

SSC CGL T-I Similar Paper (Held on 15 Sep 2025 S2) – English

Q1. If $6 * 4 = 40$ and $8 * 3 = 33$, then $5 * 6 = ?$

- (a) 64
- (b) 70
- (c) 68
- (d) 66

Ans.(d)

Q2. In a certain code, SCHOOL is written as XHMTTQ. How is TEACHER written?

- (a) WJFHNKW
- (b) YJFHMJW
- (c) YJFIMJX
- (d) YJGHNJU

Ans.(b)

Q3. Choose the correct option.

A-27, Green V

- (a) A-27, Green V - 201301
- (b) A-27, Green V - 201310
- (c) A-27, Green V - 201401
- (d) A-27, Green V - 201410

Ans.(d)

Q4. Which of the following is not a pair of letters?

mn, op, __, st

- (a) qr
- (b) pq
- (c) rs
- (d) tu

Ans.(a)

Q5. Arrange the following in ascending order.

apple, ape, ant

- (a) ant
- (b) ape
- (c) apple
- (d) april

Ans.(b)

Q6. Apply the same pattern:

DOG → FQI

CAT → ?

- (a) ECV
- (b) ECW
- (c) DBU
- (d) EBU



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Ans.(a)

Q7. Complete the analogy:

Write : Pen :: Draw : ?

- (a) Brush
- (b) Paper
- (c) Color
- (d) Board

Ans.(a)

Q8. P is Q's mother. R is P's brother. How is R related to Q?

- (a) Father
- (b) Uncle
- (c) Brother
- (d) Cousin

Ans.(b)

Q9. If the letter **A** is the 1st letter from the left and **T** (1st from the right) ?

- (a) 1
- (b) 2
- (c) 3
- (d) 4

Ans.(a)

Q10. Using the same logic as in CAT = 2

- (a) 24
- (b) 46
- (c) 48
- (d) 50

Ans.(a)

Q11. If '+' means

- (a) 6
- (b) 8
- (c) 3
- (d) 10

Ans.(c)

Q12. Statement:

The office remains open from 10 AM to 6 PM.

Conclusions:

- I. Employees cannot enter before 10 AM.
- II. Office is closed after 6 PM.

- (a) Only I follows
- (b) Only II follows
- (c) Both I and II follow
- (d) Neither I nor II follows



Ans.(c)

Q13. Statement:

Online education is growing rapidly because of easy internet access.

Assumptions:

I. Internet access is available to many people.

II. People prefer online education over traditional methods.

- (a) Only I is implicit
- (b) Only II is implicit
- (c) Both I and II are implicit
- (d) Neither I nor II is implicit

Ans.(a)

Q14. Find the

- (a) $3 \times 4 = 12$
- (b) $5 \times 6 = 30$
- (c) $7 \times 8 = 54$
- (d) $9 \times 2 = 18$

Ans.(c)

Q15. Find the

- (a) Circle
- (b) Square
- (c) Triangle
- (d) Cube

Ans.(d)

Q16. Find the

- (a) Isaac Newton
- (b) Albert Einstein
- (c) Marie Curie
- (d) Leonardo da Vinci

Ans.(d)

Q17. If 'x' means

- (a) $8 \times 3 + 2 =$
- (b) $6 \times 4 + 1 = 9$
- (c) $7 \times 2 + 3 = 8$
- (d) $9 \times 1 + 4 = 6$

Ans.(c)

Q18. In a zoo, there are only deer and birds. Total heads = 36 and total legs = 100. How many birds are there?

- (a) 20
- (b) 16
- (c) 18
- (d) 22

Ans.(d)



Q19. Complete the pattern:

5, 11, 23, 47, ?

- (a) 93
- (b) 95
- (c) 96
- (d) 97

Ans.(b)

Q20. Which of the following will replace the question mark?

Alpha, Beta, Gamma, Delta, ?

- (a) Theta
- (b) Epsilon
- (c) Zeta
- (d) Sigma

Ans.(b)

Q21. A says, “

- (a) Father
- (b) Sister
- (c) Brother
- (d) Son

Ans.(c)

Q22. What co

2, 8, 64, ?

- (a) 128
- (b) 256
- (c) 512
- (d) 1024

Ans.(d)

Q23. Which is the word used in the sentence: "Learning new skills improves confidence and helps you to achieve your goals."

- (a) improves
- (b) confidence
- (c) steadily
- (d) skills

Ans.(a)

Q24. What is the value of middle if Left = 10, Right = 26, and Middle is the average of both?

- (a) 16
- (b) 18
- (c) 20
- (d) 22

Ans.(b)

Q25. If '@' means '+', '#' means '×', then find the value of: 6 @ 4 # 3?

- (a) 18
- (b) 30



(c) 24

(d) 36

Ans.(a)

Q26. Which feature is most associated with Baul folk music of Bengal?

(a) Strict classical grammar

(b) Devotional and philosophical lyrics

(c) Military band instruments

(d) Only instrumental pieces

Ans.(b)

Q27. The Kaladan Multi-Modal Project connects India with which neighboring country?

(a) Nepal

(b) Bhutan

(c) Myanmar

(d) Sri Lanka

Ans.(c)

Q28. Which Indian Prime Minister was elected in 2014?

(a) Narendra Modi

(b) Kailash Satish

(c) Manmohan

(d) Amartya S

Ans.(b)

Q29. The Teesta River is a part of which river system?

(a) Ganga

(b) Brahmapu

(c) Narmada

(d) Godavari

Ans.(b)

Q30. Which of the following is a bill?

1. Money Bills

2. Rajya Sabha

(a) Only 1

(b) Only 2

(c) Both 1 and 2

(d) Neither 1 nor 2

Ans.(a)

Q31. In basketball, which of the following is considered a violation?

(a) Dribbling the ball

(b) Passing to a teammate

(c) Running without dribbling the ball

(d) Shooting from outside the arc

Ans.(c)



Q32. The Regulating Act of 1773 mainly aimed to:

- (a) End Company trade in India
- (b) Strengthen parliamentary control over the Company
- (c) Introduce local self-government
- (d) Promote Indian industries

Ans.(b)

Q33. Which harvest festival of Assam is celebrated with community feasts and bonfires in January?

- (a) Rongali Bihu
- (b) Kongali Bihu
- (c) Bhogali Bihu
- (d) Kati Bihu

Ans.(c)

Q34. Increase

- (a) Ocean tide
- (b) Radio com
- (c) Soil fertility
- (d) Rainfall

Ans.(b)

Q35. Which of the following is a classical dance form of India?

- 1. Kuchipudi
 - 2. It is performed by women only
- (a) Only 1
 - (b) Only 2
 - (c) Both 1 and 2
 - (d) Neither 1 nor 2

Ans.(a)

Q36. The Mars Orbiter Mission of India is popularly known as:

- (a) Chandrayaan
- (b) Gaganyaan
- (c) Mangalyaan
- (d) Surya

Ans.(c)

Q37. The book 'Wings of Fire' is primarily about:

- (a) Indian mythology
- (b) Space science theories
- (c) The life of A.P.J. Abdul Kalam
- (d) Ancient wars

Ans.(c)

Q38. Match the following Yoga terms: 1. Asana 2. Pranayama 3. Dhyana 4. Samadhi | A. Meditation B. Breath control C. Posture D. Complete absorption

- (a) 1-C, 2-B, 3-A, 4-D
- (b) 1-B, 2-C, 3-D, 4-A

(c) 1-C, 2-A, 3-B, 4-D

(d) 1-D, 2-B, 3-A, 4-C

Ans.(a)

Q39. Where does oxygenated blood from the lungs enter the heart?

(a) Right atrium

(b) Right ventricle

(c) Left atrium

(d) Left ventricle

Ans.(c)

Q40. Assertion (A): Cotton textile industries are widespread in India.

Reason (R): India is a cotton producing country.

(a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A

(b) Both true but R is not the correct explanation of A

(c) A is true but R is false

(d) A is false but R is true

Ans.(a)

Q41. India's first Olympic medal in winter sports was won by

(a) Boxing – Lovlina Borgohain

(b) Badminton – P. V. Sindhu

(c) Weightlifting – N. Anand

(d) Athletics – Neeraj Chopra

Ans.(c)

Q42. When light enters a medium from air, it

(a) Increases its speed

(b) Decreases its speed

(c) Remains same

(d) Becomes zero

Ans.(b)

Q43. Assertion (A): The Earth is a sphere.

Reason (R): The Earth is a sphere.

(a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A

(b) Both true but R is not the correct explanation of A

(c) A is true but R is false

(d) A is false but R is true

Ans.(a)

Q44. Consider the statements:

1. Ordinances are issued by the President.

2. They require parliamentary approval later.

(a) Only 1

(b) Only 2

(c) Both 1 and 2

(d) Neither 1 nor 2

Ans.(c)

Q45. Which region in India is famous for mangrove forests?

- (a) Thar Desert
- (b) Sundarbans
- (c) Deccan Plateau
- (d) Aravalli Hills

Ans.(b)

Q46. The Santosh Trophy is associated with which sport?

- (a) Hockey
- (b) Football
- (c) Cricket
- (d) Volleyball

Ans.(b)

Q47. The rock

- (a) Cholas
- (b) Pallavas
- (c) Pandyas
- (d) Satavahan

Ans.(b)

Q48. Which Article of the Indian Constitution deals with the Right to Information?

- (a) Article 280
- (b) Article 324
- (c) Article 356
- (d) Article 370

Ans.(b)

Q49. Fundamental rights were added to the Indian Constitution by:

- (a) 42nd Amendment
- (b) 44th Amendment
- (c) 52nd Amendment
- (d) 61st Amendment

Ans.(a)

Q50. 'Beti Bachao, Beti Padhao' scheme focuses on:

- (a) Agriculture
- (b) Girl child welfare
- (c) Elderly care
- (d) Skill development

Ans.(b)

Q51. Which of the following equals 20?

- (a) $(\sqrt{8} + \sqrt{2})^2 - 4\sqrt{16}$
- (b) $(\sqrt{9} + \sqrt{11})^2$
- (c) $(\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{4})^2 + 2\sqrt{24}$

(d) $(\sqrt{13} + \sqrt{7})^2 - 2\sqrt{91}$

Ans.(d)

Q52. A runner has to cover a distance of 100 km. After running for 5 hours and 20 minutes, he finds that he has completed $\frac{2}{3}$ rd of the total distance. What is his speed in km/h?

- (a) 12.5 km/h
- (b) 17.5 km/h
- (c) 16.25 km/h
- (d) 15.5 km/h

Ans.(a)

Q53. C is four times more efficient as a worker than D, which allows C to complete a work in 45 days less than D. If they work together

- (a) 10 days
- (b) 12 days
- (c) 15 days
- (d) 18 days

Ans.(b)

Q54. What is the sum of the first 20 terms of an A.P. whose first term is 10 and 24th term is 100?

- (a) 2200
- (b) 2175
- (c) 2250
- (d) 2300

Ans.(a)

Q55. What is the value of $\frac{1}{\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{6}}$?

- (a) 4.5
- (b) 3.5
- (c) $\frac{10}{3}$
- (d) 3

Ans.(c)

Q56. A merchant mixes two varieties of rice and sells the mixture at ₹90 per kg. The cost price of the first variety is ₹80 per kg and the cost price of the second variety is ₹70 per kg.

- (a) 1 : 2
- (b) 68 : 7
- (c) 23 : 21
- (d) 1 : 3

Ans.(b)

Q57. A retailer marked a product 40% above its cost price. She then offered two successive discounts of 12% and 15% to a buyer. If she made a profit of ₹50, at what price did she sell the product?

- (a) ₹850
- (b) ₹1109
- (c) ₹950
- (d) ₹1020

Ans.(b)

Q58. There are 6 consecutive even numbers $M_1, M_2, M_3, M_4, M_5, M_6$ and 5 consecutive odd numbers N_1, N_2, N_3, N_4, N_5 . The average of the even numbers is 4 more than the average of the odd numbers. If the sum of the even numbers is 24 more than the sum of the odd numbers, find the average of the odd numbers.

- (a) 7
- (b) 0
- (c) 9
- (d) 10

Ans.(b)

Q59. If $p : q = 4 : 5$, then find $(8p + 3q) : (8p - 3q)$.

- (a) 47 : 17
- (b) 21 : 37
- (c) 15 : 33
- (d) 3 : 5

Ans.(a)

Q60. Kavya invested ₹10,000 in Scheme P at 16% p.a. and ₹15,000 in Scheme Q at 300% p.a. respectively. If the total interest earned from both schemes is ₹3,677, find the time period in years for Scheme Q?

- (a) ₹3677
- (b) ₹2750
- (c) ₹3000
- (d) ₹3250

Ans.(a)

Q61. X and Y invested ₹10,000 and ₹15,000 respectively in a business. After 6 months, Z joined them with ₹10,000. The total profit at the end of the year is ₹2,400. What is X's share of the profit?

- (a) ₹9,600
- (b) ₹9,200
- (c) ₹9,800
- (d) ₹10,000

Ans.(a)

Q62. Evaluate: 75% of 400 - 32.5% of 200 + 18% of 300

- (a) 350
- (b) 365
- (c) 289
- (d) 385

Ans.(c)

Q63. Priya borrowed ₹40,000 from two lenders under simple-interest terms:

Lender M charges 8% p.a. (simple interest),

Lender N charges 5% p.a. (simple interest)

Priya kept both loans for exactly 5 years and then paid the accumulated interest, which was ₹14,000. If she had interchanged the principal amounts, her five-year interest outgo would have been ₹2,000 less. How much did she borrow from Lender M at 8% p.a.?

- (a) ₹25,000
- (b) ₹22,000
- (c) ₹26,667
- (d) ₹16,000

Ans.(c)

Q64. A shop sells a watch for ₹ B, incurring a loss of 8%. During a clearance sale, they mark it up to ₹1.3B. At the sale, they offer a discount of 15% on this marked price. What will be the percentage profit or loss during the sale?

- (a) 3.8% Profit
- (b) 1.8% Loss
- (c) 1.6% Profit
- (d) 3.8% Loss

Ans.(c)

Q65. A sector of a circle with radius 16 cm and central angle 60° is cut out. What is the area of the remaining segment?

- (a) $(8\pi - 16\sqrt{3}) \text{ cm}^2$
- (b) $(8\pi - 32) \text{ cm}^2$
- (c) $(16\pi - 32) \text{ cm}^2$
- (d) $(16\pi - 64) \text{ cm}^2$

Ans.(a)

Q66. If the lateral surface area of a cone is $20\pi \text{ cm}^2$ and height is 10 cm, then the radius of the base is

- (a) $4\pi \text{ cm}$
- (b) 5 cm
- (c) $16/\pi \text{ cm}$
- (d) 8 cm

Ans.(c)

Q67. Solve system of equations $x + y = 2$ and $3x + 4y = 10$

- (a) (3, 7)
- (b) (2, 4)
- (c) (1, 1)
- (d) (4, 10)

Ans.(a)

Q68. If the perimeter of a regular hexagon is 72 cm, what is the side length?

- (a) 10 cm
- (b) 12 cm
- (c) 14 cm
- (d) 16 cm

Ans.(b)



Q69. Two chords, PQ and RS, are equal in length and are at a distance of 12 cm from the center of a circle. If the radius is 20 cm, what is the length of PQ?

- (a) 16 cm
- (b) 24 cm
- (c) 32 cm
- (d) 40 cm

Ans.(c)

Q70. A right circular cone has radius 8 cm and height 20 cm. A sphere is inscribed in the cone such that it touches the base and the lateral surface. Find the radius of the inscribed sphere.

- (a) 3.35 cm
- (b) 5.42 cm
- (c) 2.8 cm
- (d) 4.21 cm

Ans.(b)

Q71. A vertical pole of height 15 m is fixed to the top of a wall of height 30 m. The angle of elevation from the foot of the wall to the top of the pole is 45° . From the top of the wall, the angle of depression to the foot of the pole is 30° . Find the distance between the foot of the wall and the foot of the pole.

- (a) $15(\sqrt{3} - 1)$ m
- (b) $\frac{15(\sqrt{3}+1)}{2}$ m
- (c) $20(\sqrt{3} - 1)$ m
- (d) $20(\sqrt{3} + 1)$ m

Ans.(b)

Q72. A circular disc of radius 10 cm is divided into two parts by a chord of length 16 cm. Find the area of the smaller part of the disc.

- (a) 10 cm
- (b) 15.32 cm
- (c) 11.22 cm
- (d) 13 cm

Ans.(c)

Q73. If two circles of radii 5 cm and 3 cm intersect at two points, and the distance between their centers is 4 cm, find the length of the common chord.

- (a) 1
- (b) 2
- (c) 3
- (d) 4

Ans.(c)

Q74. Express 0.363636... as a fraction.

- (a) $\frac{3}{11}$
- (b) $\frac{6}{11}$
- (c) $\frac{5}{11}$
- (d) $\frac{4}{11}$

Ans.(d)



Q75. Simplify: $\sqrt{72} - \sqrt{18} + \sqrt{50}$

- (a) $8\sqrt{2}$
- (b) $7\sqrt{2}$
- (c) $6\sqrt{2}$
- (d) $5\sqrt{2}$

Ans.(a)

Q76. Find the part of the sentence that contains an error:

Neither did the committee acknowledge the financial irregularities, (1)/ nor did they consider the repeated warnings (2)/ issued by auditors, which, according to reports, (3)/ has been ignored for a long time. (4)/

- (a) (1)
- (b) (2)
- (c) (3)
- (d) (4)

Ans.(d)

Q77. Choose the correct word.

The report described the

- (a) threw going
- (b) thorough-going
- (c) comprehensive
- (d) going-thorough

Ans.(b)

Q78. Select the correct word.

The monk carried out his

- (a) The garden
- (b) The bishop
- (c) The priest
- (d) The cathedral

Ans.(a)

Q79. Choose the correct word.

They are planning to

- (a) are planning to go to the abroad
- (b) plan going to the abroad
- (c) are planning to go to the abroad
- (d) are planning to go for abroad

Ans.(a)

Q80. A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech.

She said, "I purchased a new smartphone."

- (a) She said that she had purchased a new smartphone.
- (b) She said that she purchases a new smartphone.
- (c) She said that she was purchasing a new smartphone.
- (d) She said that she has purchased a new smartphone.

Ans.(a)

Q81. Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: INEXORABLE

- (a) Lenient
- (b) Relentless
- (c) Adaptable
- (d) Tender

Ans.(b)

Q82. Choose the correct meaning of idiom: Get the jump on

- (a) Admit defeat suddenly
- (b) Gain an edge by moving first
- (c) Turn against one's friends
- (d) Avoid consequences

Ans.(b)

Q83. Spot the odd one out

- (a) Echolalia
- (b) Ecolalia
- (c) Echolaelia
- (d) Echolallia

Ans.(a)

Q84. Select the word which is the opposite of the given word: Sycophant

- (a) Self-assured
- (b) Subservient
- (c) Fawning
- (d) Grovelling

Ans.(a)

Q85. Choose the word which is the best one-word substitute for the following sentence:
"An exaggerated sense of one's own importance and self-worth."

- (a) Caution
- (b) Meekness
- (c) Vanity
- (d) Simplicity

Ans.(c)

Q86. Select the correct option for the Direct Speech conversion of the sentence below.

The ecologist cautioned that the region's carrying capacity might be surpassed if invasive organisms multiplied without control.

- (a) The ecologist said, "The region's carrying capacity will be surpassed if invasive organisms multiply without control."
- (b) The ecologist said, "Had invasive organisms multiplied without control, the region's carrying capacity would be surpassed."
- (c) The ecologist said, "The region's carrying capacity might be surpassed if invasive organisms multiply without control."
- (d) The ecologist said, "If invasive organisms multiplied without control, the carrying capacity had been surpassed."

Ans.(c)



Q87. Choose the correct meaning of idiom: Hammer and tongs

- (a) With great intensity
- (b) Without preparation
- (c) In a concealed manner
- (d) Without real effort

Ans.(a)

Q88. Select the correct option:

The proposal, ____ was approved unanimously, will be implemented next month.

- (a) that
- (b) which
- (c) what
- (d) whose

Ans.(b)

Q89. Which is

- (a) Innumerable
- (b) Innumerable
- (c) Innumerable
- (d) Innumerable

Ans.(a)

Q90. What do

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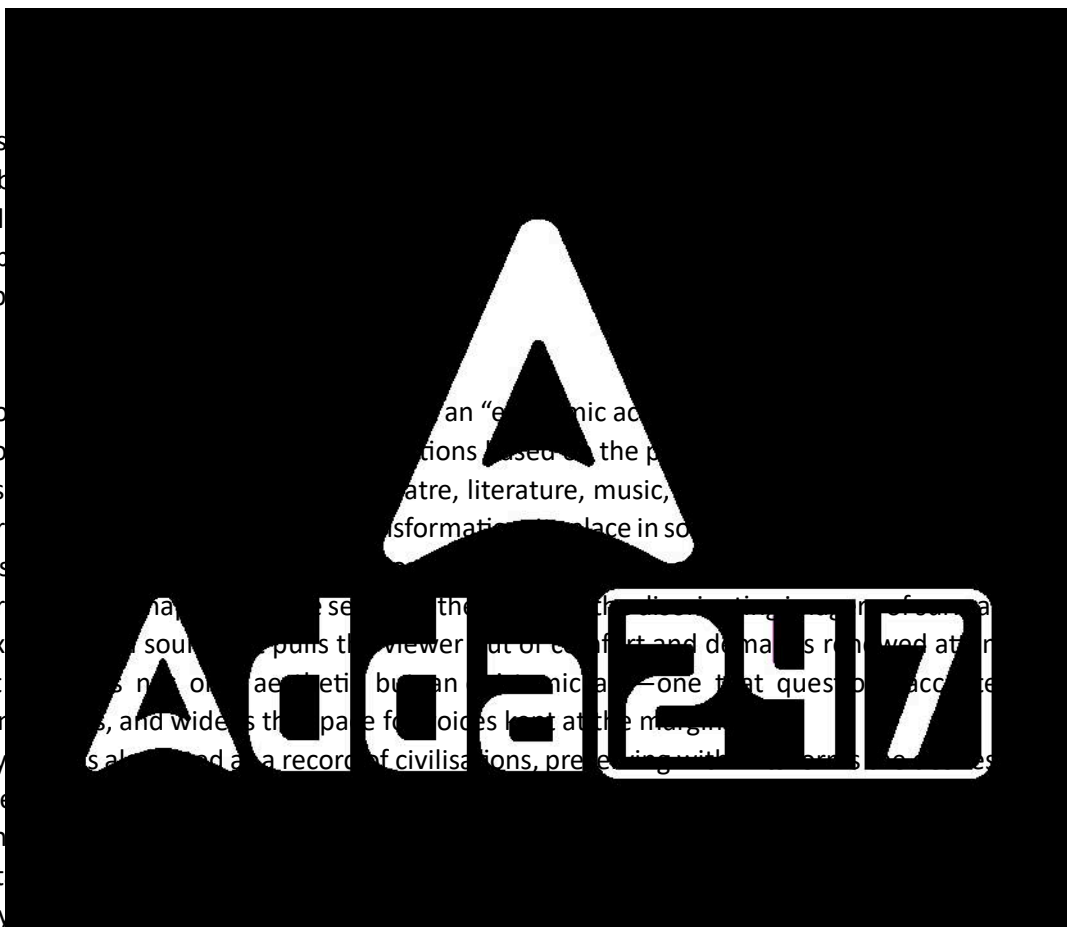
Across history

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makes art vit

contemporary



logic falls short, it can generate empathy. Satire, documentary cinema, and performance frequently communicate what cannot be stated directly, using symbol, metaphor, and suggestion to evade suppression. Yet this very power exposes art to risk—censorship, marketing pressures, and ideological capture. When art loses autonomy, it can slide into propaganda or empty prestige, stripped of its questioning force.

Art also performs a social role by building community and inviting self-examination at the same time. Participatory forms—street theatre, public installations, folk practices—blur the line between maker and viewer, broadening access to aesthetic experience. Meanwhile, private engagement with a poem or painting may trigger insight, catharsis, or moral reflection. However, in an algorithm-driven era where visibility and virality often decide worth, art increasingly faces the commodification of art. The aesthetic is repackaged as a spectacle for quick consumption, detached from complexity, nuance, and risk. The challenge, therefore, is to protect artistic integrity against market and media forces that may reduce it to banality. Ultimately, art’s role is neither fixed nor singular: it is a dialectical energy—both mirror

- (a) Art exists only to stir emotions.
- (b) Art helps form and challenge ways of knowing and understanding.
- (c) Art is valuable only as a historical record.
- (d) Art mainly promotes government-approved beliefs.

Q91. In the passage, the phrase “commodification of art” most nearly means:

Art, across its many expressions—painting, theatre, literature, music, and more—moves beyond practical usefulness into the spheres of meaning, emotion, and transformation. Its place in society is not merely ornamental or entertaining; it functions as a medium of critique, a repository of shared memory, and an engine of cultural change. At its centre, art unsettles reality by reshaping how we see. Whether through the disorienting imagery of surrealism or the unsettling textures of experimental sound, art pulls the viewer out of comfort and demands renewed attention to the world. In

doing so, art becomes not only aesthetic but an epistemic act—one that questions accepted “truths,” disrupts dominant frameworks, and widens the space for voices kept at the margins.

Across history, art has also acted as a record of civilisations, preserving within its forms the desires, fears, conflicts, and ideals of a given age. From sacred temple murals to rebellious street art on crumbling city walls, creative work becomes a language through which authority, resistance, and identity are negotiated at once. This deep historical grounding makes art vital for understanding not only what societies produce, but what they prize and what they dread. In contemporary democracies, art often takes on a political charge. Where speech is curtailed, art can carry dissent; where logic falls short, it can generate empathy. Satire, documentary cinema, and performance frequently communicate what cannot be stated directly, using symbol, metaphor, and suggestion to evade suppression. Yet this very power exposes art to risk—censorship, marketing pressures, and ideological capture. When art loses autonomy, it can slide into propaganda or empty prestige, stripped of its questioning force.

Art also performs a social role by building community and inviting self-examination at the same time. Participatory forms—street theatre, public installations, folk practices—blur the line between maker and viewer, broadening access to aesthetic experience. Meanwhile, private engagement with a poem or painting may trigger insight, catharsis, or moral reflection. However, in an algorithm-driven era where visibility and virality often decide worth, art increasingly faces the commodification of its message. Detached from its historical context, art risks becoming a mere media force, one that may reduce complex issues to digestible fragments—both mirror and blueprint for the world it seeks to question, and to reimagine.

- (a) It strengthens the social fabric.
- (b) It becomes a mere commodity.
- (c) It becomes a tool for social critique.
- (d) It remains detached from reality.

Ans.(c)

Q93. Which of the following best describes the role of art in society? Read the following passage and choose the correct option. Art, across its various forms—painting, theatre, literature, music, and more—moves beyond mere aesthetic usefulness into the sphere of human experience and transformation. Its place in society is not merely ornamental or entertaining; it functions as a mirror of critique, a repository of shared memory, and a catalyst for cultural change. At its centre, art unsettles reality, forcing us to question how we see the world. Whether through the dissonant notes of a protest song or the textures of experimental film, art challenges the status quo. In doing so, art disrupts accepted “truths,” questions dominant frameworks, and widens the space for voices kept at the margins. Across history, art has acted as a record of civilisations, preserving within its forms the desires, fears, conflicts, and ideals of a given age. From sacred temple murals to rebellious street art on crumbling city walls, creative work becomes a language through which authority, resistance, and identity are negotiated at once. This deep historical grounding makes art vital for understanding not only what societies produce, but what they prize and what they dread. In contemporary democracies, art often takes on a political charge. Where speech is curtailed, art can carry dissent; where logic falls short, it can generate empathy. Satire, documentary cinema, and performance frequently communicate what cannot be stated directly, using symbol, metaphor, and suggestion to evade suppression. Yet this very power exposes art to risk—censorship, marketing pressures, and ideological capture. When art loses autonomy, it can slide into propaganda or empty prestige, stripped of its questioning force.

Art also performs a social role by building community and inviting self-examination at the same time. Participatory forms—street theatre, public installations, folk practices—blur the line between maker and viewer, broadening access to aesthetic experience. Meanwhile, private engagement with a poem or painting may trigger insight, catharsis, or moral reflection. However, in an algorithm-driven era where visibility and virality often decide worth, art increasingly faces the commodification of its message. Detached from its historical context, art risks becoming a mere media force, one that may reduce complex issues to digestible fragments—both mirror and blueprint for the world it seeks to question, and to reimagine.

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- (a) Art is always harmful and on the margins.
- (b) Art operates through tensions—reflecting society while also reshaping it.
- (c) Art survives only inside elite galleries.
- (d) Art exists only to preserve the past.

Q94. . What is the closest meaning of the word “banality” as used in the passage?

- (a) Energy
- (b) Triviality
- (c) Flexibility
- (d) Harshness

Q95. Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence:

(a) dislikes to speaking
(b) dislikes from speaking

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- (c) dislikes speaking
- (d) is disliking to speak

Ans.(c)

Q96. Choose the correct one-word substitution for:

“Someone who challenges or resists the established system or authority.”

- (a) Advocate
- (b) Conformist
- (c) Rebel
- (d) Theist

Ans.(c)

Q97. Convert

The applicant

- (a) The panel
- (b) The panel
- (c) The applica
- (d) The panel

Ans.(d)

Q98. Rearrang

1. One effective way to reduce greenhouse gas emissions by moving from fossil fuels to renewable energy sources such as solar, wind, and geothermal energy.
 2. To limit the damage to the environment, the world must switch to clean energy systems.
 3. This transition to clean energy sources will reduce greenhouse gas emissions but it also improves air quality and reduces the risk of climate change.
 4. In addition, renewable energy sources are sustainable and can provide a steady supply of energy demand.
- (a) 2, 1, 3, 4
 - (b) 1, 2, 3, 4
 - (c) 4, 1, 2, 3
 - (d) 2, 3, 1, 4

Ans.(a)

Q99. Change

Did the manager

- (a) Was the revised budget plan approved by the manager?
- (b) Had the revised budget plan been approved by the manager?
- (c) Was the revised budget plan approved by the manager?
- (d) Is the revised budget plan being approved by the manager?

Ans.(c)

Q100. Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word: Somniferous

- (a) Energising
- (b) Sleepy
- (c) Tranquilising
- (d) Lulling

Ans.(a)