

SBI Clerk Pre 2024-25 Memory Based Paper 27-Feb-2025-1st shift

Directions (1-4): In the following question, a sentence contains a highlighted phrase that may be grammatically incorrect. Choose the most appropriate option from the given alternatives to replace the highlighted phrase and correct the sentence. If the highlighted phrase is correct as it is, then choose "No replacement required" as the correct answer.

Q1. The girl stood at the airport for hours, but no one **awaited to**.

- (a) revolved
- (b) derived
- (c) resulted
- (d) arrived
- (e) No replacement required

Q2. The frog

- (a) before
- (b) about
- (c) for
- (d) again
- (e) No replacement required

Q3. She was **going to** for a

- (a) arise
- (b) well
- (c) left
- (d) occur
- (e) No replacement required

Q4. The teacher instructed the students to **run into** the topic in class.

- (a) affirm
- (b) discuss
- (c) retard
- (d) regard
- (e) No replacement required

Directions (5-9): For the following question, a sentence is provided with three highlighted words that may be incorrectly positioned. Choose the correct sequence to rearrange these words, ensuring the sentence is both grammatically and contextually correct.

Q5. Because my grandmother is a **cordial (A)** woman, she always **guests (B)** her **greet (C)** with a hug.

- Q6.** A **boost (A)** compliment is a great **genuine (B)** to self-esteem because it will certainly make someone feel a lot **better (C)**.

- Q7.** The two

- Q8.** The pol _____ to _____ her (B) _____ will allies (C)
their friends

- Q9.** The new prison article caused (A) the poor treatment of prisoners (B) the prison warden to resign (C).

- Q10.** In the question, one word is given in bold and correspondence to that, three sentences are given each containing that word. Choose the option depicting the sentence(s) that have/ has the correct usage of the word.

(I) The criminal **fabricated** false evidence to mislead the investigation and avoid conviction.

(III) She decided to **fabricate** a wooden chair by painting it a different color.

-
- (a) Only (I)
 - (b) Both (I) and (III)
 - (c) Only (III)
 - (d) All (I), (II) and (III)
 - (e) Both (I) and (II)

Directions (11-16): In the following paragraph, few blanks are given. Choose the most appropriate word to fill the given blanks.

A company's success is _____ (A) on three key pillars: capital, liquidity, and trust. While capital provides financial strength and liquidity ensures smooth operations, trust is the most _____ (B) factor in long-term stability. Trust fosters confidence among stakeholders, including customers, employees, and investors. In collaboration with these stakeholders, a company can develop sustainable operations and mutual growth through ethical practices, and consistent reliability _____ (C) its reputation, which in turn allows it to launch its own currency or financial instruments. Without trust, a company cannot consistently uphold integrity, and therefore, lasting success is impossible. (F) sustainability and liquidity are essential, trust is the most critical factor for long-term success, making it the most valuable asset a company can have.

Q11. Which

- (a) believe
- (b) ignored
- (c) depends
- (d) based
- (e) present

Q12. Which

- (a) irrelevant
- (b) crucial
- (c) replaceable
- (d) necessitates
- (e) changing

Q13. Which of the following best fits in blank (C)?

- (a) erases
- (b) destroys
- (c) determines
- (d) propose
- (e) provide



Q14. Which of the following best fits in blank (D)?

- (a) gain
- (b) surrender
- (c) reject
- (d) ignore
- (e) captures

Q15. Which of the following best fits in blank €?

- (a) ruin
- (b) revive
- (c) replace
- (d) sustain
- (e) fail

Q16. Which of the following best fits in blank (F)?

- (a) prevents
- (b) denies
- (c) eliminates
- (d) share
- (e) ensures

Q17. In the following question, four sentences have been given. Out of four sentences, one sentence is grammatically and contextually correct. Find out which of the following sentences is correct. If all the given sentences are correct, then choose option 'All are correct' as your answer choice.

- (a) The scientist conducted an experiment to test the new theory.
- (b) The train reached the destination at exactly 10 AM.
- (c) Farmers are planting rice in the field.
- (d) He practised the piano for hours.
- (e) All are correct

Q18. In the following question, four sentences have been given. Out of four sentences, one sentence is grammatically and contextually correct. Find out which of the following sentences is correct. If all the given sentences are correct, then choose option 'All are correct' as your answer choice.

- (a) The seminar highlighted the important of mental well-being and stress management.
- (b) Over the years, technology have revolutionized the way we communicate.
- (c) The emergency team quick evacuated residents from the flooded area.
- (d) The demand for electric vehicles is projected to rise significantly in the next decade.
- (e) All are correct

Q19. In the following question, four sentences have been given. Out of four sentences, one sentence is grammatically and contextually correct. Find out which of the following sentences is correct. If all the given sentences are correct, then choose option 'All are correct' as your answer choice.

- (a) The company offers flexibility working hours to its employees
- (b) There are many benefits too maintaining a healthy lifestyle
- (c) He advised me to submit the report before the deadline
- (d) Sometimes, you just needed to take a break and relax
- (e) All are correct

Directions

Mount Vesuvius has long been a popular destination for tourists due to its natural beauty and tranquil environment. Visitors from around the world come to witness the volcanic wonders, capture the stunning views, and enjoy the local landscapes and culture. However, with the increasing popularity of the site, the city's environment faces several challenges, especially for the residents who have lived there for generations. The continuous influx of tourists, along with the military personnel who maintain the area, has led to a significant increase in pollution, and overcrowding, leading to a loss of the city's natural beauty. Many residents feel that the city is slowly losing its identity as a peaceful and scenic location. On May 5th, a group of residents filed a complaint with the local government to address the issue. They requested that the government take action to protect the city's natural beauty and ensure the long-term sustainability of the area. The government agreed to the request and formed a committee to study the problem. After much deliberation, the committee proposed a plan to control the influx of tourists. The plan included constructing a new road that would block the scenic view of the city's most popular attractions. The idea was to deter tourists from visiting the area and restore a sense of tranquility to the area. While this decision was controversial, it was seen as a necessary step to take a balance between tourism and environmental preservation. By restricting access to certain areas, they aimed to restore a sense of **private** tranquility for the residents while ensuring the long-term sustainability of Mount Vesuvius. Whether this strategy will effectively control the influx of tourists remains to be seen, but one thing is clear—the city is determined to protect its natural beauty before it is lost forever.

Q20. Which of the following statements is correct according to the passage?

- (a) The complaint about tourism issues in Mount Vesuvius was filed on May 15.
- (b) The primary concern of the residents was the increasing drug problem caused by tourism.
- (c) The main issue faced by the city was the problem of over-tourism, leading to pollution and littering.
- (d) The control pollution board initially opposed the residents' concerns about tourism.
- (e) All of the above statements are incorrect.

Q21. Identify the correct statement based on the passage.

- (a) The residents of Mount Vesuvius are mostly retired military personnel.
- (b) The residents of the city were primarily under the age of 40.
- (c) The control pollution board proposed turning Mount Vesuvius into a no-tourism zone.
- (d) The tourists were fined heavily for taking pictures of the scenic views.
- (e) All are incorrect.

Q22. Choose the word that is most similar in meaning to "view" as used in the passage.

- (a) Stance
- (b) Sight
- (c) Scene
- (d) Chance
- (e) Vision

Q23. Choose the word that is most opposite in meaning to "view" as used in the passage.

- (a) Click
- (b) Crack
- (c) Break
- (d) Bite
- (e) Strike

Q24. Choose the word that is most similar in meaning to "view" as used in the passage.

- (a) Secret
- (b) Shared
- (c) Common
- (d) Unrestricted
- (e) Exclusive

Q25. Why are the residents of Mount Vesuvius unhappy with increased tourism?

- (a) Tourists are causing pollution.
- (b) Tourists are driving up the cost of living.
- (c) The increased tourism is causing the city to lose its natural beauty.
- (d) The presence of tourists has driven up the cost of living for the locals.
- (e) The city has banned local residents from accessing popular tourist attractions.

Q26. Choose the most appropriate word/phrase to fill in the blank.

They requested the government to _____ to manage and eliminate pollution, ensuring that the natural beauty of Mount Vesuvius remains preserved.

- (a) promote tourism through social media
- (b) encourage more visitors to explore the city
- (c) focus on specific areas
- (d) ban all forms of tourism permanently
- (e) relocate residents to another city

Q27. Who raised the complaint about the increasing tourism in Mount Vesuvius?

- (a) The city council, which wanted to impose new tourism regulations.
- (b) The residents, mostly retired military personnel, who were concerned about pollution and littering.
- (c) The control pollution board, which noticed the rising environmental damage.
- (d) The tourists, who felt that the city was not providing enough facilities for visitors.
- (e) The environmental organizations, which urged stricter pollution laws in the city.

Directions (28-30): In the following question, two columns are given, containing three phrases each. A sentence from the first column can relate to a phrase from the second column to form a grammatically and contextually correct sentence. Choose the option that represents the correct combination.

Q28.

Column I

- (A) Makhan
- (B) He searched
- (C) After a year

Column II

- (D) purchased
- (E) of break
- (F) the part

- (a) A-E
- (b) C-D
- (c) B-D
- (d) A-E, C-F
- (e) None of

Q29.

Column I

- (A) The Vim
- (B) A withd
- (C) Carbs often take centre stage in Indian diets

Column II

- (D) an extraordinary art exhibition in the capital
- (E) in the judgments raised AI misuse suspicions
- (F) and disappoint every employee in the company

- (a) A-E
- (b) C-D
- (c) A-D
- (d) B-D, A-F
- (e) None of these



Q30.

Column I

- (A) He headed to the kitchen
- (B) Neolithic wooden pieces in Aars
- (C) The administration showered

Column II

- (D) 120 quintals of rose petals on pilgrims
- (E) form a 20-metre circular pattern
- (F) leaving protein overlooked

- (a) A-F
- (b) B-E, C-D
- (c) B-E
- (d) C-D
- (e) None of

Directions (A, B & C) in the following table. The number of candidates appeared in each exam is given in the following table.

Exams	2020	2021	2022
A	46	35	36
B	38	45	55
C	34	48	65

Q31. Candidates appeared in exam A and B in the year 2020. The number of candidates appeared in exam A in the year 2023.

- (a) 105
- (b) 100
- (c) 200
- (d) 143
- (e) 120

Q32. Find the ratio of candidates appeared in exam C in 2022 to candidate appeared in exam A in 2021.

- (a) 13:7
- (b) 10:9
- (c) 20:19
- (d) 14:3
- (e) 12:7

Q33. Candidates appeared in exam A and B together in 2021 are approximately what percent more or less than candidate appeared in exam C in 2022.

-
- (a) 10%
 - (b) 23%
 - (c) 20%
 - (d) 43%
 - (e) 12%

Q34. 60% of total candidates appeared in 2021 in the exam A and B qualified the exam, then find the candidates who qualified the given exam.

- (a) 48
- (b) 40
- (c) 20
- (d) 45
- (e) 50

Q35. Find the number of candidates who appeared in exam C in 2021.

- (a) 48
- (b) 47
- (c) 27
- (d) 45
- (e) 50

Directions (Choose the correct answer from the following)

Q36. 29, 48

- (a) 48
- (b) 71
- (c) 100
- (d) 131
- (e) 166

Q37. 2880,

- (a) 96
- (b) 24
- (c) 8
- (d) 4
- (e) 3

Q38. The average weight of 30 students is 50 kg. If the weight of a teacher is included, then the average weight is increased by 1 kg. Find the weight of the teacher (IN KG).

- (a) 81
- (b) 84
- (c) 82
- (d) 88
- (e) 80



Q39. A man invested rupees P in a scheme for four years at the rate of 5% p.a. and he gets Rs 240 as a simple interest. If the man invested the same sum for 2 years at the rate of 12% p.a. simple interest in another scheme, then find the interest (in rs).

- (a) 281
- (b) 284
- (c) 282
- (d) 288
- (e) 280

Direction (40 – 50): What will come in the place of question (?) mark in following questions.

Q40. 225%

- (a) 460
- (b) 462
- (c) 445
- (d) 441
- (e) 461

Q41. 1360%

- (a) 1260
- (b) 1560
- (c) 5060
- (d) 2060
- (e) 3360

Q42.

- (a) 3
- (b) 2
- (c) 1
- (d) 4
- (e) 5

Q43. $(\sqrt{6})^6 \times \sqrt{4} = ?$

- (a) 400
- (b) 225
- (c) 236
- (d) 432
- (e) 480

$$\frac{(30\% \text{ of } 4200 + 10\% \text{ of } 1200)}{(1300 + 80)} = ?$$

Q44. $120 \times 20 \div 5 - 2 \times ? = ?$

- (a) 160
- (b) 100
- (c) 200
- (d) 300
- (e) 220

Q45. $88 \div 44 \times 21 + 117 + 10 = ?^2$

- (a) 10
- (b) 12
- (c) 17
- (d) 13
- (e) 15

Q46. $? + 35\% \text{ of } 224 = 99 - \frac{156.8}{8}$

- (a) 2
- (b) 3
- (c) 1
- (d) 4
- (e) 5

Q47. $? \times \frac{1}{150} = \frac{1}{?} \times 120 \times 0.2$

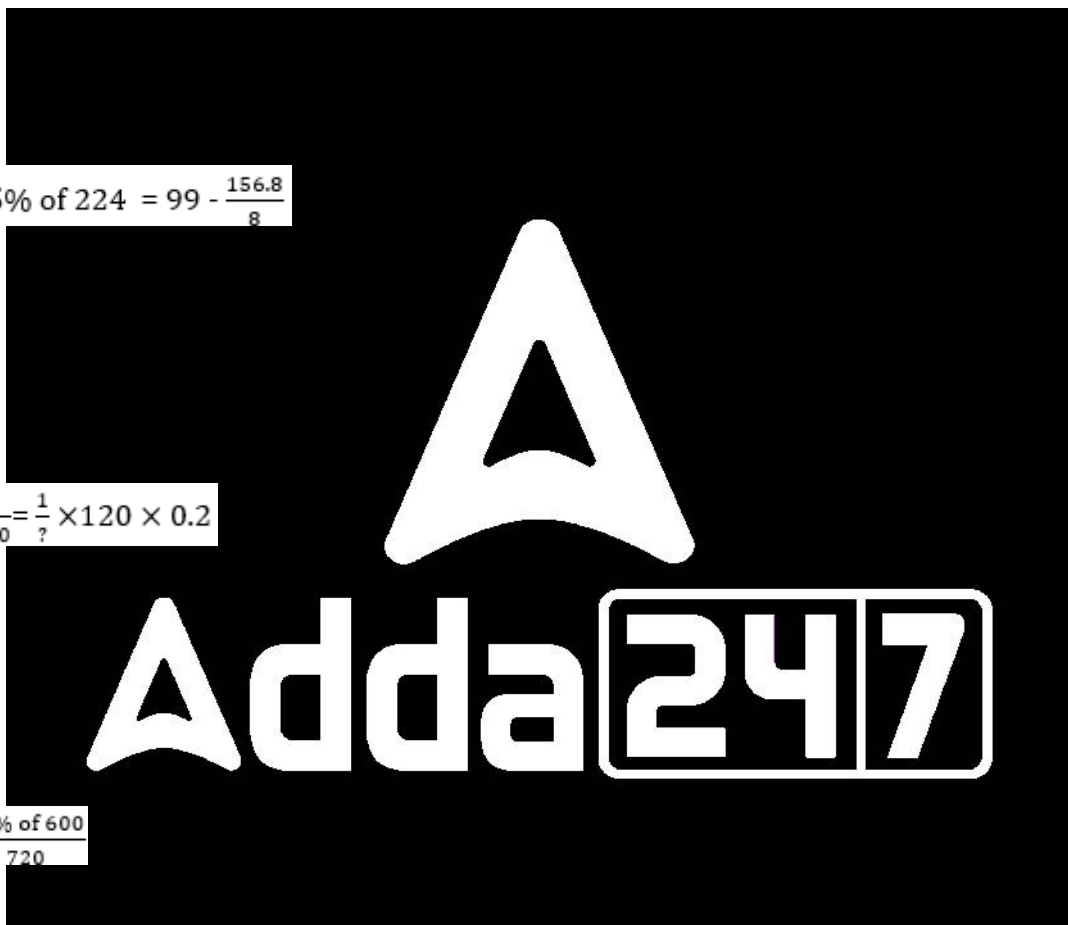
- (a) 80
- (b) 10
- (c) 16
- (d) 60
- (e) 20

Q48. $? = \frac{60\% \text{ of } 600}{720}$

- (a) 40
- (b) 20
- (c) 36
- (d) 0.5
- (e) 50

Q49. $? \times (12.8 \times 15) = 480$

- (a) 1.5
- (b) 2.5
- (c) 3.5
- (d) 0.5
- (e) 5.5



Q50. $(33 \times 81 \div 99) + 3 - ? = 4$

- (a) 20
- (b) 26
- (c) 34
- (d) 16
- (e) 40

Q51. A invested Rs 2400 in a partnership business and after 8 months, B joined the business with amount of Rs. X. At the end of the year, the profit of B is $\frac{3}{11}$ of the total profit. Find the value of X (in Rs.)?

- (a) 2400
- (b) 3300
- (c) 3600
- (d) 2700
- (e) 3000

Q52. Divya can do a piece of work in $7\frac{1}{2}$ days. While Divya and Riya are working together, Riya does same work in $7\frac{1}{5}$ days. How many days Riya alone can do the same work?

- (a) $9\frac{1}{4}$
- (b) $11\frac{1}{4}$
- (c) $11\frac{1}{2}$
- (d) $12\frac{1}{4}$
- (e) $11\frac{1}{8}$

Q53. Manu purchased an article for Rs 600. He sold it at a profit of 20%. When he received the amount received by Manu, he again purchased another article and sold it at profit of 40%. Find the overall profit received by Manu (in Rs.)?

- (a) 640
- (b) 1260
- (c) 920
- (d) 720
- (e) 960

Q54. A man invested certain amount on compound interest at rate of 10%. p.a. for two years and received Rs 945 as interest. Find the amount invested by the man (in Rs.)?

-
- (a) 3750
 - (b) 5000
 - (c) 4000
 - (d) 3500
 - (e) 4500

Q55. A boat covers 216 km downstream in 9 hours and 120 km upstream in 6 hours. If speed of boat in still water is decreased by 50% and speed of stream is increased by 50%, then find the new downstream speed of the boat (in km/hr)?

- (a) 16
- (b) 18
- (c) 14
- (d) 12
- (e) Can't determine

Q56. Arpit and Anshu are partners in a business. Arpit invests Rs. 50000 and Anshu invests Rs. 40000. Arpit gets 10% of the profit and Anshu gets 15% of the profit. Find the amount of profit Arpit gets.

- (a) 5400
- (b) 5600
- (c) 4200
- (d) 7000
- (e) 6000

Q57. A vessel contains milk and water in the ratio of 7 : 5. If X liters of milk is added to the mixture, the milk becomes 70% more than water in the mixture. Find the value of X.

- (a) 40
- (b) 60
- (c) 50
- (d) 30
- (e) 80

Q58. The length of a rectangle is half of the breadth of the rectangle. If length of the rectangle is increased by 5 m and breadth of the rectangle is decreased by 5m, then the difference between area becomes 25 sq metre. Find the length the rectangle.

- (a) 25
- (b) 10
- (c) 12
- (d) 20
- (e) 14

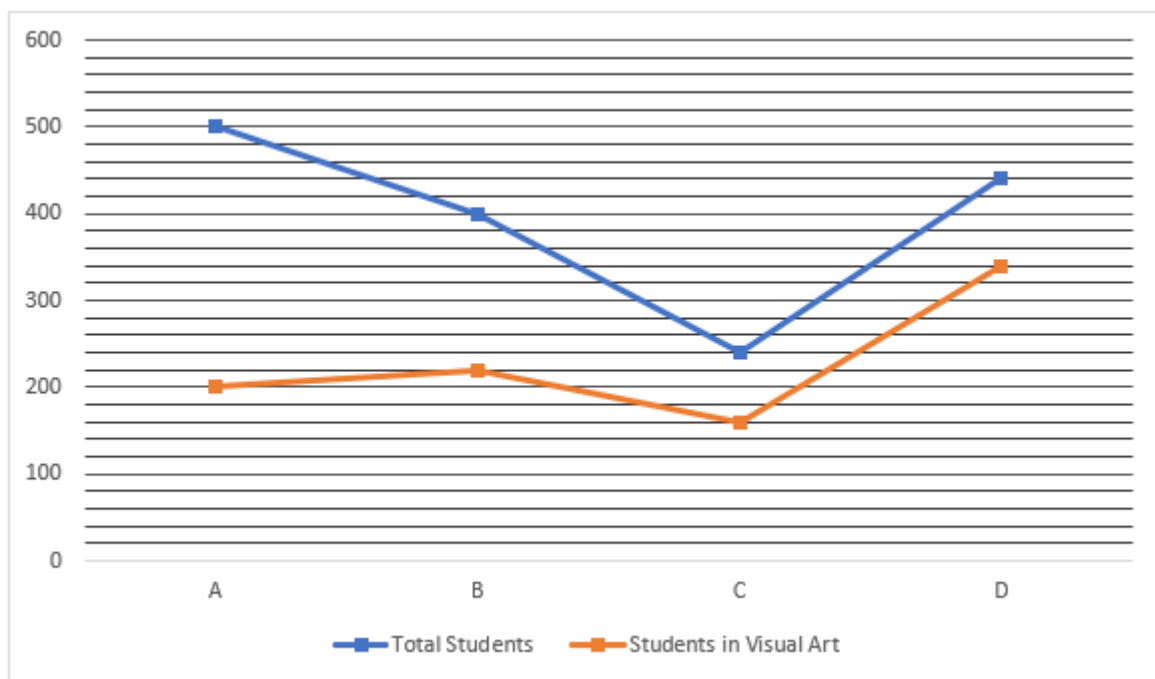
Q59. The present age of Sunny is three times the present age of Lovely. Twenty-four years hence, the ratio of age of Sunny and Lovely is 5:3. Find the age (in year) of Sunny.

- (a) 36
- (b) 24
- (c) 12
- (d) 18
- (e) 30

Q60. There are two numbers X and Y and Y is 60% of X. If the difference between these two numbers is 192, then find the value of X

- (a) 480
- (b) 425
- (c) 420
- (d) 400
- (e) 440

Directions Below is a line graph showing the number of students in four colleges and the number of students in Visual Art in each college.



Q61. Find the ratio of student who are in Fine Art in college A and B together to total student in B.

- (a) 5:6
- (b) 6:5
- (c) 2:1
- (d) 2:3
- (e) 3:5

Q62. Total number of students who are in Visual Arts in B is what percentage of total student in college D

- (a) 25%
- (b) 22%
- (c) 50%
- (d) 20%
- (e) 10%

Q63. In college F, the ratio of student who are in Visual Art and Fine Art is 3:5 and the difference between student who are in Visual Art and Fine Art in F is equal to total student in B. Find the students who are in Visual Art in F.

- (a) 650
- (b) 625
- (c) 620
- (d) 600
- (e) 640

Q64. Find the total number of students in all the colleges.

- (a) 350
- (b) 395
- (c) 320
- (d) 300
- (e) 340

Q65. Find the total number of students in A and B together who are interested in Visual Art.

- (a) 250
- (b) 225
- (c) 220
- (d) 200
- (e) 240

Directions Read the following information and answer the questions given below:

Eight boxes are kept one above the other in a stack. Two boxes are placed between Box J and Box K. One box is placed between Box K and Box L. Box L is placed below Box K. Two boxes are placed between Box L and Box M. Box M is placed just above Box N. Box P is placed below Box Q and above Box O. More than one box is placed below Box O.

Q66. What is the position of Box J from the bottom?

- (a) Fifth
- (b) Fourth
- (c) Third
- (d) Second
- (e) Sixth

Q67. Which of the following statements is correct?

- (a) Box K and Box J are placed adjacent to each other.
- (b) Box P is placed above Box M.
- (c) All the statement are correct
- (d) Five boxes are placed below Box O
- (e) None is correct.

Q68. If all boxes are arranged in alphabetical order from bottom to top, then how many boxes remain unchanged?

- (a) Two
- (b) Three
- (c) Four
- (d) More than four
- (e) One

Q69. If Box P is placed above Box M, then which of the following box will be at the bottom?

- (a) Box J
- (b) Box M
- (c) Box O
- (d) Box P
- (e) Box L

Q70. How many boxes are placed between Box O and Box M?

- (a) Five
- (b) Two
- (c) Three
- (d) Four
- (e) Six

Q71. How many boxes are placed between Box P and Box M?

- (a) One
- (b) Two
- (c) Three
- (d) Four
- (e) More than four

Directions (72-74): In the questions below, some statements are given followed by two conclusions. You have to take the given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance with commonly known facts. Read all the statements and decide which of the given conclusion logically follows from the statements. Give answer:

Q72. Statement: All horse is venoms

Only a few venoms is cloud.

No Tree is horse.

Conclusions:

I. Atleast some horse are cloud.

II. Some cloud being tree is a possibility.

(a) Only I follows

(b) Only II follows

(c) Either I or II follow

(d) Neither I nor II follow

(e) Both I and II follow

Q73. Statement:

All cover are

Only a few n

Conclusion:

I. Atleast some

II. Some cov

(a) Only I fo

(b) Only II fo

(c) Either I o

(d) Neither I

(e) Both I and

Q74. Statement:

All plane is a

Conclusion:

I. Some van

II. All van is

(a) Only I fo

(b) Only II fo

(c) Either I o

(d) Neither I nor II follow

(e) Both I and II follow

Directions (75-79): Study the following information carefully and answer the question given below:

Eight persons – R, S, T, U, V, W, X and Y sit around a square shaped table in such a way that four of them sit at four corners of the table and face inside while remaining four sit in the middle of the four sides and face outside, but not necessarily in the same order.

R sits third to the right of S. Three persons sit between S and T. V sits immediate right of U. U faces towards the centre. W sits second to the left of V. U and Y doesn't sit adjacent to each other.

Q75. What is the position of R with respect to W?

- (a) Third to the left
- (b) Third to the right
- (c) Fourth to the right
- (d) Second to the left
- (e) Second to the right

Q76. Which one will come next in the sequence of seating arrangement?

S W Y R ____

- (a) U
- (b) T
- (c) V
- (d) X
- (e) None of these

Q77. Four of the following are related to each other in a certain way. Which one who doesn't belong to that group?

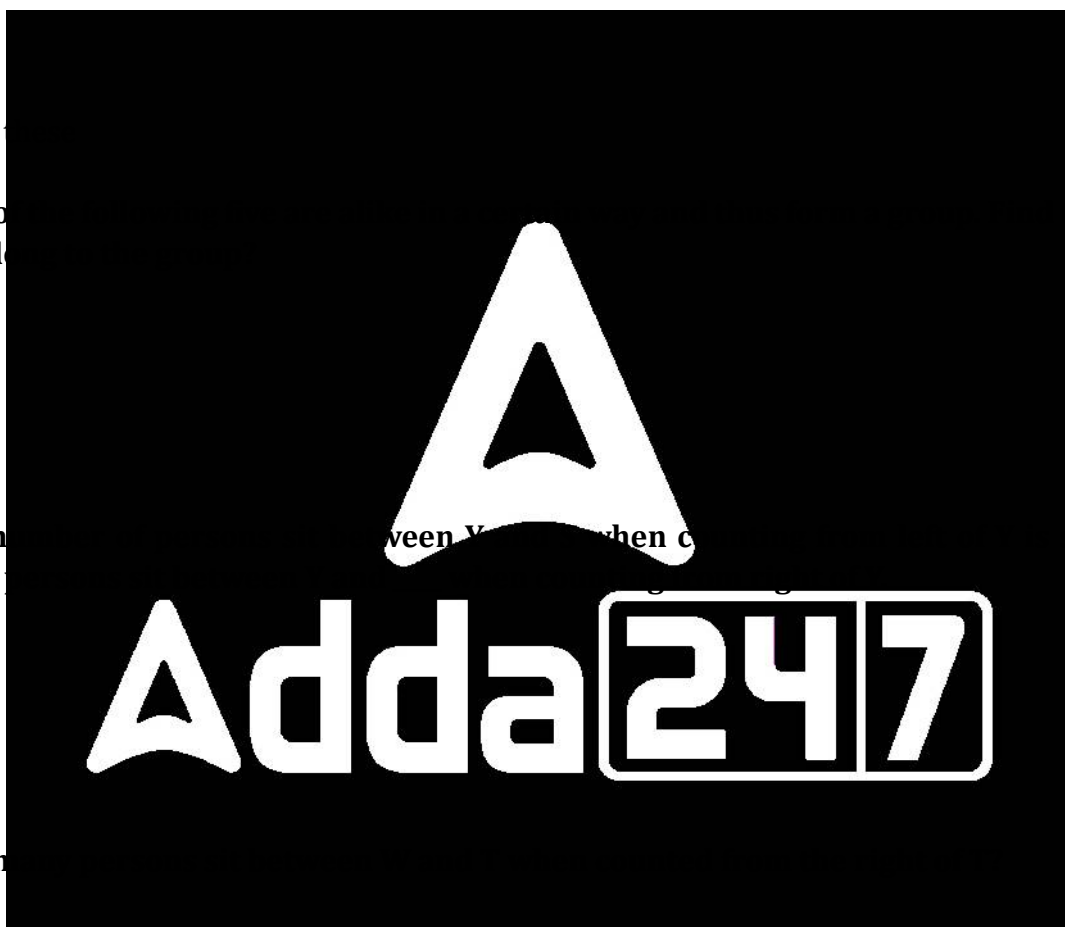
- (a) U
- (b) S
- (c) Y
- (d) T
- (e) W

Q78. The number of vowels in the word 'ADDAS' is the same as the number of vowels in the word 'ADDAS'.

- (a) T
- (b) U
- (c) V
- (d) R
- (e) W

Q79. How many...

- (a) One
- (b) Two
- (c) Five
- (d) Three
- (e) Four



Directions (80-82): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below.

Six persons A, B, C, D, E and F are of different weights, but not necessarily in the same order.

A is heavier than C and B. E is heavier than A. E is not the heaviest person. D is lighter than C. D is not the lightest person. Weight of third heaviest person is 66 kg. The difference between the weight of A and F is 12 kg.

Note: Weight of all the persons is a whole number.

Q80. The number of persons lighter than D is half of the number of persons heavier than ____.

- (a) E
- (b) F
- (c) A
- (d) B
- (e) None of these

Q81. What will be the possible weight of E?

- (a) 76
- (b) 65
- (c) 79
- (d) 80
- (e) 64

Q82. As per

- (a) 1
- (b) 2
- (c) 3
- (d) 4
- (e) 5

Directions

below:

H K E V J W T U S A M A P A O E Q S A F C H S

Q83. Which of the following element is ninth to the right of ninth element from the right end?

- (a) Q
- (b) S
- (c) E
- (d) A
- (e) P

Q84. If all the letters which comes after T in English Alphabet are dropped then which among the following is seventh from the right end?

- (a) A
- (b) O
- (c) E
- (d) Q
- (e) S

Q85. How many letters are there in the series that are immediately preceded by a vowel and immediately followed by a consonant?

- (a) Four
- (b) Three
- (c) One
- (d) None
- (e) More than four

Q86. Which among the following element is tenth from the left end?

- (a) Y
- (b) W
- (c) U
- (d) A
- (e) P

Q87. How many elements in the series are immediately preceded by a vowel and immediately followed by a consonant?

- (a) Four
- (b) Three
- (c) One
- (d) None
- (e) More than four

Directions: Read the following information carefully and then answer the questions:
 Eight persons (A, B, C, D, E, F, G, and H) live on different floors (but not necessarily in a
 eight-floor building) where the ground floor is numbered as 1, floor immediately above it is numbered
 as 2 and so on. The number of persons living above each person is the same as the
 number of persons living below each person. A lives on a floor where the number of persons live
 below C is two more than the number of persons living above C. D and G live
 below both A and B. E lives on a floor where the number of persons living above is the same as the
 number of persons living below. F lives on a floor where the number of persons living above is the same as the
 number of persons living below. H lives on a floor where the number of persons living above is the same as the
 number of persons living below. The number of persons living above H is 2. The number of persons living below H is 2.

Q88. The number of persons live below D is same as the number of persons live above ____.

- (a) C
- (b) H
- (c) A
- (d) E
- (e) B

Q89. Four of the following five are similar in a certain manner, who among the following is dissimilar to others?

-
- (a) HA
 - (b) HD
 - (c) CE
 - (d) FG
 - (e) EB

Q90. If all persons are arranged alphabetical order from floor 8 to floor 1, then how many persons remain unchanged?

- (a) One
- (b) Four
- (c) Three
- (d) Two
- (e) None

Q91. Which

- (a) C is below
- (b) F and B
- (c) G lives below
- (d) B lives on
- (e) All are correct

Q92. How many persons live between C and G?

- (a) Two
- (b) Three
- (c) Four
- (d) Five
- (e) More than five

Directions

the statements are true and the given statements are true.

is shown in the diagram. The conclusions are based on the given statements.

Q93. Statements: $A \geq G > H = B \geq T \geq R$

Conclusions:

- I. $A > R$
- II. $A = R$
- (a) If only conclusion I is true
- (b) If both conclusions I and II are true
- (c) If neither conclusion I nor II is true
- (d) If only conclusion II is true
- (e) If either conclusion I or II is true

Q94. Statements: $M = A > S > D < P < N = Z$

Conclusions:

I. $A > N$

II. $Z < M$

- (a) If only conclusion I is true
- (b) If both conclusions I and II are true
- (c) If neither conclusion I nor II is true
- (d) If only conclusion II is true
- (e) If either conclusion I or II is true

Q95. Statement

Conclusion

I. $S > K$

II. $V > G$

- (a) If only conclusion I is true
- (b) If both conclusions I and II are true
- (c) If neither conclusion I nor II is true
- (d) If only conclusion II is true
- (e) If either conclusion I or II is true

Directions

Point A is 5m north of point B. Point C is 4m north of point D. Point E is 3m north of point F. Point G is 2m north of point H. Point I is 1m north of point J. Point K is 7m north of point L. Point M is 6m north of point N. Point O is 5m north of point P. Point Q is 4m north of point R. Point S is 3m north of point T. Point U is 2m north of point V. Point W is 1m north of point X. Point Y is 7m north of point Z. Point A is 12m west of point B. Point C is 10m west of point D. Point E is 8m west of point F. Point G is 6m west of point H. Point I is 4m west of point J. Point K is 2m west of point L. Point M is 1m west of point N. Point O is 7m west of point P. Point Q is 5m west of point R. Point S is 3m west of point T. Point U is 1m west of point V. Point W is 7m west of point X. Point Y is 4m west of point Z.

Q96. What is the shortest distance between Point A and L and which direction with respect to A?

- (a) 3m toward east
- (b) 4m toward east
- (c) 3m toward west
- (d) 4m toward west
- (e) 5m toward west

Q97. What is the direction of R with respect to N?

- (a) North-east
- (b) South
- (c) North-west
- (d) South-west
- (e) North

Q98. Four of the following five are alike in a certain way and thus form a group. Find the one who doesn't belong to the group?

- (a) RM
- (b) RN
- (c) LM
- (d) SN
- (e) OL

Q99. If in the given word "PRACTISE" if vowels are replaced with just next letter and the consonants are replaced with its previous letter in English Alphabet then how many letters are repeated?

- (a) One
- (b) Four
- (c) Three
- (d) Two
- (e) None

Q100. Complete the series

AD CF EH

- (a) IK
- (b) HM
- (c) IL
- (d) HT
- (e) HL



Solutions

S1. Ans.(d)

Sol. Given sentence:

"The girl stood at the airport for hours, but no one **awaited to**."

Error in the highlighted phrase ("awaited to"):

- "Await" is a transitive verb, meaning it **must take a direct object** without any preposition.
- The **preposition "to" is unnecessary** and makes the sentence grammatically incorrect.
- Correct usage: "No one awaited her." OR "No one arrived."

Meaning and Analysis of the Given Options:

(a) Revolved

- Mean
- Mean

• Inco...olve circular
move

(b) Derived

- Mean...from
- Mean...से निकाल
- Inco...y fits the...airport, not
obtai

(c) Resulted

- Mean...particular consequen
- Mean...हेना, किसी चीज का नतीज
- Inco...a cause-and-
effect

(d) Arrived  (Correct Answer)

- Mean...nglish): to reach a place.
- Mean...Hindi): पहुँचना, आगमन करना
- Cor...er, it means
no o

Corrected S

"The girl stood at the airport for hours, but no one **arrived**."

Final Answer:

✓ (d) Arrived

S2. Ans.(b)

Sol. Given sentence:

"The frog was **call for jump** in the pond, but it suddenly stopped."

Error in the highlighted phrase ("call for jump"):

1. "Call for" is incorrect in this context – "Call for" means **to demand or require something** (e.g., *The situation calls for urgent action*).
 - o Here, the sentence suggests **the frog was about to jump**, not that it required jumping.

2. "Call" should be in the past participle form ("called") to match "was" in passive voice, but even then, "called for jump" is grammatically incorrect.
3. "Jump" should be in gerund form ("jumping") if kept in the sentence.

Meaning and Analysis of the Given Options:

(a) Before

- **Meaning (English):** Earlier than a particular time/event.
- **Meaning (Hindi):** पहले, किसी घटना से पूर्व।
- **Incorrect:** "Before" does not fit the context of an interrupted action.

(b) About (Correct Answer)

- **Meaning (English):** On the verge of doing something.
- **Meaning (Hindi):** कुछ करने वाला था।
- **Correct:** "About" fits the context of an interrupted action.
- **Correct:** "About" is grammatically correct.

(c) For

- **Meaning (English):** For a purpose or reason.
- **Meaning (Hindi):** के लिए।
- **Incorrect:** "For" does not fit the context of an interrupted action.

(d) Again

- **Meaning (English):** Once more or previous time.
- **Meaning (Hindi):** फिर।
- **Incorrect:** "Again" does not fit the context of an interrupted action.

(e) No replacement

- **Incorrect:** "No replacement" is grammatically wrong.

Final Answer

✓ (b) About

Corrected sentence: "The boy was about to jump in the river but it suddenly stopped."

S3. Ans.(c)

Sol. Given sentence

"She was working hard."

Errors in the sentence

1. "Had" is incorrect. It should be replaced by a **past participle**, not a continuous form ("going"). The correct structure should be "**had gone to**" or "**had left for**."
2. "For" is unnecessary with "going to" – If "going to" were correct, it wouldn't require "for." However, since "had going to" is incorrect, we need a better verb.
3. "Had left for" is the best replacement – The phrase "**left for**" correctly indicates someone departing for a location.

Meaning and Analysis of the Given Options:

(a) Arise

- **Meaning (English):** To come into existence or happen.
- **Meaning (Hindi):** उत्पन्न होना, खड़ा होना।
- **Incorrect:** "Arise" does not fit because it does not relate to **travel or leaving a location**.

(b) Well

- **Meaning (English):** In a good manner, or a source of water.
- **Meaning (Hindi):** अच्छी तरह से, या कुआँ।
- **Incorrect:** "Well" is an adverb/adjective and **cannot replace a verb phrase**.

(c) Left (Correct Answer)

- **Meaning (English):** Departed from a place.
- **Meaning (Hindi):** छोड़कर चला गया।
- **Correct:** "Had left for" is grammatically correct and **accurately conveys the meaning that her brother departed for an unknown location**.
- **Corrected sentence:** "She was worried because her brother **had left for** an unknown location."

(d) Occur

- Mean
- Mean
- Inco

(e) No repla

✗ Incorrect

Final Answer

✓ (c) Left

Corrected s

S4. Ans.(b)

Sol. Given s

"The teacher

Error in the

1. "Run" is incorrect in this context. The phrasal verb "run in" means to get someone unexpectedly to end a problem, which does not make sense in the context of referring to discussing a topic.
2. Cor

Meaning and

(a) Affirm

- **Meaning (English):** To confirm or state something as true.
- **Meaning (Hindi):** पुष्टि करना, सत्यापित करना।
- **Incorrect:** "Affirm" does not fit because it refers to **confirming a fact** rather than actively engaging with a topic.

(b) Discuss (Correct Answer)

- **Meaning (English):** To talk about a subject in detail.
- **Meaning (Hindi):** चर्चा करना।
- **Correct:** "Discuss the topic" is the **most appropriate replacement** as it correctly conveys that students are engaging with the topic in groups.
- **Corrected sentence:** "The teacher instructed the students to **discuss** the topic in groups."

(c) Retard

- **Meaning (English):** To slow down progress.
- **Meaning (Hindi):** धीमा करना, अवरुद्ध करना।
- **Incorrect:** "Retard" is irrelevant in this context as it means **delaying progress, not discussing a topic.**

(d) Regard

- **Meaning (English):** To consider or look upon something in a particular way.
- **Meaning (Hindi):** ध्यान देना, विचार करना।
- **Incorrect:** "Regard" does not fit because it **does not involve an active conversation or engagement with the topic.**

(e) No replacement required

✗ Incorrect

Final Answer

✓ (b) Discuss

Corrected sentence

S5. Ans.(c)

Sol. The correct

✓ (c) ACB

Meanings of

1. Cordial (प्रार्थना/स्नेहपूर्ण) - Friendly and warm.
2. Guest (होस्ट) - A person who visits someone's home.
3. Greet (स्वागत करना) - To welcome someone with a hug or a smile.

Why Option

Given sentence

"Because my friend always guesses (A) he greets (B) her with a hug."

- **Error:** Option (B) is incorrectly placed before "her." "Greetings" should be before "hug."
- **Correction:** The correct sequence should be A (cordial) - greet (C) - hug (B).

✓ Corrected

"Because my friend always guesses (A) he greets (C) her with a hug."

S6. Ans.(b)

Sol. The correct answer is:

✓ (b) BAC

Meanings of the Highlighted Words:

1. **Boost (A)** (प्रोत्साहन/बढ़ावा) - An increase or improvement in something.
2. **Genuine (B)** (सच्चा/वास्तविक) - Authentic, real, or sincere.
3. **Better (C)** (बेहतर/अधिक अच्छा) - Of higher quality, improved condition.

Why Option (b) BAC is Correct?

Given sentence (incorrect order):

"A boost (A) compliment is a great genuine (B) to self-esteem because it will certainly make someone feel a lot better (C)."

- **Error:** The word "**boost**" (A) is incorrectly placed before "compliment."
- **Error:** The word "**genuine**" (B) should describe "compliment," not "to self-esteem."
- **Error:** The word "**better**" (C) is already correctly placed at the end.

✓ **Corrected sentence:**

"A genuine (B) compliment is a great boost (A) to self-esteem because it will certainly make someone feel a lot better (C)."

S7. Ans.(d)

Sol. The correct answer is:

✓ (d) BCA

Meanings of the Highlighted Words:

1. Blend
2. Color
3. Harm

Why Option

Given sentence

"The two blend (A) the colors (B) of the flowers (C) and as such blend (D) the colors (E) of the flowers (F) together (G)."

- **Error:** "Blend" (A) is a verb but is incorrectly placed as a noun. It should come later in the sentence.
- **Error:** "Colors" (B) should be the subject of the sentence (nouns usually come first).
- **Error:** "Together" (G) correctly follows "are working" to indicate collaboration.

✓ **Corrected sentence:**

✓ *"The colors (B) of the flowers (C) and as such blend (D) the colors (E) of the flowers (F) together (G)."*

S8. Ans.(a)

Sol. The correct answer is:

✓ (a) CBA

Meanings of the Highlighted Words:

1. Strengthen (A) (सहजद्वय करनी/सहजद्वय करनी) - To make something stronger or more effective.
2. Together (B) (साथ में) - In company or association with others.
3. Allies (C) (सहजद्वय करनी) - People or countries that are working together, especially in politics.

Why Option (a) CBA is correct:

Given sentence (incorrect order):

"The political strengthen (A) are working together (B) to develop a trade plan that will allies (C) their friendship."

- **Error:** "Strengthen" (A) is a verb but is incorrectly placed as a noun. It should come later in the sentence.
- **Error:** "Allies" (C) should be the subject of the sentence (nouns usually come first).
- **Error:** "Together" (B) correctly follows "are working" to indicate collaboration.

✓ **Corrected sentence:**

✓ *"The political allies (C) are working together (B) to develop a trade plan that will strengthen (A) their friendship."*

S9. Ans.(b)

Sol. The correct answer is:

✓ (b) BAC

Meanings of the Highlighted Words:

1. **Caused (A)** (कारण बना / उत्पन्न किया) – Brought about or resulted in something happening.
2. **About (B)** (के बारे में) – Related to or concerning something.
3. **Resign (C)** (त्यागपत्र देना / पद छोड़ना) – To leave a job or position voluntarily.

Why Option (b) BAC is Correct?

Given sentence (incorrect order):

"The newspaper article caused (A) the poor treatment of prisoners about (B) the prison warden to resign (C)."

- Error in sentence structure.
- Error in the use of 'about'.
- Error in the use of 'caused'.

✓ Corrected sentence:

✓ "The newspaper article caused (A) the poor treatment of prisoners by (B) the prison warden to resign (C)."

S10. Ans.(e)

Sol. The correct answer is:

✓ (e) Both

Meaning of 'Fabricate' in English and Hindi:

1. To fabricate means to invent something that is not true. (झूठ बोलना / झूठा बोलना)
2. To fabricate means to construct or manufacture something skillfully. (निर्मित करना / बनाना)

Analysis of the options:

1. (I) "The evidence was fabricated by the police." ✓ Correct
o Here, 'fabricate' means to invent something that is not true, which is the correct usage when referring to false evidence.
2. (II) "Skilled artisans can fabricate intricate metal structures by using advanced welding and molding techniques." ✓ Correct
o In this context, 'fabricate' means to construct or manufacture, which is appropriate when referring to making metal structures.
3. (III) "She decided to fabricate a wooden chair by painting it a different color." ✗ Incorrect
o Painting a chair is not the same as fabricating it. Fabrication involves construction or manufacturing, not just changing its appearance.
o Correct usage would be: "She decided to fabricate a wooden chair using hand-carved pieces."

Why the Other Options Are Incorrect:

- (a) Only (I) → Incorrect because (II) is also correct.
- (b) Both (I) and (III) → Incorrect because (III) is incorrect.
- (c) Only (III) → Incorrect because (III) is incorrect.
- (d) All (I), (II), and (III) → Incorrect because (III) is incorrect.

Final Answer:

- ✓ (e) Both (I) and (II) – Sentences (I) and (II) correctly use "fabricate," but (III) is incorrect.

S11. Ans.(d)

Sol. Correct Answer:

✓ (d) based

Sentence w

"A company"

- The c
- The p
- built

Analysis of

(a) Believe ✗

- Mean
- Mean
- Why
- gram

(b) Ignored ✗

- Mean
- Mean
- Why
- idea

(c) Depend ✗ (Incorrect)

- Mean
- Mean
- Why
- requ

(d) Based ✓ (Correct)

- **Meaning (English):** Founded or established on something.
- **Meaning (Hindi):** आधारित होना
- **Why correct?** "Is based on" is the **correct grammatical structure** to describe something being built or established upon a foundation.

(e) Present ✗ (Incorrect)

- **Meaning (English):** Existing, available, or occurring at a specific time.
- **Meaning (Hindi):** मौजूद, उपस्थित
- **Why incorrect?** "Present" does not make sense in this context, as the sentence is discussing the **foundation of success**, not just its existence.

Final Answer:

✓ (d) Based

- **Corrected Sentence:** "A company's success is **based** on three key pillars: capital, liquidity, and trust."

S12. Ans.(b)

Sol. Correct Answer:

✓ (b) crucial

Sentence with Blank:

"While capital provides financial strength and liquidity ensures smooth operations, trust is the most **(B)** factor in long-term stability."

- The sentence states that trust is the most important factor for long-term stability. The correct word should be an adjective that describes the importance of trust.
- "Crucial" means extremely important, which fits the context of the sentence.

Analysis of

(a) Irrelevant ✗

- **Meaning (English):** Not relevant to the context.
- **Meaning (Hindi):** अनावश्यक (unnecessary).
- **Why incorrect?** The sentence emphasizes that trust is a key factor; calling it "irrelevant" contradicts the passage.

(b) Crucial ✓

- **Meaning (English):** Extremely important, essential.
- **Meaning (Hindi):** आवश्यक (necessary).
- **Why correct?** The passage emphasizes trust's importance for long-term stability, making "crucial" the best fit.

(c) Replace ✗

- **Meaning (English):** Something that can be substituted.
- **Meaning (Hindi):** बदलने योग्य प्रतिस्थापन (substitutable).
- **Why incorrect?** Trust is described as the most important factor, which cannot be easily replaced.

(d) Necessitates ✗

- **Meaning (English):** To make something necessary.
- **Meaning (Hindi):** आवश्यक बनाना (to make necessary).
- **Why incorrect?** "Necessitates" is a **verb**, while the sentence requires an **adjective** to describe "factor."

(e) Changing ✗ (Incorrect)

- **Meaning (English):** Something that is constantly shifting or evolving.
- **Meaning (Hindi):** बदलता हुआ, परिवर्तित होता हुआ
- **Why incorrect?** The passage does not suggest that trust is **always changing**; rather, it is described as a **key factor in stability**.

Final Answer:

✓ (b) Crucial

- **Corrected sentence:** "While capital provides financial strength and liquidity ensures smooth operations, trust is the most **crucial** factor in long-term stability."

S13. Ans.(c)

Sol. Correct Answer:

✓ (c) determines

Sentence with Blank:

"In collaborations and partnerships, trust (C) credibility, ensuring smooth business operations and mutual growth."

- The sentence suggests that **trust plays a role in establishing or deciding credibility** in partnerships.
- "**Determines**" fits best because it means "decides" or "establishes" credibility.

Analysis of the Given Options with Meanings (English & Hindi):

(a) Erases ✗

- Meaning: Erases or removes something completely.
- Meaning: Erases or removes something completely.
- Why incorrect? Trust does not erase credibility; it helps to establish or decide it.

(b) Destroy ✗

- Meaning: Destroys or ruins something completely.
- Meaning: Destroys or ruins something completely.
- Why incorrect? Trust does not destroy credibility; it helps to establish or decide it.

(c) Determines ✓

- Meaning: Decides or determines something.
- Meaning: तय करना (to decide)
- Why correct? Trust helps to decide or determine credibility, which is essential for a business or partnership.

(d) Propose ✗

- Meaning: Suggests an idea or plan.
- Meaning: प्रस्तावित करना (to propose)
- Why incorrect? Trust does not propose credibility; it helps to establish or decide it.

(e) Provide ✗

- Meaning: Gives or supplies something.
- Meaning: प्रदान करना (to provide)
- Why incorrect? While trust can help credibility, "provides credibility" sounds unnatural in this context.

Final Answer:

✓ (c) Determines

- **Corrected sentence:** "In collaborations and partnerships, trust **determines** credibility, ensuring smooth business operations and mutual growth."

S14. Ans.(a)

Sol. Correct Answer:

✓ (a) gain

Sentence with Blank:

"Companies that establish trust through transparency, ethical practices, and reliability **(D)** a competitive edge."

- The sentence suggests that **companies that build trust benefit from it by having an advantage over competitors.**
- "Gain" fits best because it means to acquire or obtain a competitive edge.

Analysis of the Given Options with Meanings (English & Hindi):

(a) Gain  (Correct)

- **Meaning (English):** To obtain or achieve something.
- **Meaning (Hindi):** प्राप्त करना, अर्जित करना
- **Why correct?** Trust helps companies **gain** (achieve) a competitive advantage.

(b) Surrender  (Incorrect)

- **Meaning (English):** To give up or yield to someone or something.
- **Meaning (Hindi):** हारना, समर्पण करना
- **Why incorrect?** Surrendering a competitive edge would mean losing it. **gain** it.

(c) Reject  (Incorrect)

- **Meaning (English):** To refuse or turn down something.
- **Meaning (Hindi):** अस्वीकार करना, न मानना
- **Why incorrect?** Rejecting a competitive edge would mean losing it. **gain** it.

(d) Ignore  (Incorrect)

- **Meaning (English):** To refuse to take notice of something.
- **Meaning (Hindi):** न ध्यान देना, ध्यान न देना
- **Why incorrect?** Ignoring a competitive edge would mean not recognizing it. **gain** it.

(e) Capture  (Incorrect)

- **Meaning (English):** To take control or seize something.
- **Meaning (Hindi):** पकड़ना, कब्जा करना
- **Why incorrect?** While capturing a competitive edge is possible, the phrase "gain a competitive edge" is more commonly used to describe the process of achieving it. **gain** a competitive edge.

Final Answer:

✓ (a) Gain

- **Correct Answer:** Companies that establish trust through transparency, ethical practices, and reliability **gain** a competitive edge."

S15. Ans.(d)

Sol. Correct Answer:

✓ (d) sustain

Sentence with Blank:

"Without trust, financial strength alone cannot **(E)** a business."

- The sentence suggests that **financial strength alone is not enough to keep a business running**—something else (trust) is needed.
- "Sustain" fits best because it means to maintain or keep something going over time.

Analysis of the Given Options with Meanings (English & Hindi):

(a) Ruin ✗ (Incorrect)

- **Meaning (English):** To destroy or severely damage something.
- **Meaning (Hindi):** बर्बाद करना, नष्ट करना
- **Why incorrect?** The sentence **does not imply destruction** but rather the inability to maintain the business without trust.

(b) Revive ✗ (Incorrect)

- **Meaning (English):** To bring back to life or restore.
- **Meaning (Hindi):** पुनर्जीवित करना, फिर से जीवित करना
- **Why incorrect?** The sentence is about **continuing a business**, not **bringing it back from failure**.

(c) Replace ✗

- **Meaning (English):** To substitute one thing for another.
- **Meaning (Hindi):** बदल देना, बदलाना
- **Why incorrect?** The sentence is about **keeping a business running**, not **replacing it**.

(d) Sustain ✓

- **Meaning (English):** To keep going on or to maintain.
- **Meaning (Hindi):** चलाना, बनाए रखना
- **Why correct?** The sentence is about **maintaining the business**.

(e) Fail ✗

- **Meaning (English):** To be unsuccessful or to collapse.
- **Meaning (Hindi):** विफल होना
- **Why incorrect?** The sentence is about **not about its failure**.

Final Answer:

✓ (d) Sustain

S16. Ans. (e)

Sol. Correct

✓ (e) ensure

Sentence w

"While capital and liquidity are essential, trust is the foundation that **(F)** sustainability, growth, and long-term success, making it the most valuable asset a company can possess."

- The sentence suggests that **trust guarantees or secures sustainability, growth, and long-term success**.
- **"Ensures"** fits best because it means to make certain or guarantee something.

Analysis of the Given Options with Meanings (English & Hindi):

(a) Prevents ✗ (Incorrect)

- **Meaning (English):** Stops something from happening.
- **Meaning (Hindi):** रोकना, बाधा डालना
- **Why incorrect?** The sentence **does not suggest stopping something**, but rather making sure sustainability and growth happen.

(b) Denies ✗ (Incorrect)

- **Meaning (English):** Refuses to accept or reject something.
- **Meaning (Hindi):** इंकार करना, अस्वीकार करना
- **Why incorrect?** Trust does **not deny sustainability**; it **supports and guarantees it**.

(c) Eliminates ✗ (Incorrect)

- **Meaning (English):** To remove or get rid of something.
- **Meaning (Hindi):** हटाना, समाप्त करना
- **Why incorrect?** Trust does **not eliminate sustainability**; it **helps establish it**.

(d) Share ✗ (Incorrect)

- **Meaning (English):** To distribute something among others.

- **Meaning (Hindi):** बाँटना, हिस्सा देना
- **Why incorrect?** Trust does **not share sustainability**; it **guarantees it**.

(e) Ensures ✓

- **Meaning (English):** To make sure that something happens.
- **Meaning (Hindi):** सुनिश्चित करना, गारंटी देना
- **Why correct?** Trust **ensures that sustainability is achieved**, as success are achieved through trust.

Final Answer

✓ (e) Ensures

- **Corrected sentence:** Trust **ensures** that sustainability is achieved, as success are achieved through trust.

S17. Ans.(c)

Sol. Analysis of the plan of the experiment

(a) The scientist conducted an experiment to test the new theory.

Error: "a experiment" → Incorrect article usage

Rule: The article "a" is used before words that begin with a consonant sound. "Experiment" is a noun that begins with a consonant sound, so it should be preceded by the article "a".

Corrected sentence

(b) The train arrives on the station at exactly 10 AM.

Error: "on the station" → Incorrect preposition usage

Rule: The preposition "at" is used when referring to specific points or locations, whereas "on" is used when referring to surfaces. Since "station" is considered a point/location, the correct preposition is "at."

Corrected sentence: The train arrives **at** the station at exactly 10 AM.

(c) Farmers harvested their crops before the rainy season began.

✓ This sentence is grammatically and contextually correct.

Rule:

1. "Harvested" (past tense) correctly agrees with "began" (past tense), maintaining tense consistency.
2. The conjunction "before" is correctly used to indicate the sequence of events.

(d) He practice yoga every morning to stay healthy.

Error: "He practice" → Incorrect subject-verb agreement

Rule: In the **simple present tense**, when the subject is singular (he/she/it), the verb must take the **-s** form. The verb "practice" should be in its third-person singular form, "**practices.**"

Corrected sentence: *He **practices** yoga every morning to stay healthy.*

Correct Answer:

(c) Farmers harvested their crops before the rainy season began.

S18. Ans.(d)

Sol. Analysis and Explanation for Each Sentence:

(a) The seminar highlighted the important of mental well-being and stress management.

Error: "imp

Rule: "Impo the object of
"highlighted

Corrected and stress
management

(b) Over the

Error: "tech

Rule: "Tech be follow ve" is plural
and should

Corrected s technology has evolu e.

(c) The em and res

Error: "quid

Rule: "Quick incorr verb (which
modifies a v

Corrected s The

(d) The dem elect vehicle is projected to r

✓ This sen is grammatically and contextually correct

Rule:

1. "The ectly agrees
2. "Sign
3. The p

Correct Answer:

(d) The demand for electric vehicles is projected to rise significantly in the next decade.

S19. Ans.(c)

Sol. Analysis and Explanation for Each Sentence:

(a) The company offers flexibility working hours to its employees.

Error: "flexibility working hours" → Incorrect word form

Rule: "Flexibility" is a **noun**, but the sentence requires an **adjective** to modify "working hours." The correct adjective form is "**flexible.**"

Corrected sentence: *The company offers **flexible** working hours to its employees.*

(b) There are many benefits too maintaining a healthy lifestyle.

Error: "too" → Incorrect word usage

Rule: "Too" means "also" or "excessively," but the correct word here is "to," which functions as a preposition before "maintaining."

Corrected sentence: *There are many benefits to maintaining a healthy lifestyle.*

(c) He advised me to submit the report before the deadline.

✓ This sentence is grammatically and contextually correct.

Rule:

1. "Advised" correctly follows the structure "advise + object + to-infinitive."
2. "Before the deadline" is the correct prepositional phrase indicating time.

(d) Sometimes, you just needed to take a break and relax.

Error: "need

Rule: "Sometimes" indicates a general truth or a habitual action, so the verb should be in the present tense ("need") rather than the past tense ("needed").

Corrected sentence:

Correct Answer:

(c) He advised

S20. Ans.(c)

Sol. Correct

✓ (c) The main problem is the pollution and littering.

Solution with

- Option (a) is incorrect → The passage mentions that the pollution control board stepped in to find a solution, but it does not mention that they took any action to address the problem.
- Option (b) is incorrect → The passage mentions that the pollution control board stepped in to find a solution, but it does not mention that they took any action to address the problem.
- Option (c) is correct → The passage clearly states that over tourism led to pollution, littering, and overcrowding, which frustrated residents.
 - o "Most of the people living in Mount Vesuvius are retired military personnel who cherish peace and order. The continuous influx of tourists has disrupted their quiet lifestyle, as many visitors fail to respect the cleanliness of the area. Careless littering, pollution, and overcrowding have become persistent issues."
- Option (d) is incorrect → The passage mentions that the pollution control board stepped in to find a solution rather than opposing the residents' concerns.
 - o "Responding to their concerns, the city's pollution control board stepped in to find a viable solution."
- Option (e) is incorrect → Since option (c) is correct, not all statements are incorrect.

Final Answer:

✓ (c) The main issue faced by the city was the problem of over-tourism, leading to pollution and littering.

S21. Ans.(a)

Sol. Correct Answer:

✓ (a) The residents of Mount Vesuvius are mostly retired military personnel.

Solution with Reference to the Passage:

- Option (a) is correct → The passage explicitly states:

"Most of the people living in Mount Vesuvius are retired military personnel who cherish peace and order."

o ed military

- Option (b) is incorrect → The passage mentions a group of the residents of Mount Vesuvius who are retired military personnel, but it does not mention that they are the majority of the residents.

o

- Option (c) is incorrect → The passage mentions that the city is divided into two parts, the old city and the new city, but it does not mention that the old city is the more scenic view to the city.

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- Option (d) is incorrect → The passage mentions that the city is divided into two parts, the old city and the new city, but it does not mention that the old city is the more scenic view to the city.

The c

restric view

- Option (e) is incorrect → The passage mentions that the city is divided into two parts, the old city and the new city, but it does not mention that the old city is the more scenic view to the city.

Final Answer: (a) The residents of Mount Vesuvius are mostly retired military personnel.

✓ (a) The residents of Mount Vesuvius are mostly retired military personnel.

S22. Ans.(c)

Sol. Correct Answer:

✓ (c) Scene

Meanings of

(a) Stance ✗ (Incorrect)

- Meaning (English): A particular position or opinion on an issue.
- Meaning (Hindi): रुख, दृष्टिकोण, मत
- Why incorrect? "Stance" refers to an opinion or perspective on a subject, not the scenic view mentioned in the passage.

(b) Sight ✗ (Incorrect)

- Meaning (English): The ability to see, or something that is seen.
- Meaning (Hindi): दृश्य, नज़ारा, दृष्टि
- Why incorrect? While "sight" refers to something that can be seen, it is generally used for specific objects or attractions, rather than a broad scenic view.

(c) Scene (Correct)

- **Meaning (English):** A particular view, setting, or landscape.
- **Meaning (Hindi):** दृश्य, परिदृश्य, दृश्यावली
- **Why correct?** "Scene" is often used to describe a **scenic landscape** or a **beautiful place**, making it the best fit for "view" in the passage.

(d) Chance (Incorrect)

- **Meaning (English):** An opportunity or possibility of something happening.
- **Meaning (Hindi):** अवसर, संभावना
- **Why incorrect?** "Chance" refers to **opportunities or probabilities**, not **visual scenery**.

(e) Vision (Incorrect)

- **Meaning (English):** The ability to see or a mental image of something.
- **Meaning (Hindi):** दृष्टि, चित्र, चिन्ता
- **Why incorrect?** "Vision" is more abstract and refers to **visual perception**, not **physical, scenic view**.

Final Answer:

✓ (c) Scene

S23. Ans.(a)

Sol. Correct

✓ (a) Click

Meaning of

In the passage,

"Visitors from

the perfect s

Here, "snap

Meanings of

(a) Click 

- **Meaning (English):** To press a camera button to take a picture.
- **Meaning (Hindi):** क्लिक करना, दबाव देना
- **Why correct?** "Click" is the most appropriate word for taking a photograph, making it the best choice.

(b) Crack (Incorrect)

- **Meaning (English):** To break or split into pieces.
- **Meaning (Hindi):** दरार, टूटना
- **Why incorrect?** "Crack" refers to a **physical break** in an object, not a photograph.

(c) Break (Incorrect)

- **Meaning (English):** To separate into pieces or stop something from functioning.
- **Meaning (Hindi):** तोड़ना, टूटना
- **Why incorrect?** "Break" does not relate to **photography** in the given context.

(d) Bite (Incorrect)

- **Meaning (English):** To cut or hold something with teeth.
- **Meaning (Hindi):** काटना
- **Why incorrect?** "Bite" is **completely unrelated** to the meaning of "snap" in the passage.

(e) Strike ❌ (Incorrect)

- **Meaning (English):** To hit or attack.
- **Meaning (Hindi):** मारना, प्रहार करना
- **Why incorrect?** "Strike" refers to **hitting something** and has **no connection** with photography.

Final Answer:

✓ (a) Click

S24. Ans.(d)

Sol. Correct Answer:

✓ (d) Unrestricted

Meaning of "Private" in the Passage:

The passage

"By restricting

while ensuring

Here, "private"

residents).

Meanings of

(a) Secret ❌

• **Meaning (English):** Hidden from

• **Meaning (Hindi):** गुप्त

• **Why incorrect?** "Secret" is not the

passage

(b) Shared ❌

• **Meaning (English):** Shared

• **Meaning (Hindi):** साझा

• **Why incorrect?** "Shared" is the

meanings of

shared

(c) Common ❌

• **Meaning (English):** Common

• **Meaning (Hindi):** सामान्य

• **Why incorrect?** "Common" is

the passage

refers to **something with restricted access, not just something uncommon.**

(d) Unrestricted ✓ (Correct)

• **Meaning (English):** Not limited or controlled.

• **Meaning (Hindi):** असीमित, बिना रोक-टोक के

• **Why correct?** "Unrestricted" is the **direct opposite** of "private" in the passage because if

something is **not private, it is open and accessible to all** (i.e., unrestricted).

(e) Exclusive ❌ (Incorrect)

• **Meaning (English):** Available only to a specific group.

• **Meaning (Hindi):** विशेष, सीमित लोगों के लिए

• **Why incorrect?** "Exclusive" is **similar in meaning** to "private," not opposite to it.

Final Answer:

✓ (d) Unrestricted

S25. Ans.(c)

Sol. Correct Answer:

✓ (c) The increasing number of tourists has led to pollution, littering, and loss of peace.

Solution with Reference to the Passage:

The passage states:

"The continuous influx of tourists has disrupted their quiet lifestyle, as many visitors fail to respect the cleanliness of the area. Careless littering, pollution, and overcrowding have become persistent issues, leading to growing frustration among the locals."

This clearly shows that the increasing number of tourists has led to the loss of peace caused by pollution, littering, and overcrowding.

Analysis of

- (a) The increasing number of tourists has led to the loss of peace. ✗ (Incorrect) disrupting
- (b) The increasing number of tourists has led to the loss of peace. ✗ the city. ✗
- (c) The increasing number of tourists has led to pollution, littering, and loss of peace. ✓ (Correct) ✓
- (d) The increasing number of tourists has led to pollution, littering, and loss of peace. ✗ (Incorrect) d pollution,
- (e) The increasing number of tourists has led to pollution, littering, and loss of peace. ✗ (Incorrect) ✗

Final Answer:

✓ (c) The increasing number of tourists has led to pollution, littering, and loss of peace.

S26. Ans.(c)

Sol. Correct Answer:

✓ (c) focus on specific areas

Solution with Reference to the Passage:

The blank appears in the sentence:

"They requested the government to _____ to manage and eliminate pollution, ensuring that the natural beauty of Mount Vesuvius remains preserved."

The passage states that **the residents are concerned about pollution and environmental damage caused by excessive tourism** and that they **filed a complaint urging the government to take action**. The solution should relate to **pollution control and preservation**.

- "Focus on specific areas" is the most logical choice because it suggests **targeted efforts to manage pollution and environmental issues** while still allowing some level of tourism.

Analysis of the Other Options:

- (a) **Promote tourism through social media** ✗ (Incorrect)
 - **Why incorrect?** The passage highlights the **problems caused by excessive tourism**, so promoting it further would contradict the concerns of the residents.
- (b) **Encourage more visitors to explore the city** ✗ (Incorrect)
 - **Why incorrect?** The residents are **complaining about overcrowding and pollution**, so

- (c) **Focus on specific areas** ✓ (Correct)
 - **Why correct?** The passage states that the residents are concerned about pollution and environmental damage caused by excessive tourism, and they filed a complaint urging the government to take action. Focusing on specific areas would allow for targeted efforts to manage these issues without necessarily restricting tourism entirely.
- (d) **Implement a complete ban on tourism** ✗ (Incorrect)
 - **Why incorrect?** The passage does not mention a ban on tourism, and such a measure would likely be extreme and impractical given the residents' concerns about pollution and overcrowding.
- (e) **Restrict access to the city center** ✗ (Incorrect)
 - **Why incorrect?** The passage does not mention restricting access to the city center, and such a measure might not directly address the issues of pollution and overcrowding.

Final Answer:

✓ (c) focus

S27. Ans.(b)

Sol. Correct

✓ (b) The residents, mostly retired military personnel, who were concerned about pollution and littering.

Solution with

The passage

"On May 5th

address the

This confirms that the **residents** were the ones who raised the complaint. Additionally, it is mentioned that **most of the residents are retired military personnel**, and they were **frustrated with pollution, littering, and overcrowding**.

Analysis of the Other Options:

- (a) **The city council, which wanted to impose new tourism regulations.** ✗ (Incorrect)
 - **Why incorrect?** The **city council did not file the complaint**; they only responded later by proposing a solution.
- (b) **The residents, mostly retired military personnel, who were concerned about pollution and littering.** ✓ (Correct)
 - **Why correct?** The passage explicitly states that **the residents filed the complaint due to pollution and overcrowding**.

- **(c) The control pollution board, which noticed the rising environmental damage.** ✗
(Incorrect)
 - **Why incorrect?** The pollution control board stepped in after the complaint was filed but was not the one to initiate it.
- **(d) The tourists, who felt that the city was not providing enough facilities for visitors.** ✗
(Incorrect)
 - **Why incorrect?** The tourists were not the ones complaining; instead, they were the cause of the issue.
- **(e) The environmental organizations, which urged stricter pollution laws in the city.** ✗
(Incorrect)
 - **Why incorrect?** The passage does not mention any involvement from environmental

Final Answer

✓ **(b) The residents, who complained about the rising pollution and littering.**

S28. Ans. (d)

Sol. Solution

A-E: "Makha"

- Reason: The sentence describes the content of the passage, which is commonly eaten in the region. The word "bits" is used, which is a common term for small pieces of food.

C-F: "After a"

- Reason: The sentence describes the idea of a settlement, which is a common term for a place where people live.

Correct Answer

S29. Ans. (c)

Sol. A-D: "The"

la Art Forum is proud to present an extraordinary art exhibit in the capital." The text is about

Correct Answer

S30. Ans. (b)

Sol.

- **B-E:** "Neolithic wooden pieces in Aars form a 20-metre circular pattern."
Reason: The sentence logically describes the arrangement of the archaeological findings. The context of historical artifacts aligns with the geometric description.
- **C-D:** "The administration showered 120 quintals of rose petals on pilgrims."
Reason: It completes a descriptive scene of a ceremonial or cultural event. The context of "administration" and "pilgrims" relates to an organized event, making the sentence meaningful.

Correct Answer: (b) B-E, C-D

S31. Ans.(a)

Sol. Candidates appeared in exam A in the year 2023 = 125% of (46+38) = 125% of 84 = 105

S32. Ans.(a)

Sol. Required ratio = 65:35 = 13:7

S33. Ans.(b)

Sol.

$$\text{Required percentage} = \frac{35+45-65}{65} \times 100 = 23\% \text{ (approx.)}$$

S34. Ans.(a)

Sol. Required

S35. Ans.(b)

Sol.

$$\text{Required average} = \frac{46+48}{2} = 47$$

S36. Ans.(e)

Sol. Pattern

29, 48, 71, 100, 131, 168, 209
 +19 +23 +29 +31 +37 +41

S37. Ans.(e)

Sol. Pattern

2880, 480, 96, 24, 8, 4, 4
 ÷6 ÷5 ÷4 ÷3 ÷2 ÷1

S38. Ans.(a)

Sol. Let T be

ATQ

$$30 \times 50 + T = 31 \times 51$$

$$T = 1581 - 1500 = 81 \text{KG}$$

S39. Ans.(d)

Sol.

$$\frac{P \times 5 \times 4}{100} = 240$$

$$P = 1200$$

$$\text{Required answer} = \frac{P \times 2 \times 12}{100} = \frac{1200 \times 2 \times 12}{100} = \text{Rs. } 288$$

S40. Ans.(a)

Sol. 225% of $200 = ? - 25\%$ of 40

$$450 = ? - 10$$

$$460 = ?$$

S41. Ans.(e)

Sol.

$$\frac{1360}{100} \times 50 - 8 = \frac{20}{100} \times ?$$

$$680 - 8 = \frac{20}{100} \times ?$$

$$672 = \frac{20}{100} \times ?$$

$$3360 = ?$$

S42. Ans.(c)

Sol.

$$\frac{(30\% \text{ of } 4200 + 10\% \text{ of } 1200)}{(1300 + 80)} = ?$$

$$\frac{1260 + 120}{1380} = ?$$

$$1 = ?$$

S43. Ans.(d)

Sol.

$$(\sqrt{6})^6 \times \sqrt{4} = ?$$

$$216 \times 2 = ?$$

$$432 = ?$$

S44. Ans.(a)

Sol. $120 \times 2 = ?$

$$480 = 3 \times ?$$

$$160 = ?$$

S45. Ans.(d)

Sol. $88 \div 44 \times 21 + 117 + 10 = ?^2$

$$42 + 117 + 10 = ?^2$$

$$169 = ?^2$$

$$? = 13$$

S46. Ans.(c)

Sol.

$$? + \frac{35}{100} \times 224 = 99 - \frac{156.8}{8}$$

$$? + 78.4 = 99 - 19.6$$

$$? = 1$$

S47. Ans.(d)

Sol.

$$? \times \frac{1}{150} = \frac{1}{?} \times 120 \times 0.2$$

$$?^2 = 3600$$

$$60 = ?$$

S48. Ans.(d)

Sol.

$$? = \frac{360}{720}$$

$$? = 0.5$$

S49. Ans.(b)

Sol. $? \times 192 =$

$$? = 2.5$$

S50. Ans.(b)

Sol.

$$\left(\frac{33}{99} \times 81\right) + 3 - ? = 4$$

$$? = 26$$

S51. Ans.(d)

Sol. Profit sh

$$= 7200 : X$$

$$\text{ATQ } \frac{7200}{X} = \frac{11-3}{3}$$

$$X = 900 \times 3 = 2700 \text{ Rs.}$$

S52. Ans.(b)

Sol.

Divya alone can do a work = 12 days

Divya and Priya together can do the work = $\frac{15}{2}$ days

Priya and Riya together can do the same work = $\frac{36}{5}$ days

Total work = 180 unit

Efficiency of Divya = $\frac{180}{12} = 15$ unit/day

Efficiency of Priya = $\frac{180 \times 2}{15} - 15 = 24 - 15 = 9$ unit/day

Efficiency of Riya = $\frac{180 \times 5}{36} - 9 = 16$ unit/day

Required days = $\frac{180}{16} = 11\frac{1}{4}$ days

S53. Ans.(d)

Sol.

$$\text{Selling price of first article} = 6000 \times \frac{(100-20)}{100} = 4800 \text{ Rs.}$$

$$\text{Selling price of second article} = 4800 \times \frac{(100+40)}{100} = 6720 \text{ Rs.}$$

$$\text{Required profit} = 6720 - 6000 = 720 \text{ Rs.}$$

S54. Ans.(e)

Sol.

Let amount invested by the man = Rs. X

Equivalent rate of interest at rate of 10% p.a. for two years

$$= \left(10 + 10 + \frac{10 \times 10}{100}\right) = 21\%$$

$$\text{ATQ, } X \times \frac{21}{100} = 945$$

$$X = \frac{945 \times 100}{21} = 4500 \text{ Rs.}$$

S55. Ans.(c)

Sol.

$$\text{Downstream speed of the boat} = \frac{216}{9} = 24 \text{ km/hr}$$

$$\text{Upstream speed of the boat} = \frac{120}{6} = 20 \text{ km/hr}$$

$$\text{Speed of boat in still water} = \frac{24+20}{2} = 22 \text{ km/hr}$$

$$\text{Speed of stream} = 24 - 22 = 2 \text{ km/hr}$$

$$\text{New speed of boat in still water} = \frac{22}{2} = 11 \text{ km/hr}$$

$$\text{And, new speed of stream} = 2 \times \frac{3}{2} = 3 \text{ km/hr}$$

$$\text{New downstream speed} = 11 + 3 = 14 \text{ km/hr}$$

S56. Ans.(b)

Sol.

Let monthly income of Arpita = 100x Rs.

$$\text{Saving of Arpita} = 100x \times \frac{100 - (20 + 20 + 15)}{100} = 45x \text{ Rs.}$$

$$\text{ATQ, } 45x = 12600$$

$$x = 28$$

$$\text{Required amount} = 28000 \times \frac{20}{100} = 5600 \text{ Rs.}$$

S57. Ans.(a)

Sol.

$$\text{Initial quantity of milk} = 240 \times \frac{7}{12} = 140 \text{ liters}$$

$$\text{Initial quantity of water} = 240 \times \frac{5}{12} = 100 \text{ liters}$$

$$\text{ATQ, } \frac{140+X}{100} = \frac{180}{100}$$

$$700 + 5X = 900$$

$$5X = 200$$

$$X = 40$$

S58. Ans.(b)

Sol. Let the

So, $2x = \text{breadth}$

$$\text{Area} = x \times 2x$$

Now, the new breadth is $(2x + 5)$

$$\text{New area} = (2x + 5) \times (x + 5) = 2x^2 + 5x + 25$$

$$2x^2 + 5x + 25 = 2x^2 + 5x - 25$$

$$5x + 25 = 25$$

$$5x = 50$$

$$10 = x$$

S59. Ans.(a)

Sol.

Let the present age of sunny be $3x$ years.

So, the age of lovely be x years.

ATQ,

$$\frac{x+24}{y+24} = \frac{3}{5}$$

$$4x = 2(24)$$

$$12 = x$$

$$\text{Age of sunny} = 3(12) = 36 \text{ years.}$$

S60. Ans.(a)

Sol.

$$Y = 0.60X$$

$$X - 0.60X = 192$$

$$0.40X = 192$$

$$X = 480$$

S61. Ans.(b)

Sol.

	Total Students	Students in Visual Art	Students in Fine Art
A	500	200	300
B	400	220	180
C	240	160	80
D	440	340	100

Required ratio

S62. Ans.(c)

Sol.

	Total Students	Students in Visual Art	Students in Fine Art
A	500	200	300
B	400	220	180
C	240	160	80
D	440	340	100

Required percentage = $\frac{220}{440} \times 100 = 50\%$

S63. Ans.(d)

Sol.

	Total Students	Students in Visual Art	Students in Fine Art
A	500	200	300
B	400	220	180
C	240	160	80
D	440	340	100

Let the student who are in Visual Art and Fine Art is $3x$ and $5x$.

ATQ,

$$5x - 3x = 400$$

$$2x = 400$$

$$200 = x$$

Required answer = $3x = 600$

S64. Ans.(b)

Sol.

	Total Students	Students in Visual Art	Students in Fine Art
A	500	200	300
B	400	220	180
C	240	160	80
D	440	340	100

$$\text{Required average} = \frac{500+400+440+240}{4} = 395$$

S65. Ans.(e)

Sol.

	Total Students	Students in Visual Art	Students in Fine Art
A	500	200	300
B	400	220	180
C	240	160	80
D	440	340	100

$$\text{Required difference} = (200 + 300) - (80 + 100) = 240$$

S66. Ans.(b)

Sol. Final Arr

Boxes
Q
K
P
L
J
O
M
N

Clues: Two boxes are placed between Box J and Box K. One box is placed between Box K and Box L. Box L is placed below Box K.

Inference: Here we get two possible cases:

Case 1 Boxes	Case 2 Boxes
J	K
	L
K	J
L	

Clues: Two boxes are placed between Box L and Box M. Box M is placed just above Box N.

Inference: Case 1 gets cancelled here:

Case 1 Boxes	Case 2 Boxes
J	K
M	L
K	J
L	M
	N

Clues: Box P is placed between Box Q and Box R. More than one box is placed between Box M and Box N.
Inference: Case 2 gets cancelled here:

Boxes
Q
K
P
L
J
O
M
N

Fourth

S67. Ans.(b)

Sol. Final Arrangement is here:

Boxes
Q
K
P
L
J
O
M
N

Clues: Two boxes are placed between Box J and Box K. One box is placed between Box K and Box L. Box L is placed below Box K.

Inference: Here we get two possible cases:

Case 1	Case 2
Boxes	Boxes
J	K
	L
K	J
L	

Clues: Two boxes are placed between Box L and Box P. Box L is placed below Box P. Box M is placed below Box N.

Inference: Here we get two possible cases:

Case 1	Case 2
Boxes	Boxes
J	K
M	L
K	J
L	M
	N

Clues: Box P is placed above Box O. More than one box is placed above Box O. More than one box is placed below Box O.

Inference: Here we get two possible cases:

Boxes
Q
K
P
L
J
O
M
N

Box P is placed

S68. Ans.(e)

Sol. Final Arrangement is here:

Boxes
Q
K
P
L
J
O
M
N

Clues: Two boxes are placed between Box J and Box K. One box is placed between Box K and Box L. Box L is placed below Box K.

Inference: Here we get two possible cases:

Case 1	Case 2
Boxes	Boxes
J	K
	L
K	J
L	

Clues: Two boxes are placed between Box L and Box M. Box M is placed just above Box N.

Inference: Here we get two possible cases:

Case 1	Case 2
Boxes	Boxes
J	K
M	L
K	J
L	M
	N

Clues: Box P is placed just above Box O. More than one box is placed between Box O and Box N.

Inference: Here we get two possible cases:

Boxes
Q
K
P
L
J
O
M
N

One

Boxes	Boxes (Arranged Alphabetically)
Q	Q
K	P
P	O
L	N
J	M
O	L
M	K
N	J

S69. Ans.(c)

Sol. Final Arrangement is here:

Boxes
Q
K
P
L
J
O
M
N

Clues: Two boxes are placed below Box L. Box L is placed below Box Q.

Inference: Box J is placed below Box L.

Case 1	Case 2
Boxes	Boxes
J	K
	L
K	J
L	

Clues: Two boxes are placed below Box L and Box M. Box L is placed below Box Q.

Inference: Box J is placed below Box L.

Case-1	Case 2
Boxes	Boxes
J	K
M	L
K	J
L	M
	N

Clues: Box P is placed below Box Q and above Box O. More than one box is placed below Box O.

Inference: Final Arrangement is here:

Boxes
Q
K
P
L
J
O
M
N

Box O is related to Box N, logic here is - first box is placed two boxes above the second box.

S70. Ans.(a)

Sol. Final Arrangement is here:

Boxes
Q
K
P
L
J
O
M
N

Clues: Two boxes are placed below Box L. Box L is placed below Box Q.

Inference: Box J is placed below Box L.

Case 1	Case 2
Boxes	Boxes
J	K
	L
K	J
L	

Clues: Two boxes are placed below Box L and Box M. Box L is placed below Box Q.

Inference: Box J is placed below Box L.

Case 1	Case 2
Boxes	Boxes
J	K
M	L
K	J
L	M
	N

Clues: Box P is placed below Box Q and above Box O. More than one box is placed below Box O.

Inference: Final Arrangement is here:

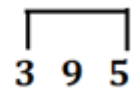
Boxes
Q
K
P
L
J
O
M
N

Five

S71. Ans.(a)

Sol. One pair is formed

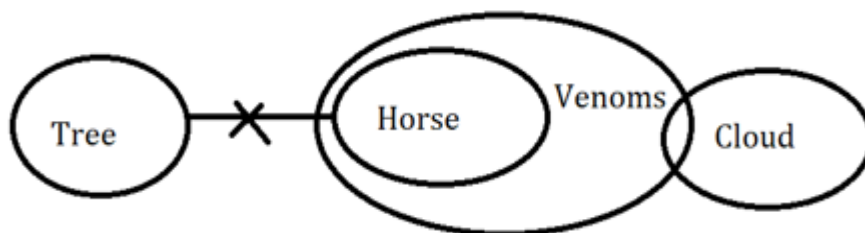
1 7 4 6 3 9 5



S72. Ans.(b)

Sol. I. Not follow – No direct relation between horse and cloud. So, definite relation will not follow.

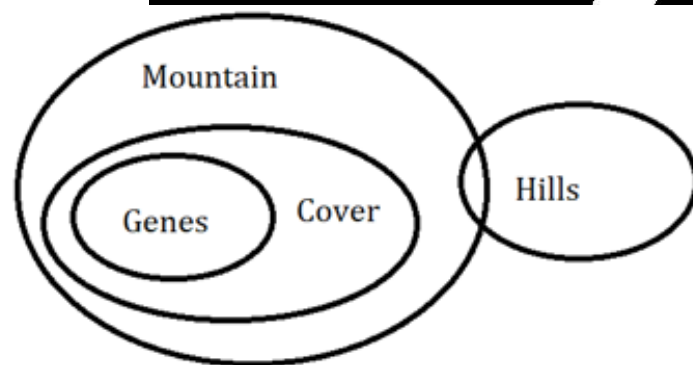
II. Follow - No direct relation between cloud and tree. So, possible relation will follow.



S73. Ans.(a)

Sol. I. Follow

II. Not Follow

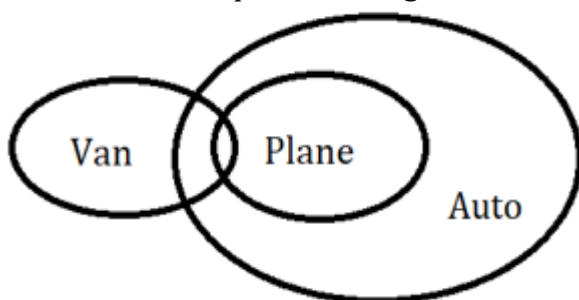


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S74. Ans.(a)

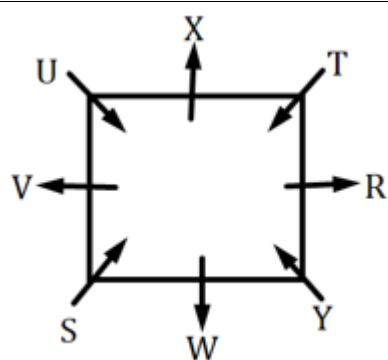
Sol. I. Follow

II. Not follow



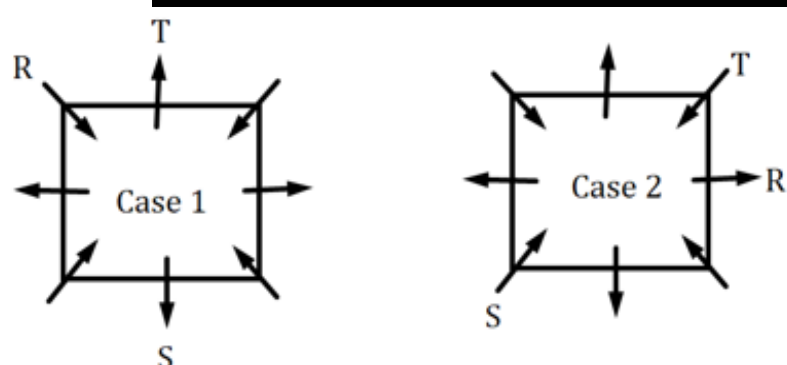
S75. Ans.(d)

Sol. Final Arrangement is here:



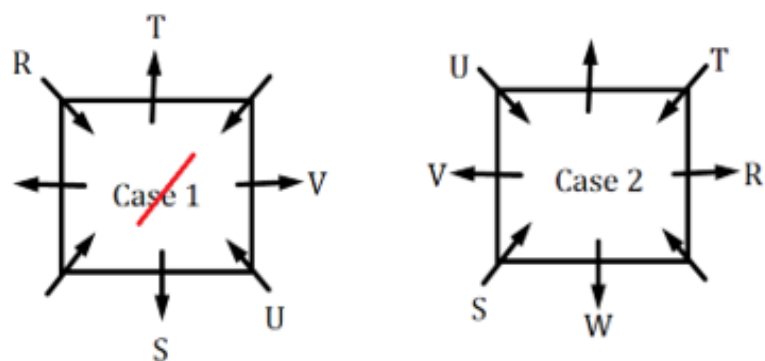
Clues: R sits third to the right of S. Three persons sit between S and T.

Inference: Here we get two possible cases:



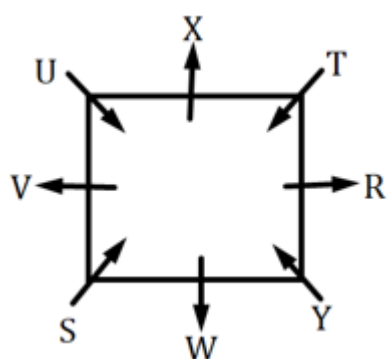
Clues: V sits second to the left of T. Case 1 gets eliminated.

Inference:



Clues: U and V sit adjacent.

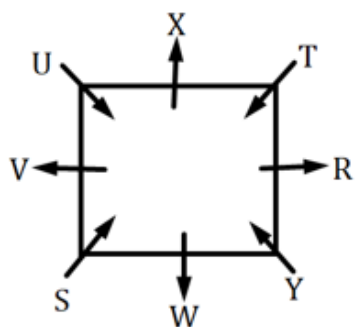
Inference: Only place for X is left. Final arrangement is here.



Second to the left

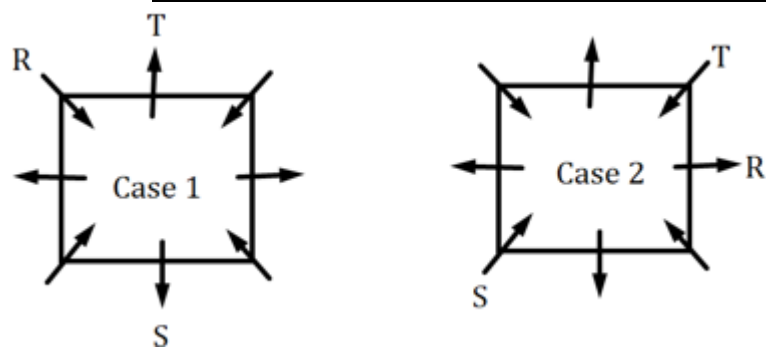
S76. Ans.(b)

Sol. Final Arrangement is here:



Clues: R sits

Inference:

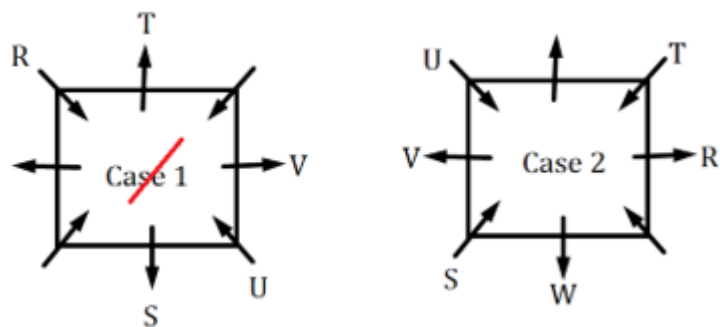


Clues: V sits

towards the centre

Inference:

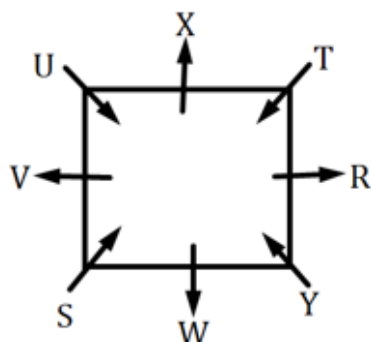
Case 1 gets



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Clues: U and

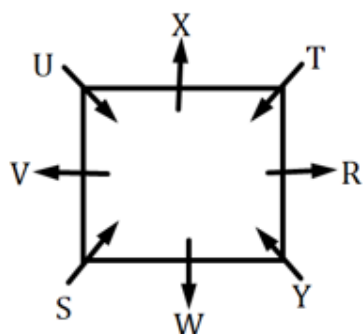
Inference: Only place for X is left. Final Arrangement is here:



S W Y R T

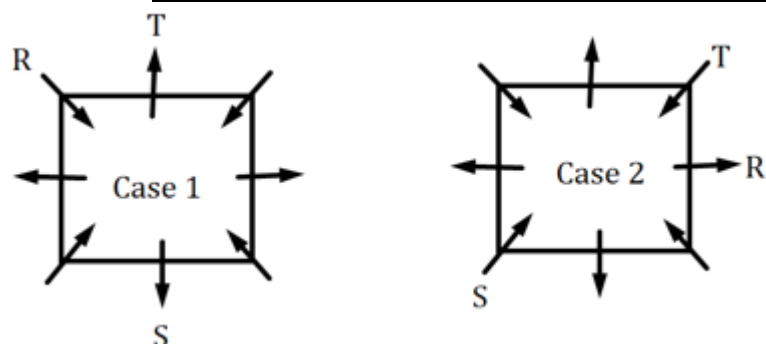
S77. Ans.(e)

Sol. Final Arrangement is here:



Clues: R sits

Inference:

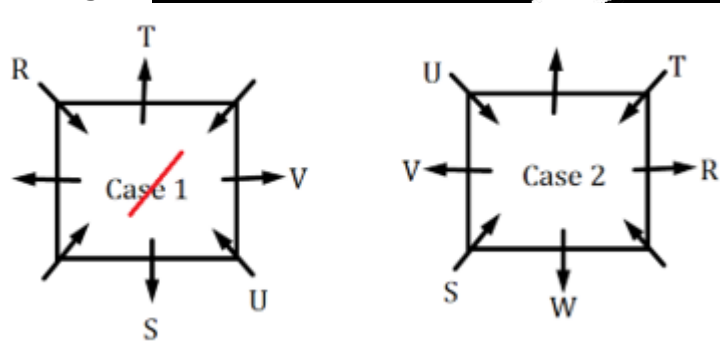


Clues: V sits

towards the centre

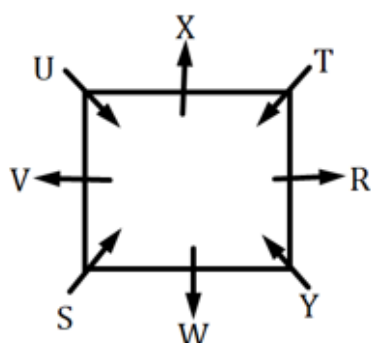
Inference:

Case 1 gets



Clues: U and

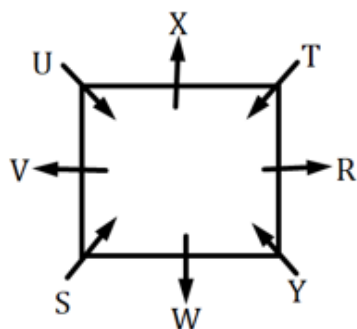
Inference: Only place for X is left. Final Arrangement is here:



Except W, all the others sit at corners and face inside.

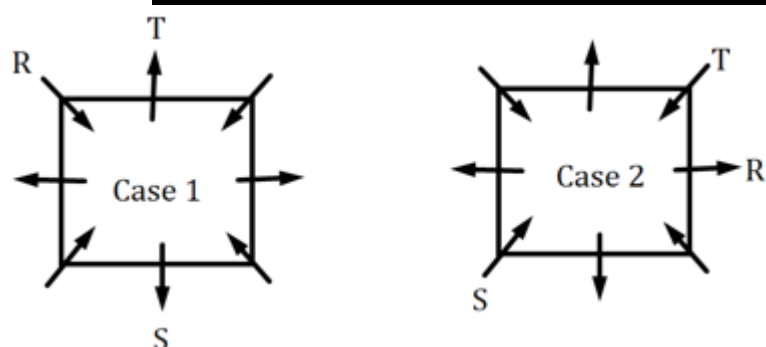
S78. Ans.(a)

Sol. Final Arrangement is here:



Clues: R sits

Inference:

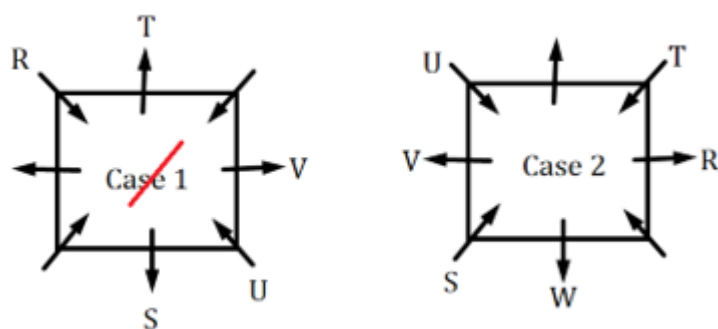


Clues: V sits

towards the centre

Inference:

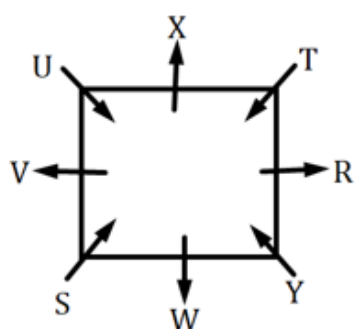
Case 1 gets o



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Clues: U and

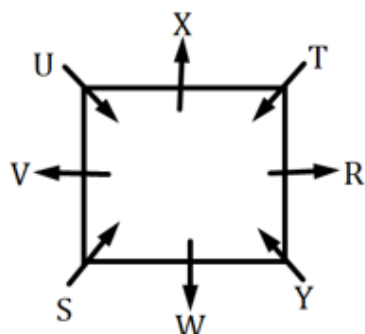
Inference: Only place for X is left. Final Arrangement is here:



The number of persons sit between Y and S when counting from left of Y is same as the number of persons sit between Y and T when counting from right of Y

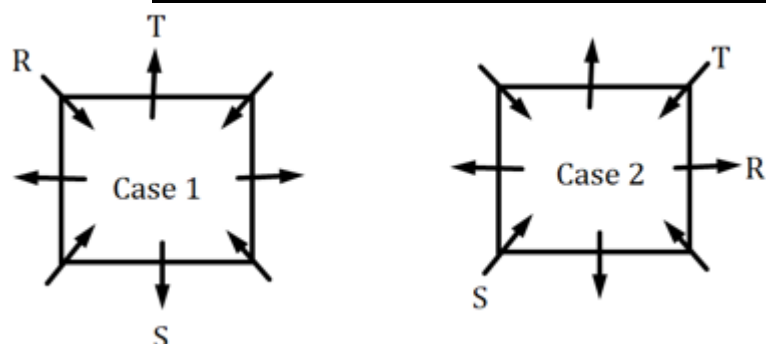
S79. Ans.(e)

Sol. Final Arrangement is here:



Clues: R sits

Inference:

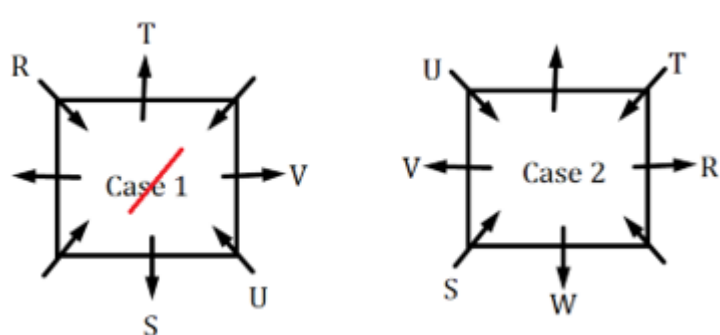


Clues: V sits

towards the centre

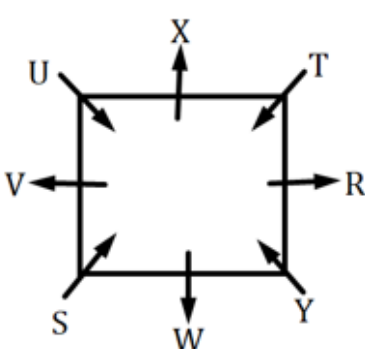
Inference:

Case 1 gets



Clues: U and

Inference: Only place for X is left. Final Arrangement is here:



Four

S80. Ans.(c)

Sol.

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} \mathbf{F} & > & \mathbf{E} & > & \mathbf{A} & > & \mathbf{C} > \mathbf{D} > \mathbf{B} \\ \mathbf{78} & & & & \mathbf{66} & & \end{array}$$

The number of persons lighter than D is half of the number of persons heavier than A.

S81. Ans.(a)

Sol.

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} \mathbf{F} & > & \mathbf{E} & > & \mathbf{A} & > & \mathbf{C} > \mathbf{D} > \mathbf{B} \\ \mathbf{78} & & & & \mathbf{66} & & \end{array}$$

The possible

S82. Ans.(a)

Sol.

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} \mathbf{F} & > & \mathbf{E} & > & \mathbf{A} & > & \mathbf{C} > \mathbf{D} > \mathbf{B} \\ \mathbf{78} & & & & \mathbf{66} & & \end{array}$$

F - B = 20; 7

A - C = 6; 66 -

The weight of

59 = 1kg

S83. Ans.(c)

Sol. E is ninth from right and ninth from left.

S84. Ans.(c)

Sol. H K E J C A M A F O S B C H S

S85. Ans.(e)

Sol. H K E V

S86. Ans.(d)

Sol. H K E V J W Y U O A U S A M E A P A O E Q S A B C U S

S87. Ans.(e)

Sol. H K E V J W Y U O A U S A M E A P A O E Q S A B C U S

S88. Ans.(b)

Sol. Final Arrangement is here:

Floors	Persons
8	H
7	C
6	A
5	E
4	F
3	B
2	G
1	D

Clues: A lives on an even numbered floor above floor 5. The number of persons live above A is same as the number of persons live between A and B.

Inference: Here we get two possible cases:

Floors	Persons	Persons
	Case 1	Case 2
8		A
7		B
6	A	
5		
4		
3	B	
2		
1		

Clues: Three persons live between A and C. Number of persons live above C is same as the number of persons live below C.

Inference: Here we get one possible case i.e. Case 3:

Floors	Persons	Persons	Persons
	Case 1	Case 2	Case 3
8	E	A	
7	C	B	C
6	A	E	A
5			E
4	D	D	
3	B	C	B
2			
1			D

Clues: One floor gap is between F and G. G lives below both F and H.

Inference: Case 1 and Case 2 gets cancelled here:

Floors	Persons	Persons	Persons
	Case 1	Case 2	Case 3
8	E	A	H
7	G	B	C
6	A	E	A
5			E
4	D	D	F
3	B	C	B
2			G
1			D

Inference: Final Arrangement is here:

Floors	Persons
8	H
7	C
6	A
5	E
4	F
3	B
2	G
1	D

H

S89. Ans.(b)

Sol. Final Arr

Floors	Persons
8	H
7	C
6	A
5	E
4	F
3	B
2	G
1	D

Clues: A lives on 6th floor. The number of persons live below A is same as the number of persons live between A and B.

Inference: From the above two possible case

Floors	Persons	Persons
	Case 1	Case 2
8		A
7		B
6	A	
5		
4		
3	B	
2		
1		

Clues: Three persons live between B and C. Number of persons live below C is twice the number of persons live between E and D.

Inference: Here one more case is added i.e. Case 3:

Floors	Persons	Persons	Persons
	Case 1	Case 2	Case 3
8	E	A	
7	C	B	C
6	A	E	A
5			E
4	D	D	
3	B	C	B
2			
1			D

Clues: One floor gap is between F and G. G lives below both F and H.

Inference: Case 1 and Case 2 gets cancelled here:

Floors	Persons	Persons	Persons
	Case-1	Case-2	Case 3
8	E	A	H
7	C	B	C
6	A	E	A
5			E
4	D	D	F
3	B	C	B
2			G
1			D

Inference:

Floors	Persons
8	H
7	C
6	A
5	E
4	F
3	B
2	G
1	D

Except HD, c

S90. Ans.(a)

Sol. Final Arrangement is here:

Floors	Persons
8	H
7	C
6	A
5	E
4	F
3	B
2	G
1	D

Clues: A lives on an even numbered floor above floor 5. The number of persons live above A is same as the number of persons live between A and B.

Inference: Here we get two possible cases:

Floors	Persons	Persons
	Case 1	Case 2
8		A
7		B
6	A	
5		
4		
3	B	
2		
1		

Clues: Three persons live between B and C. Number of persons live below C is twice the number of persons live

Inference:

Floors	Persons	Persons	Persons
	Case 1	Case 2	Case 3
8	E	A	
7	C	B	C
6	A	E	A
5			E
4	D	D	
3	B	C	B
2			
1			D

Clues: One person lives below both F and G.

Inference: Only G lives below both F and G.

Floors	Persons	Persons	Persons
	Case-1	Case-2	Case 3
8	E	A	H
7	G	B	C
6	A	E	A
5			E
4	D	D	F
3	B	C	B
2			G
1			D

Inference: Final Arrangement is here:

Floors	Persons
8	H
7	C
6	A
5	E
4	F
3	B
2	G
1	D

Only G

Floors	Persons	Persons
8	H	A
7	C	B
6	A	C
5	E	D
4	F	E
3	B	F
2	G	G
1	D	H

S91. Ans.(d)

Sol. Final Arrangement is here:

Floors	Persons
8	H
7	C
6	A
5	E
4	F
3	B
2	G
1	D

Clues: A lives on the 6th floor. The number of persons living above floor 5. The number of persons living below floor 1. A is same as the number of persons living above floor 5.

Inference:

Floors	Persons	Persons
	Case 1	Case 2
8		A
7		B
6	A	
5		
4		
3	B	
2		
1		

Clues: Three persons live on the 8th floor. The number of persons living below floor 1.

Inference: Here one more case is added i.e. Case 3:

Floors	Persons	Persons	Persons
	Case 1	Case 2	Case 3
8	E	A	
7	C	B	C
6	A	E	A
5			E
4	D	D	
3	B	C	B
2			
1			D

Clues: One floor gap is between F and G. G lives below both F and H.

Inference: Case 1 and Case 2 gets cancelled here:

Floors	Persons	Persons	Persons
	Case 1	Case 2	Case 3
8	E	A	H
7	G	B	C
6	A	E	A
5			E
4	D	D	F
3	B	G	B
2			G
1			D

Inference: Final Arrangement is here:

Floors	Persons
8	H
7	C
6	A
5	E
4	F
3	B
2	G
1	D

B lives on an

S92. Ans.(c)

Sol. Final Arr

Floors	Persons
8	H
7	C
6	A
5	E
4	F
3	B
2	G
1	D

Clues: A lives on floor 6. The number of persons live between A and B.

Inference: Here we get two possible cases:

Floors	Persons	Persons
	Case 1	Case 2
8		A
7		B
6	A	
5		
4		
3	B	
2		
1		

Clues: Three persons live between B and C. Number of persons live below C is twice the number of persons live between E and D.

Inference: Here one more case is added i.e. Case 3:

Floors	Persons	Persons	Persons
	Case 1	Case 2	Case 3
8	E	A	
7	C	B	C
6	A	E	A
5			E
4	D	D	
3	B	C	B
2			
1			D

Clues: One f

Inference: C

Floors	Persons	Persons	Persons
	Case-1	Case-2	Case 3
8	E	A	H
7	C	B	C
6	A	E	A
5			E
4	D	D	F
3	B	C	B
2			G
1			D

Inference:

Floors	Persons
8	H
7	C
6	A
5	E
4	F
3	B
2	G
1	D

Four

S93. Ans.(e)

Sol. I. $A > R$ (False)

II. $A = R$ (False)

But both follow the either-or case.

S94. Ans.(c)

Sol. I. $A > N$ (False)

II. $Z < M$ (False)

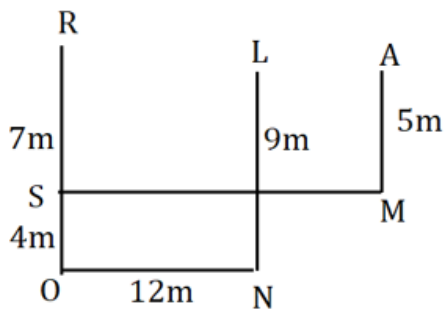
S95. Ans.(a)

Sol. I. $S > K$ (True)

II. $V > G$ (False)

S96. Ans.(a)

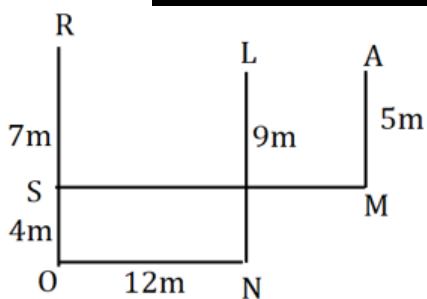
Sol.



3m toward v

S97. Ans.(c)

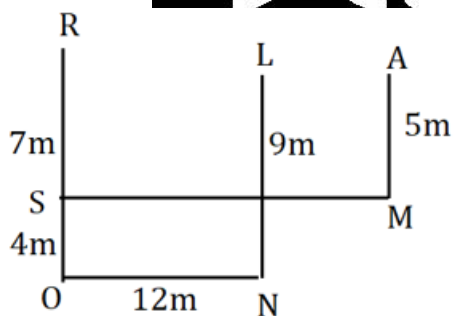
Sol.



North-west

S98. Ans.(e)

Sol.



Except OL, first point is to the north-west of second point.

S99. Ans.(a)

Sol. OQBBSJRFB

S100. Ans.(c)

Sol. IL