

SSC CGL T-I Similar Paper (Held on 19 Sep 2025 S3) - English

Q1. Problem: Roads in the city are frequently damaged during monsoon.

Course of Action:

I. Improve drainage systems.

II. Use higher-quality construction material.

(a) Only I follows

(b) Only II follows

(c) Both follow

(d) Neither follows

Ans.(c)

Q2. What comes next in the sequence?

AXA, BYB, CZC

(a) EBE

(b) EDE

(c) ECE

(d) EZE

Ans.(a)

Q3. A says to B, 'My brother is older than your brother. How old is your brother?'

(a) Brother

(b) Uncle

(c) Father

(d) Cousin

Ans.(a)

Q4. Statement

CCTV cameras are installed at all traffic signals.

Conclusions:

I. Traffic rule violators can be monitored.

II. Traffic jams can be avoided.

(a) Only I follows

(b) Only II follows

(c) Both follow

(d) Neither follows

Ans.(a)

Q5. If '+' means 'minus' '-' means 'plus' '×' means 'divided by' '÷' means 'multiplied by'

Find the value of: $15 + 5 - 10 \times 2 \div 3 = ?$

(a) 10

(b) 20

(c) 25

(d) 30

Ans.(c)

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Q6. The following series has a pattern. Identify the incorrect pair:

4, 7, 14, 17, 35, 37, 74, 78

- (a) 14, 35
- (b) 4, 37
- (c) 7, 78
- (d) 35, 78

Ans.(d)

Q7. If $\times$ means subtraction, $\div$ means addition, $+$ means division and $-$ means multiplication, then $8 \times 4 \div 2 - 6 + 3 = ?$

- (a) 7
- (b) 9
- (c) 8
- (d) 13

Ans.(c)

Q8. Statement

The government

Conclusions:

I. Citizens can

II. All problem

(a) Only I follow

(b) Only II follow

(c) Both follow

(d) Neither follow

Ans.(a)

Q9. If 'COLD' is

- (a) VCTQ
- (b) YCTP
- (c) YCTO
- (d) VCUO

Ans.(c)

Q10. Find the

6	7	15
5	3	10
2	9	?

- (a) 11
- (b) 15
- (c) 13
- (d) 12

Ans.(c)

Q11. If ' $\times$ ' = ' $\div$ ', ' $\div$ ' = '+', '+' = '-' and '-' = ' $\times$ ', which equation is correct?

- (a) $16 \times 4 + 2 \div 2 = 14$
- (b) $18 - 6 \times 3 + 2 \div 1 = 20$
- (c) $20 + 5 - 5 \times 1 \div 2 = 15$



Ans.(d)

Q18. Solve:

NOTE : ? :: TIME : EMIT

- (a) ENOT
- (b) ETON
- (c) TONE
- (d) OENT

Ans.(b)

Q19. Find the missing term: 2, 6, 24, 120, ?

- (a) 600
- (b) 720
- (c) 840
- (d) 960

Ans.(b)

Q20. A number

- (a) 6.25% increased
- (b) 6.25% decreased
- (c) No change
- (d) 12.5% decreased

Ans.(b)

Q21. If '+' means multiplication, then $9 + 3$

- (a) 5
- (b) 2
- (c) 3
- (d) 4

Ans.(a)

Q22. Select the group of letters which can replace the question mark.

DEF, GHI, JKL,

- (a) MNO
- (b) DFK
- (c) HJK
- (d) NOP

Ans.(a)

Q23. Statement:

The company has introduced flexible working hours.

Conclusions:

- I. Employees may feel more satisfied.
- II. Productivity will definitely double.

- (a) Only I follows
- (b) Only II follows
- (c) Both follow
- (d) Neither follows

Ans.(a)



Q24. If 'P' means addition, 'D' means subtraction, 'S' means multiplication and 'V' means division, find the value of:
{24P(18D6)}V(6S2)P12V(6)?

- (a) -5
- (b) 5
- (c) 10
- (d) -10

Ans.(b)

Q25. Choose the address that is the same as the one given below.

Flat No. 12, Park Street, Kolkata, West Bengal - 700016

- (a) Flat No. 12, Park Street, Kolkata, West Bengal - 700061
- (b) Flat No. 12, Park Street, Kolkata, West Bengal - 700016
- (c) Flat No. 21, Park Street, Kolkata, West Bengal - 700016
- (d) Flat No. 12, Park Street, Kolkata, West Bengal - 700061

Ans.(b)

Q26. Which of the following is a demand curve?

- (a) Demand curve
- (b) Indifference curve
- (c) Production possibility curve
- (d) Engel curve

Ans.(b)

Q27. Fill in the blank: The state of _____ is a former kingdom. Naat is a form of dance of _____.

- (a) Manipur
- (b) Odisha
- (c) Assam
- (d) West Bengal

Ans.(c)

Q28. Read the following statements and choose the correct option:

Statement 1: The Ashoka Lion Capital is located at the top of the stupa in Nagarkurnool.

Statement 2: The Ashoka Lion Capital is located at the top of the stupa in Nagarkurnool.

- (a) Both Statement 1 and Statement 2 are correct
- (b) Both Statement 1 and Statement 2 are incorrect
- (c) Statement 1 is correct, but Statement 2 is incorrect
- (d) Statement 1 is incorrect, but Statement 2 is correct

Ans.(c)

Q29. With reference to the constitutional remedies under the Indian Constitution, consider the following statements:

1. The right guaranteed under Article 32 itself forms a Fundamental Right.
 2. Article 226 empowers High Courts to issue writs only for the enforcement of Fundamental Rights.
 3. The jurisdiction of High Courts under Article 226 is wider than that of the Supreme Court under Article 32.
- Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 and 3 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

Ans.(a)

Q30. Which phenomenon causes geomagnetic storms on Earth?

- (a) Ocean currents
- (b) Solar flares and coronal mass ejections
- (c) Earth's rotation
- (d) Lunar eclipses

Ans.(b)

Q31. Consider the following statements regarding the South Asian Games:

1. The first edition was held in Kathmandu in 1984.
2. Sri Lanka has never hosted the Games.

- (a) Both 1 and 2 are correct
- (b) Only 1 is correct
- (c) Only 2 is correct
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2 is correct

Ans.(b)

Q32. According to the Human Development Index, which of the following is the correct order of countries, in descending order of HDI?

- (a) Military alliance
- (b) Institutional quality
- (c) Geographical location
- (d) Population size

Ans.(b)

Q33. What is the distance of the 4 × 100 metres relay race?

- (a) 200 metres
- (b) 300 metres
- (c) 400 metres
- (d) 800 metres

Ans.(c)

Q34. Which statement is correct?

- (a) Performed by a group of performers
- (b) Exclusive to the state of Kerala
- (c) Women performers only
- (d) It involves masked performers

Ans.(c)

Q35. Which Indian para-athlete won gold in men's javelin (F64 category) at the Tokyo Paralympics?

- (a) Devendra Jhajharia
- (b) Sumit Antil
- (c) Mariyappan Thangavelu
- (d) Yogesh Kathuniya

Ans.(b)

Q36. During which Five-Year Plan was the concept of the Twenty-Point Programme first introduced to accelerate poverty alleviation and economic reforms?

- (a) Fourth Plan
- (b) Fifth Plan
- (c) Sixth Plan
- (d) Seventh Plan

Ans.(b)

Q37. Consider the following statements about the Lok Sabha:

1. It can be dissolved before completion of its term.
2. Its maximum strength is fixed at 552 members.

- (a) Only 1
- (b) Only 2
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1

Ans.(c)

Q38. In Punjab

- (a) Harvest ch
- (b) Devotiona
- (c) Heroic folk
- (d) Lullaby son

Ans.(c)

Q39. Which is

- (a) Free flow o
- (b) Trade liber
- (c) Strict impo
- (d) Technolog

Ans.(c)

Q40. What was the administrative outcome of the Partitioning Act of 1773?

- (a) Complete company rule
- (b) Creation of the office of the Governor-General of Bengal
- (c) Transfer of
- (d) Introduction

Ans.(b)

Q41. During the 16th century, the Ahom kingdom ruled primarily in which region?

- (a) Bengal delta
- (b) Malabar coast
- (c) Assam valley
- (d) Bundelkhand

Ans.(c)

Q42. Read the statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R).

Assertion (A): Regional trade agreements often include safeguard measures.

Reason (R): Such measures allow temporary restrictions to protect domestic industries.

- (a) Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.
- (b) Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A.

- (c) A is true, but R is false.
(d) A is false, but R is true.

Ans.(a)

Q43. Which term-meaning pair is accurate in relation to early historic land revenue?

- (a) Uparikara – supplementary tax
(b) Bhukti – forced labour
(c) Vishaya – irrigation cess
(d) Panyadhyaksha – village headman

Ans.(a)

Q44. Fill in the blank:

The Vice-Chairman of the

- (a) Prime Minister's Council
(b) President's Council
(c) Chief Justice's Council
(d) Parliament's Council

Ans.(a)

Q45. Consider the following statements:

1. Castling can be done only after the king has moved.
2. Castling is possible only if the king has not moved earlier.
(a) Only 1 is correct.
(b) Only 2 is correct.
(c) 1 and 2 are correct.
(d) Neither 1 nor 2 is correct.

Ans.(a)

Q46. Who is the author of 'The Book of the Dead', a novel shortlisted for the Booker Prize in 2012?

- (a) Arundhati Roy
(b) Kiran Desai
(c) Jhumpa Lahiri
(d) Anita Desai

Ans.(c)

Q47. Which Indian state has the lowest percentage of households under the Jal Jeevan Mission?

- (a) Goa
(b) Telangana
(c) Haryana
(d) Gujarat

Ans.(a)

Q48. Read the statements about blood components:

1. Plasma transports nutrients and hormones.
2. Red blood cells contain haemoglobin.
3. Platelets are responsible for oxygen transport.
(a) Only 1 and 2 are correct

- (b) Only 2 and 3 are correct
 (c) Only 1 and 3 are correct
 (d) 1, 2 and 3 all are correct

Ans.(a)

Q49. The sacred Cham dances performed in monasteries of Sikkim primarily symbolize various _____ within Vajrayana Buddhism.

- (a) merchant guild leaders
 (b) royal patrons
 (c) protective deities
 (d) village elders

Ans.(c)

Q50. Assertion

Reason (R): The

- (a) Both A and R are true
 (b) Both A and R are false
 (c) A is true but R is false
 (d) A is false but R is true

Ans.(a)

Q51. Two tangents are drawn from an external point to a circle such that the angle between the radii at the point of contact is 80° . Find the angle between the tangents.

- (a) 80°
 (b) 100°
 (c) 90°
 (d) 110°

Ans.(b)

Q52. Sector A has a radius of 4 cm and a central angle of 160° . Sector B has a radius of 8 cm and a central angle of 80° . Find the ratio of the area of Sector A to Sector B.

- (a) 1:1
 (b) 2:1
 (c) 1:2
 (d) 3:4

Ans.(a)

Q53. If $\cos \theta = y$, express $\sin^2 \theta$ in terms of y .

- (a) $1 - y^2$
 (b) $y^2 - 1$
 (c) $1 + y^2$
 (d) $\sqrt{1 - y^2}$

Ans.(a)

Q54. A sum of money triples itself in 8 years at simple interest. In how many years will it become 7 times itself at the same interest rate?

- (a) 18 years

- (b) 24 years
(c) 20 years
(d) 16 years

Ans.(b)

Q55. P and Q are hired for a project for ₹1200. P starts the work alone; Q joins when 20% of the work is completed. If Q is 1.5 times as efficient as P, calculate Q's total earnings.

- (a) ₹500
(b) ₹600
(c) ₹720
(d) ₹576

Ans.(d)

Q56. If $\tan \theta =$

- (a) $\frac{1}{2}$
(b) $\frac{2-\sqrt{2}}{2}$
(c) $\frac{1}{4}$
(d) $\frac{1}{3}$

Ans.(a)

Q57. From an external point, a secant and a tangent are drawn to a circle with radius 7 cm, find the area of the circle.

- (a) $64\pi \text{ cm}^2$
(b) $225\pi \text{ cm}^2$
(c) $289\pi \text{ cm}^2$
(d) $49\pi \text{ cm}^2$

Ans.(a)

Q58. If the exterior angle of a regular polygon is 4° , how many sides does the polygon have?

- (a) 12
(b) 15
(c) 18
(d) 20

Ans.(b)

Q59. Simplify the expression: $\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}-\sqrt{3}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}+\sqrt{3}}$

- (a) $\sqrt{3}$
(b) $\sqrt{5}$
(c) $2\sqrt{3}$
(d) $2\sqrt{5}$

Ans.(a)

Q60. A large sphere of radius K is recast into m identical small spheres of radius k. The value of m is:

- (a) $\frac{K^3}{k^3}$

(b) $\frac{3K}{k}$

(c) $\frac{K^2}{k^2}$

(d) $\frac{4K^3}{k^3}$

Ans.(a)

Q61. Evaluate: $\frac{0.3^3 + 0.03^3}{0.9^3 + 0.09^3}$

(a) $\frac{1}{9}$

(b) $\frac{1}{27}$

(c) $\frac{1}{3}$

(d) $\frac{1}{81}$

Ans.(b)

Q62. When the dividend is divided by 11, the quotient is 22

(a) 12

(b) 9

(c) 11

(d) 10

Ans.(d)

Q63. If $\cos A$

(a) $\sqrt{2}\sin A$

(b) $\sin A$

(c) 0

(d) $\sqrt{2}$

Ans.(a)

Q64. A pole of height 10 m casts a shadow on the ground. A wire is stretched from the top of the pole to the tip of the shadow making a right angle with the ground. Find the length of the shadow (approximate).

(a) 10 m

(b) 18 m

(c) 16 m

(d) 14 m

Ans.(d)

Q65. If $x + \frac{1}{x} = -2$, find the value of $x^8 + \frac{1}{x^8} + 2x^5 + \frac{2}{x^5} + x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2}$.

(a) 0

(b) 2

(c) -2

(d) 4

Ans.(a)

Q66. In $\triangle PQR$, PS is the bisector of $\angle QPR$ meeting QR at S. If $PQ = PR$, then $\triangle PQS \cong \triangle PRS$ by which congruence criterion?

- (a) SSS
(b) ASA
(c) SAS
(d) RHS

Ans.(c)

Q67. Which of the following coordinates satisfies the linear equation $2x - 3y = 6$?

- (a) (3, 0)
(b) (0, -2)
(c) (6, 2)
(d) All of the above

Ans.(d)

Q68. A shopkeeper bought a product for ₹400 and sold it at a profit of 25%. If the final selling price was ₹450, what was the profit percentage?

- (a) ₹350
(b) ₹400
(c) ₹450
(d) ₹380

Ans.(b)

Q69. A total of ₹1200 was invested in three different schemes. The first scheme earned 10% interest, the second 12%, and the third 15%. If the total interest earned was ₹180, what was the amount invested in the first scheme?

- (a) ₹600
(b) ₹800
(c) ₹1200
(d) ₹400

Ans.(d)

Q70. Identify the correct statement(s) from the following: (i) $\sqrt{15} > \sqrt{8}$, (ii) $\sqrt{15} > \sqrt{10}$, (iii) $\sqrt{20} > \sqrt{19}$

- (a) i and ii
(b) ii and iii
(c) i only
(d) i, ii and iii

Ans.(d)

Q71. If $(a + b) : (a - b) = 7 : 3$, find $(a^2 + b^2) : (a^2 - b^2) = ?$

- (a) 29:21
(b) 58:42
(c) 31:25
(d) 17:13

Ans.(a)

Q72. A solid metal cylinder has a radius of 6 cm and a height of 14 cm. A hole of radius 2 cm is bored through the center along the axis. Find the volume of the remaining metal.

- (a) 1408 cm^3
(b) 1232 cm^3

- (c) 1540 cm^3
(d) 1760 cm^3

Ans.(a)

Q73. A water reservoir is 20 m long, 15 m wide, and 4 m deep. Determine its capacity in kilolitres.

- (a) 1,000 kL
(b) 1,800 kL
(c) 1,500 kL
(d) 1,200 kL

Ans.(d)

Q74. From point X outside a circle, tangent XY and secant XAB are drawn. If $XY = 8 \text{ cm}$ and $XA = 4 \text{ cm}$, find the length of the chord AB.

- (a) 12 cm
(b) 16 cm
(c) 8 cm
(d) 10 cm

Ans.(a)

Q75. A cone of height 12 cm is cut by a plane parallel to the base at a distance of 8 cm from the vertex. Find the ratio of the areas of the two sections (top and bottom).

- (a) 1:7:19
(b) 1:8:27
(c) 8:19:37
(d) 1:26:64

Ans.(a)

Q76. Select the correct word.

- (a) Pallid
(b) Robust
(c) Radiant
(d) Vigorous

Ans.(a)

Q77. Find the number of ways in which 10 people can be seated around a circular table if two particular people are always together in analytics.

- (a) (1)
(b) (2)
(c) (3)
(d) (4)

Ans.(b)

Q78. Find the correctly spelled word meaning 'extreme frugality'.

- (a) Parsimonious
(b) Parsimonius
(c) Parsimmonious
(d) Parcimonious

Ans.(a)

Q79. Choose the correct one-word substitute for: 'A system of government where religious leaders exercise supreme authority'.

- (a) Oligarchy
- (b) Theocracy
- (c) Bureaucracy
- (d) Democracy

Ans.(b)

Q80. Change the following from active to passive: They will be implementing the revised compliance framework next quarter.

- (a) The revised compliance framework will be being implemented next quarter.
- (b) The revised compliance framework will be implemented next quarter.
- (c) The revised compliance framework will be implemented next quarter.
- (d) The revised compliance framework will be implemented next quarter.

Ans.(a)

Q81. Choose the most appropriate word to complete the sentence: The doctor prescribed a sedative rather than medical painkillers.

- (a) Antiseptic
- (b) Placebo
- (c) Sedative
- (d) Tonic

Ans.(b)

Q82. Select the most appropriate synonym of the word highlighted in the sentence: The artist painted a masterpiece.

- (a) During the exhibition, the artist displayed a masterpiece.
- (b) The museum displayed a masterpiece from the Renaissance period.
- (c) The economist displayed a masterpiece of market analysis in the report.
- (d) The interior designer arranged a beautiful tableau on the dining table.

Ans.(d)

Q83. A sentence is given with a blank space. Choose the most appropriate word to fill the blank space: The supervisor said, "Why have the reports not been submitted?"

- (a) The supervisor asked why the reports have not been submitted.
- (b) The supervisor asked why have the reports not been submitted.
- (c) The supervisor said why the reports were not submitted.
- (d) The supervisor asked why the reports have not been submitted.

Ans.(a)

Q84. Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: CORUSCATE

- (a) Glitter
- (b) Obscure
- (c) Wither
- (d) Diminish

Ans.(a)

Q85. Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word: PUSILLANIMOUS

- (a) Diffident
- (b) Intrepid
- (c) Hesitant
- (d) Timorous

Ans.(b)

Q86. A sentence is provided in direct speech. Choose the correct indirect speech. He said, "It has been two weeks since the audit commenced."

- (a) He said that it had been two weeks since the audit had commenced.
- (b) He said that it was two weeks since the audit commenced.
- (c) He said that it has been two weeks since the audit commenced.
- (d) He said that it has been two weeks since the audit commenced.

Ans.(a)

Q87. Rearrange the following sentences in a logical order.

- 1. This underscores the need for a comprehensive approach to public health.
- 2. Public health is a complex issue that requires a multi-faceted approach.
- 3. Such inequities in health outcomes are a result of social and economic factors.
- 4. Addressing these issues and promoting health equity are the primary goals of public health.

- (a) 2-3-4-1
- (b) 3-2-1-4
- (c) 1-2-3-4
- (d) 4-3-2-1

Ans.(a)

Q88. Choose the most appropriate word to fill in the blank.

- (a) With documentary evidence of the impact of the pandemic.
- (b) With exaggerated claims of the severity of the situation.
- (c) Without loss of sight of the broader context.
- (d) By indirect means, through the media.

Ans.(a)

Q89. Fill in the blank with the most appropriate word. She spoke as thoroughly as she was thoroughly convinced.

- (a) fluent
- (b) fluency
- (c) fluently
- (d) more fluent

Ans.(c)

Q90. Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence: She reverted back to her previous stance after reviewing the additional evidence.

- (a) reverted
- (b) returned back
- (c) came back
- (d) has reverted back

Ans.(a)

Q91. Choose the correct spelling of a word meaning ‘to express disapproval or disappointment’.

- (a) Reproove
- (b) Reprove
- (c) Reprovve
- (d) Repruve

Ans.(b)

Q92. Rearrange the following sentences to form a coherent paragraph:

1. These measures include planting native vegetation, conserving wetlands, and restoring degraded soils.
2. Ecosystem restoration is essential to combat the loss of biodiversity and to maintain ecological balance.
3. Human activities, such as deforestation and pollution, have accelerated the degradation of natural habitats.
4. When implemented effectively, these measures can significantly improve ecosystem services.

- (a) 2, 3, 1, 4
- (b) 3, 2, 4, 1
- (c) 1, 3, 2, 4
- (d) 4, 1, 3, 2

Ans.(a)

Q93. A sentence is given below. Choose the correct sentence that follows the same pattern. The original sentence is: "I seldom have seen her in such a state of ambiguity." The correct answer is: (b) "Seldom have I seen her in such a state of ambiguity."

- (a) "Seldom have I seen her in such a state of ambiguity," she stated.
- (b) "Seldom have I seen her in such a state of ambiguity," she stated.
- (c) "I seldom have seen her in such a state of ambiguity," she stated.
- (d) "I have seldom seen her in such a state of ambiguity," she stated.

Ans.(b)

Q94. Find the correct sequence of the following sentences to form a coherent paragraph. The correct answer is: (b) (2) (1) (3) (4). The sentences are: (1) The committee was instructed to submit additional information. (2) The committee was instructed to submit additional information. (3) The committee was instructed to submit additional information. (4) The committee was instructed to submit additional information.

- (a) (1)
- (b) (2)
- (c) (3)
- (d) (4)

Ans.(b)

Q95. According to the passage, what primarily undermines environmental safeguards? Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:

The discourse on environmental governance in contemporary India reveals a layered tension between developmental imperatives and ecological sustainability. While legislative frameworks such as environmental impact assessments and conservation statutes ostensibly safeguard natural resources, the implementation of these provisions frequently encounters bureaucratic inertia and political compromise. Economic growth, often valorized as a metric of national progress, tends to eclipse ecological considerations, particularly when infrastructural expansion promises immediate fiscal returns. Consequently, forests, wetlands, and coastal ecosystems are routinely reclassified for industrial or urban use under the rhetoric of modernization.

Yet the narrative of development versus conservation is not merely dichotomous. Grassroots movements, indigenous communities, and environmental activists have increasingly articulated alternative paradigms that reconceptualize progress as symbiotic rather than extractive. For instance, community-led forest management initiatives demonstrate

that local stewardship can align economic sustenance with biodiversity preservation. However, such models often remain marginalized within mainstream policy discourse, overshadowed by centralized decision-making mechanisms. The role of the judiciary has emerged as a critical mediating force in this landscape. Public interest litigations have compelled governmental agencies to adhere to environmental norms, occasionally halting projects that threaten fragile ecosystems. Nonetheless, judicial intervention, while corrective, is reactive rather than preventative. Sustainable governance necessitates institutional foresight—embedding ecological ethics within planning processes rather than invoking them retrospectively.

Moreover, technological advancements complicate environmental governance. While renewable energy and green infrastructure offer promising avenues, they are not devoid of trade-offs. The extraction of rare earth minerals for solar panels and batteries introduces new ecological dilemmas. Thus, sustainability must transcend tokenistic compliance and evolve into a holistic ethic that interrogates consumption patterns, corporate accountability, and citizen responsibility alike. Without such systemic recalibration, environmental governance risks devolving into a performative gesture rather than a transformative praxis.

- (a) Judicial activism
- (b) Bureaucratic inertia
- (c) Indigenous knowledge
- (d) Renewable energy

Ans.(b)

Q96. What alternative development models challenge the extractive industrial paradigm, and how do they address the tension between economic growth and environmental conservation? Discuss the role of the judiciary in enforcing environmental laws, and answer the questions based on the passage.

The discourse on sustainable development is not merely a policy exercise; it is a negotiation of competing imperatives and values. In the context of India, the tension between rapid economic growth and environmental conservation is particularly acute. The legacy of extractive industrialization, which prioritized resource exploitation over ecological balance, has left a trail of environmental degradation and social displacement. The passage highlights the role of the judiciary in addressing these issues, noting that public interest litigations have compelled governmental agencies to adhere to environmental norms. This suggests a form of judicial activism that seeks to enforce environmental laws and protect fragile ecosystems. However, the passage also points out that such interventions are often reactive rather than preventative, and that sustainable governance requires institutional foresight to embed ecological ethics within planning processes.

Moreover, the passage discusses the challenges posed by technological advancements, such as the extraction of rare earth minerals for renewable energy. While green infrastructure offers promising avenues, it is not without trade-offs, and the extraction of these minerals introduces new ecological dilemmas. The passage argues that sustainability must transcend tokenistic compliance and evolve into a holistic ethic that interrogates consumption patterns, corporate accountability, and citizen responsibility alike. Without such systemic recalibration, environmental governance risks devolving into a performative gesture rather than a transformative praxis.

What alternative development models challenge the extractive industrial paradigm, and how do they address the tension between economic growth and environmental conservation? Discuss the role of the judiciary in enforcing environmental laws, and answer the questions based on the passage.

- (a) Extractive industrialization
- (b) Centralized governance
- (c) Symbiotic development
- (d) Judicial supremacy

Ans.(c)

Q97. What limitation of judicial intervention is highlighted in the passage? Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:

The discourse on environmental governance in contemporary India reveals a layered tension between developmental imperatives and ecological sustainability. While legislative frameworks such as environmental impact assessments and conservation statutes ostensibly safeguard natural resources, the implementation of these provisions frequently encounters bureaucratic inertia and political compromise. Economic growth, often valorized as a metric of national progress, tends to eclipse ecological considerations, particularly when infrastructural expansion promises immediate fiscal returns. Consequently, forests, wetlands, and coastal ecosystems are routinely reclassified for industrial or urban use under the rhetoric of modernization.

Yet the narrative of development versus conservation is not merely dichotomous. Grassroots movements, indigenous communities, and environmental activists have increasingly articulated alternative paradigms that reconceptualize progress as symbiotic rather than extractive. For instance, community-led forest management initiatives demonstrate that local stewardship can align economic sustenance with biodiversity preservation. However, such models often remain marginalized within mainstream policy discourse, overshadowed by centralized decision-making mechanisms. The role of the judiciary in this context is complex. While some argue that judicial intervention is necessary to enforce environmental safeguards, others contend that such actions are reactive and lack the political authority to effect systemic change. Recent Supreme Court judgments have compelled governments to undertake certain conservation measures, but critics argue that these decisions are often piecemeal and fail to address the root causes of environmental degradation. Sustainable governance requires a holistic approach that integrates economic development with environmental protection, rather than treating them as competing priorities. Moreover, technological advancements in renewable energy and green infrastructure offer promising avenues for sustainable development, but their widespread adoption requires robust regulatory frameworks and public compliance. The challenge lies in balancing the need for economic growth with the imperative to preserve the natural environment and evolve institutional mechanisms to ensure responsible resource management and citizen participation.

- (a) It promotes sustainable development.
- (b) It is primarily a reactive measure.
- (c) It is reactive and lacks political authority.
- (d) It lacks constitutional authority.

Ans.(c)

Q98. What conclusion can be drawn from the passage? Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:

The discourse on environmental governance in contemporary India reveals a layered tension between developmental imperatives and ecological sustainability. While legislative frameworks such as environmental impact assessments and conservation statutes ostensibly safeguard natural resources, the implementation of these provisions frequently encounters bureaucratic inertia and political compromise. Economic growth, often valorized as a metric of national progress, tends to eclipse ecological considerations, particularly when infrastructural expansion promises immediate fiscal returns. Consequently, forests, wetlands, and coastal ecosystems are routinely reclassified for industrial or urban use under the rhetoric of modernization.

Yet the narrative of development versus conservation is not merely dichotomous. Grassroots movements, indigenous communities, and environmental activists have increasingly articulated alternative paradigms that reconceptualize progress as symbiotic rather than extractive. For instance, community-led forest management initiatives demonstrate that local stewardship can align economic sustenance with biodiversity preservation. However, such models often remain marginalized within mainstream policy discourse, overshadowed by centralized decision-making mechanisms.

The role of the judiciary has emerged as a critical mediating force in this landscape. Public interest litigations have compelled governmental agencies to adhere to environmental norms, occasionally halting projects that threaten fragile ecosystems. Nonetheless, judicial intervention, while corrective, is reactive rather than preventative. Sustainable governance necessitates institutional foresight—embedding ecological ethics within planning processes rather than invoking them retrospectively.

Moreover, technological advancements complicate environmental governance. While renewable energy and green infrastructure offer promising avenues, they are not devoid of trade-offs. The extraction of rare earth minerals for solar panels and batteries introduces new ecological dilemmas. Thus, sustainability must transcend tokenistic compliance and evolve into a holistic ethic that interrogates consumption patterns, corporate accountability, and citizen responsibility alike. Without such systemic recalibration, environmental governance risks devolving into a performative gesture rather than a transformative praxis.

(a) They are entirely sustainable

(b) They intro

(c) They elimi

(d) They requ

Ans.(b)

Q99. . What do you think is the primary challenge in achieving sustainable development based on the passage:

The discourse of sustainable development, while laudable in its intent, often falls prey to a developmental imperatives and a narrow economic frame. In the pursuit of growth, assessments and conservation of natural resources, the environment is frequently treated as a mere obstacle to progress, rather than a partner in development. This instrumental view of national progress, tends to prioritize short-term gains, particularly when they yield immediate fiscal returns. Such a perspective often overlooks the long-term health of terrestrial and coastal ecosystems. The use of land and resources under the banner of development, without adequate safeguards, can lead to irreversible damage. Yet the narrative of sustainable development, which seeks to integrate economic growth, social justice, and environmental protection, remains largely aspirational. It often fails to account for the needs and knowledge of indigenous communities, whose traditional practices have often been a source of sustainable resource management. Progress as synonymous with extraction, for instance, community-led forest management initiatives demonstrate that local stewardship can align economic sustenance with biodiversity preservation. However, such models often remain marginal within mainstream policy discourse, overshadowed by centralized decision-making mechanisms. The role of the judiciary has emerged as a critical mediating force in this landscape. Public interest litigations have compelled governmental agencies to adhere to environmental norms, occasionally halting projects that threaten fragile ecosystems. Nonetheless, judicial intervention, while corrective, is reactive rather than preventative. Sustainable governance necessitates institutional foresight—embedding ecological ethics within planning processes rather than invoking them retrospectively.

Moreover, technological advancements complicate environmental governance. While renewable energy and green infrastructure offer promising avenues, they are not devoid of trade-offs. The extraction of rare earth minerals for solar panels and batteries introduces new ecological dilemmas. Thus, sustainability must transcend tokenistic compliance and evolve into a holistic ethic that interrogates consumption patterns, corporate accountability, and citizen responsibility alike. Without such systemic recalibration, environmental governance risks devolving into a performative gesture rather than a transformative praxis.

(a) Symbolic compliance

(b) Systemic ecological recalibration

(c) Industrial acceleration

(d) Judicial dominance

Ans.(b)

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Q100. Convert the sentence provided below from its passive voice structure to an active voice structure: The final draft of the report was approved by the regulatory authority after extensive revisions.

- (a) The regulatory authority approved the final draft of the report after extensive revisions.
- (b) The regulatory authority had approved the report.
- (c) The report approved the regulatory authority after revisions.
- (d) The final draft had been approving the authority.

Ans.(a)

