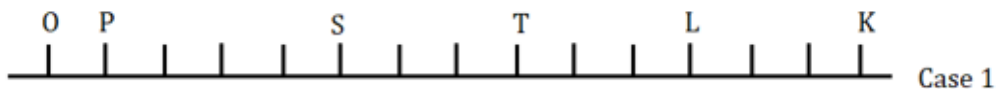
Clues- P is the only immediate neighbor of O. Three persons sit between S and P. There are as many persons sit between O and S is half as between K and S. More than four persons sit between O and K.

Inference- Here we have 2 possible cases.



Clues- The number of persons sit between L and K is three less than the number of persons sit between S and L. T sits 3rd to the left of L.

Inference- Here case 2 is ruled out now.



Clues- G is 5th to the left of L.

Inference- S is 3rd to the right of O.



8 persons sit between O and K.

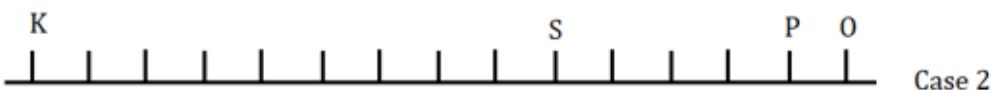
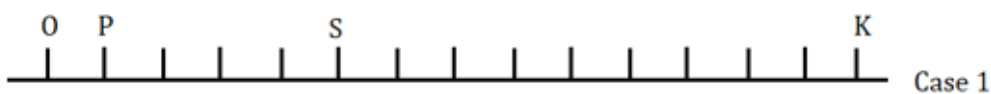
S76. Ans.(b)

Sol. Final arrangement



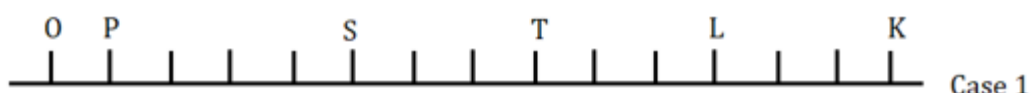
Clues- P is 4th to the right of O. There are as many persons sit between L and P. There are as many persons sit between O and S as half as between L and S. More than four persons sit between O and K.

Inference- We have 2 possible cases.



Clues- The number of persons sit between L and K is three less than the number of persons sit between S and L. T sits 3rd to the left of L.

Inference- Here case 2 is ruled out now.



Clues- G is 5th from an extreme end and sits immediate left of L.

Inference- So, the final arrangement is -



The one who sits just left of T i.e., unknown person sits exactly in the middle of the row

S77. Ans.(c)

Sol. Final arrangement -



Clues- P is the only immediate neighbor of O. Three persons sit between S and P. There are as many persons sit between O and S as between O and K.

Inference-



Case 1



Case 2

Clues- The number of persons sitting between S and P is three. There are as many persons sit between S and L. T sits between O and K.

Inference-



Case 1



~~Case 2~~

Clues- G is 5th from an extreme end and sits immediate left of L.

Inference-



Total 15 persons sit in the row

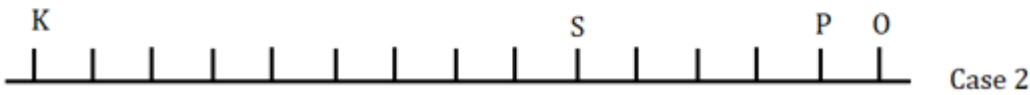
S78. Ans.(e)

Sol. Final arrangement -



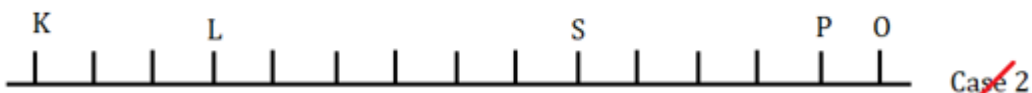
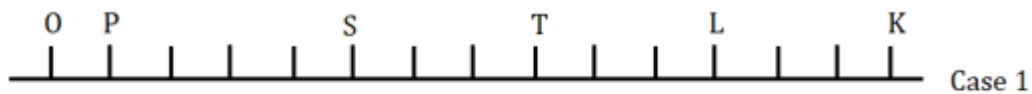
Clues- P is the only immediate neighbor of O. Three persons sit between S and P. There are as many persons sit between O and S as between O and K. More than four persons sit between O and K.

Inference- Here we have 2 possible cases.



Clues- The number of persons sit between L and K is three less than the number of persons sit between S and L. T sits 3rd to the left of L.

Inference- Here case 2 is ruled out now.



Clues- G is 5th to the right of S.

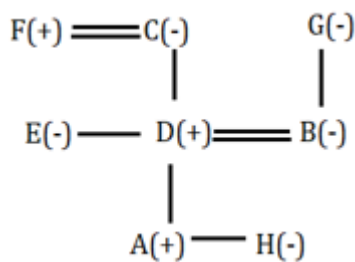
Inference- S



5th to the right

S79. Ans.(d)

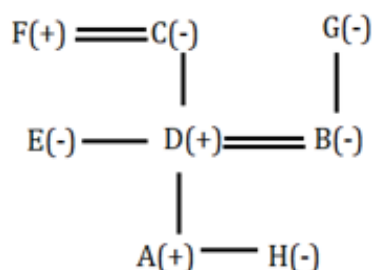
Sol.



H is daughter

S80. Ans.(b)

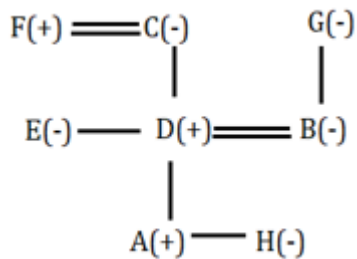
Sol.



B is Daughter-in-law of C

S81. Ans.(c)

Sol.



All are females except F

S82. Ans.(e)

Sol. Final an

Floors	Flat X	Flat Y
4	Y	K
3	L	Z
2	X	M
1	G	W

Clues: Y lives in the same name as the flat. X lives on the 2nd floor.

Inference: There are two possibilities.

Floors	Case 1		Case 2	
	Flat X	Flat Y	Flat X	Flat Y
4	Y			Y
3				
2	X			X
1				

Clues: L lives in the same name as the flat. X and X do not live on the same named flat.

Inference:

Floors	Case 1		Case 2	
	Flat X	Flat Y	Flat X	Flat Y
4	Y	K		Y
3	L	W/Z	W/Z	K
2	X		L	X
1		Z/W	Z/W	Z/

Clue: Z does not live on the first floor. Z and K live on different floors.

Inference: Here case 2 is ruled out now.

Floors	Case 1		Case-2	
	Flat X	Flat Y	Flat X	Flat Y
4	Y	K		Y
3	L	Z	Z	K
2	X		L	X
1		W	W	

Clue: M lives above G.

Inference: So, the final arrangement is-

Floors	Flat X	Flat Y
4	Y	K
3	L	Z
2	X	M
1	G	W

Z lives in flat

S83. Ans.(c)

Sol. Final ar

Floors	Flat X	Flat Y
4	Y	K
3	L	Z
2	X	M
1	G	W

Clues: Y lives

Inference:

Floors	Case 1		Case 2	
	Flat X	Flat Y	Flat X	Flat Y
4	Y			Y
3				
2	X			X
1				

Clues: L lives to the west of the person who lives just below K in the same named flat. K and X do not live on the same floor. One floor gap is between W and Z. W and X do not live in the same named flat.

Inference:

Floors	Case 1		Case 2	
	Flat X	Flat Y	Flat X	Flat Y
4	Y	K		Y
3	L	W/Z	W/Z	K
2	X		L	X
1		Z/W	Z/W	Z/

Clue: Z does not live on the first floor. Z and K live on different floors.

Inference: Here case 2 is ruled out now.

Floors	Case 1		Case-2	
	Flat X	Flat Y	Flat X	Flat Y
4	Y	K		Y
3	L	Z	Z	K
2	X		L	X
1		W	W	

Clue: M lives above G.

Inference: So, the final arrangement is-

Floors	Flat X	Flat Y
4	Y	K
3	L	Z
2	X	M
1	G	W

M lives just above G.

S84. Ans. (a)

Sol. Final arrangement is-

Floors	Flat X	Flat Y
4	Y	K
3	L	Z
2	X	M
1	G	W

Clues: Y lives on floor 4 and X in the same named flat. Z does not live on the odd numbered floor.

Inference: L lives above W and on that are two possibilities i.e., Case 1 and Case 2.

Floors	Case 1		Case 2	
	Flat X	Flat Y	Flat X	Flat Y
4	Y			Y
3				
2	X			X
1				

Clues: L lives to the west of the person who lives just below K in the same named flat. K and X do not live on the same floor. One floor gap is between W and Z. W and X do not live in the same named flat.

Inference:

Floors	Case 1		Case 2	
	Flat X	Flat Y	Flat X	Flat Y
4	Y	K		Y
3	L	W/Z	W/Z	K
2	X		L	X
1		Z/W	Z/W	Z/

Clue: Z does not live on the first floor. Z and K live on different floors.

Inference: Here case 2 is ruled out now.

Floors	Case 1		Case 2	
	Flat X	Flat Y	Flat X	Flat Y
4	Y	K		Y
3	L	Z	Z	K
2	X		L	X
1		W	W	

Clue: M lives above G.

Inference: So, the final arrangement is-

Floors	Flat X	Flat Y
4	Y	K
3	L	Z
2	X	M
1	G	W

Two – L and

S85. Ans. (d)

Sol. Final ar

Floors	Flat X	Flat Y
4	Y	K
3	L	Z
2	X	M
1	G	W

Clues: Y lives on the 4th floor and the person who lives on the 1st floor does not live on the odd numbered floor.

Inference: From the above condition, there are two possibilities i.e., Case 1 and Case 2.

Floors	Case 1		Case 2	
	Flat X	Flat Y	Flat X	Flat Y
4	Y			Y
3				
2	X			X
1				

Clues: L lives to the west of the person who lives just below K in the same named flat. K and X do not live on the same floor. One floor gap is between W and Z. W and X do not live in the same named flat.

Inference:

Floors	Case 1		Case 2	
	Flat X	Flat Y	Flat X	Flat Y
4	Y	K		Y
3	L	W/Z	W/Z	K
2	X		L	X
1		Z/W	Z/W	Z/

Clue: Z does not live on the first floor. Z and K live on different floors.

Inference: Here case 2 is ruled out now.

Floors	Case 1		Case 2	
	Flat X	Flat Y	Flat X	Flat Y
4	Y	K		Y
3	L	Z	Z	K
2	X		L	X
1		W	W	

Clue: M lives above G.

Inference: So, the final arrangement is-

Floors	Flat X	Flat Y
4	Y	K
3	L	Z
2	X	M
1	G	W

Two persons live on the first floor. Two persons live on the second floor.

S86. Ans.(b)

Sol. Final ar

Floors	Flat X	Flat Y
4	Y	K
3	L	Z
2	X	M
1	G	W

Clues: Y lives on the 4th floor and X in the same named flat. Z does not live on the odd numbered floor.

Inference: From the above and from these are possibilities i.e., Case 1 and Case 2.

Floors	Case 1		Case 2	
	Flat X	Flat Y	Flat X	Flat Y
4	Y			Y
3				
2	X			X
1				

Clues: L lives to the west of the person who lives just below K in the same named flat. K and X do not live on the same floor. One floor gap is between W and Z. W and X do not live in the same named flat.

Inference:

Floors	Case 1		Case 2	
	Flat X	Flat Y	Flat X	Flat Y
4	Y	K		Y
3	L	W/Z	W/Z	K
2	X		L	X
1		Z/W	Z/W	Z/

Clue: Z does not live on the first floor. Z and K live on different floors.

Inference: Here case 2 is ruled out now.

Floors	Case 1		Case-2	
	Flat X	Flat Y	Flat-X	Flat-Y
4	Y	K		Y
3	L	Z	Z	K
2	X		L	X
1		W	W	

Clue: M lives above G.

Inference: So, the final arrangement is-

Floors	Flat X	Flat Y
4	Y	K
3	L	Z
2	X	M
1	G	W

K

S87. Ans.(b)

Sol.

I. $7 > 8$ (False)

II. $1 < 6$ (True)

S88. Ans.(b)

Sol.

I. $Y < V$ (False)

II. $Z \geq V$ (False)

S89. Ans.(e)

Sol.

I. $O > R$ (False)

II. $O < R$ (True)

S90. Ans.(b)

Sol.

I. $C > G$ (False)

II. $H = E$ (False)

S91. Ans.(a)

Sol. One

EXORISN

S92. Ans.(c)

Sol. 1 8 3, 9 4 5, 3 6 9

S93. Ans.(b)

Sol. $3 + 2 + 7 + 5 + 3 + 2 + 7 + 5 + 7 + 2 + 3 + 5 = 51$

S94. Ans.(e)

Sol. 9 3 7 5 1 3 7 9 5 1 7 3 9 5

S95. Ans.(a)

Sol. 5 is exact

S96. Ans.(c)

Sol.

Final arrangement

W	R	S	Q	U	T	P	V
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Clues- More than 3 persons sit to the right of R. T sits to the immediate right of R. T sits to the immediate left of P. The person sitting to the immediate right of P sits to the immediate left of V.

Inference-

	R	S		U		P	
--	---	---	--	---	--	---	--

 Case 1

		R	S		U		P
--	--	---	---	--	---	--	---

 Case 2

Clues- V sits to the right of U.

Inference-

	R	S		U		P	V
--	---	---	--	---	--	---	---

 Case 1

		R	S		U		P
--	--	---	---	--	---	--	---

 Case 2

Clues- The number of persons sitting between S and V is less than the number of persons sitting to the left of T. W sits adjacent to R.

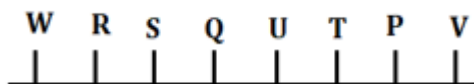
Inference- So After placing Q, the final arrangement-

W	R	S	Q	U	T	P	V
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

None

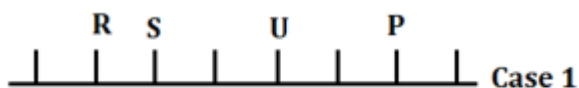
S97. Ans.(e)

Sol. Final arrangement -



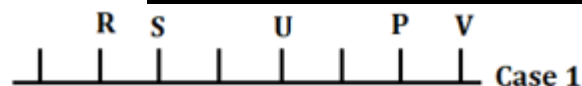
Clues- More than five persons sit to the left of P. Three persons sit between P and S, who sits immediate right of R. Two persons sit between R and U.

Inference- Here we have 2 possible cases.



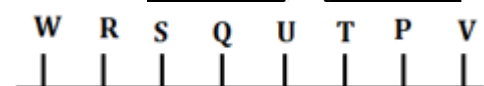
Clues- V sits

Inference-



Clues- The number of persons sitting between S and V is less than the number of persons sitting to the left of T. W sits

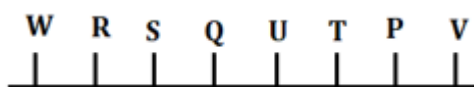
Inference- Since V sits at the end, the remaining



Q sits 2nd to the right of R.

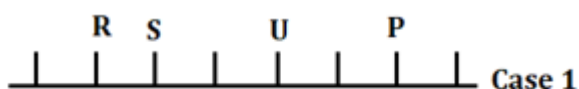
S98. Ans.(d)

Sol. Final arrangement -



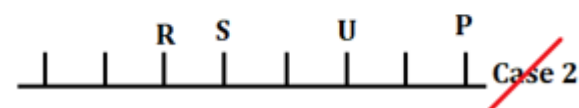
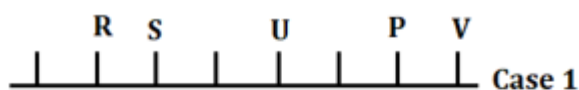
Clues- More than five persons sit to the left of P. Three persons sit between P and S, who sits immediate right of R. Two persons sit between R and U.

Inference- Here we have 2 possible cases.



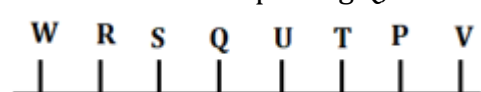
Clues- V sits 3rd to the right of U.

Inference- Here case 2 is ruled out now.



Clues- The number of persons sitting between S and V is less than the number of persons sitting to the left of T. W sits adjacent to R.

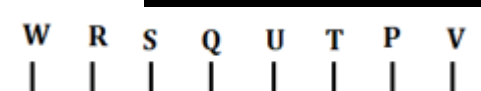
Inference- So After placing Q, the final arrangement-



W sits at ext

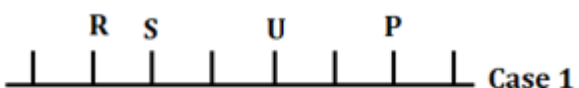
S99. Ans.(a)

Sol. Final ar



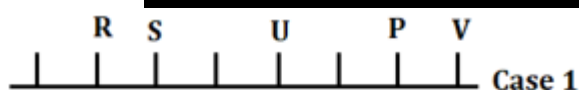
Clues- More of P. T. pers immediate right of R. T. U.

Inference-



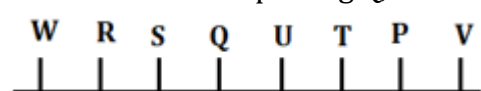
Clues- V sits

Inference-



Clues- The number of persons sitting between S and V is less than the number of persons sitting to the left of T. W sits adjacent to R.

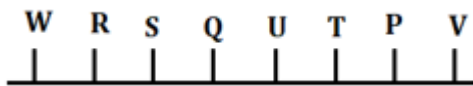
Inference- So After placing Q, the final arrangement-



5th to the right

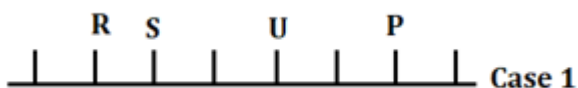
S100. Ans.(c)

Sol. Final arrangement -



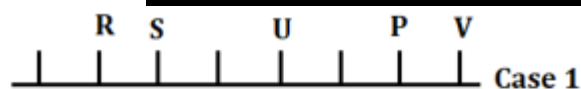
Clues- More than five persons sit to the left of P. Three persons sit between P and S, who sits immediate right of R. Two persons sit between R and U.

Inference- Here we have 2 possible cases.



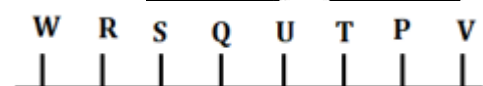
Clues- V sits

Inference-



Clues- The number of persons sitting between R and S is less than the number of persons sitting to the left of T. W sits

Inference- Since each person is sitting



The number of persons sitting to the left of W is the same as the number of persons sitting to the right of V.